# CITY OF LA FERIA, TEXAS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020



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## **REPORT**



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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of La Feria, Texas

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Feria, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of La Feria, Texas' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Feria, Texas, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

The previously issued financial statements have been restated to account for the correction of a misstatement related to a prior period. As further discussed in note 2, the City's financial statements were restated and the effect of the adjustments was a decrease to beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension system supplementary information, and other post-employment benefit supplementary information on pages 7-20 and 79-86 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of La Feria, Texas' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

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The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Cau, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2021, on our consideration of the City of La Feria, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of La Feria, Texas' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of La Feria, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Harlingen, Texas June 22, 2021

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As management of the City of La Feria, Texas (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of La Feria for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City's primary government exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$18,239,376 (net position). Of this amount, \$258,122 is unrestricted net position.
- The assets of the City's discretely presented component units exceeded its liabilities and deferred
  inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$38,970,383 (net position). Unrestricted net
  position of \$601,551 is the result of the IDC having unrestricted net position of \$642,540, and
  unrestricted net deficit of \$(40,989) in the Water and Sewer System.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,781,660, an increase of \$342,586 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance for the general fund had a deficit balance of \$2,767,522, primarily due to substantial delays in receiving grant reimbursements.
- The City's total debt (excluding component unit debt) decreased by \$1,305,973 (7.7%) during the current fiscal year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The Annual Financial Report is composed of primarily the Financial Section. The Financial Section of this Annual Financial Report consists of four parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), (2) the basic financial statements, (3) required supplementary information, and (4) other supplementary information, which is an optional section that presents additional information such as combining nonmajor fund financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, economic development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include the Waste Disposal Fund and Economic Development Corporation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate component units for which the City is financially accountable: Industrial Development Corporation and the Waterworks and Sewer System.

The government-wide financial statements begin on page 23 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and discretely presented component units.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains three major and four non-major governmental funds. Information for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

Data from the non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The City's governmental fund financial statements begin on page 26 of this report.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City maintains two proprietary funds, the Waste Disposal Fund and Economic Development Corporation, which are enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City's Waste Disposal fund accounts for its collection of waste and the pick-up of brush and the Economic Development Corporation accounts for economic development activities of the corporation. There are no internal service funds being used by the City at this time.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Waste Disposal Fund and Economic Development Corporation. The EDC is considered a blended component unit and presented as a propriety fund within the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 30 of this report.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Discretely presented component units are legally separate from the City. The component units are intended to operate on a self-supporting basis through user charges or the collection of sales tax. The units are discretely presented because the City has a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit and financial accountability over the units, and a board that is composed primarily of members other than City commissioners. The units also maintain a September 30 fiscal year end. There are two discretely presented component units, the La Feria Industrial Development Corporation and the La Feria Waterworks and Sewer System.

The discretely presented component unit's financial statements begin on page 34 of this report.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements begin on page 39 of this report.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and other post employment benefits to its employees. The City also presents a schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – Budget and Actual for the general fund.

Required supplementary information begins on page 79 of this report.

#### Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

Non-major governmental funds combining statements begin on page 87 of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$18,239,376 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

5	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	otal	Component l	Jnit Activities
	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2020	9/30/2019
Current and other assets	\$ 3,844,541 \$	3,660,937	\$ 1,676,149	\$ 1,629,998	\$ 5,520,690	\$ 5,290,935	\$ 3,136,327	\$ 3,581,838
Non current assets	2,381,914	2,721,914	39,160	-	2,421,074	2,721,914	\$ 331,102	
Capital assets	26,646,928	27,634,436	1,098,422	1,210,004	\$ 27,745,350	28,844,440	44,564,432	46,528,061
Total assets	32,873,383	34,017,287	2,813,731	2,840,002	35,687,114	36,857,289	48,031,861	50,109,899
Deferred outflows of resources	200,802	316,817	12,231	13,425	213,033	330,242	89,699	137,152
Long-term liabilities outstanding	15,630,514	16,635,584	90,019	390,921	15,720,533	17,026,505	5,208,317	5,737,142
Other liabilities	495,997	516,945	391,036	450,061	887,033	967,006	3,866,772	4,063,905
Total liabilities	16,126,511	17,152,529	481,055	840,982	16,607,566	17,993,511	9,075,089	9,801,047
Deferred inflows of resources	170,331	24,475	10,374	492	180,705	24,967	76,088	30,052
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets	15,298,846	15,117,371	873,737	611,454	16,172,583	15,728,825	38,210,004	39,597,763
Restricted	1,808,671	1,426,334	-	-	1,808,671	1,426,334	158,828	319,949
Unrestricted	(1,202,674)	613,395	1,460,796	1,400,499	258,122	2,013,894	601,551	498,240
Total net position	\$ 15,904,843	17,157,100	\$ 2,334,533	\$ 2,011,953	\$ 18,239,376	\$ 19,169,053	\$ 38,970,383	\$ 40,415,952

Eighty-nine percent of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investments in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$1,808,671 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$258,122, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The unrestricted net position for governmental activities decreased by \$(1,816,069) during the current fiscal year due to the City recognizing an allowance on certain receivables from grant agencies, which the City is negotiating for final collection. In addition, the City had an increase in deferred inflows related to their net pension and OPEB liability which caused a decrease in net position.

The discretely presented component units' net position decreased by \$(1,097,719) during the current fiscal year which can be attributed to a reduction in capital project activities and related grant receipts in the current year.

#### **Governmental Activities**

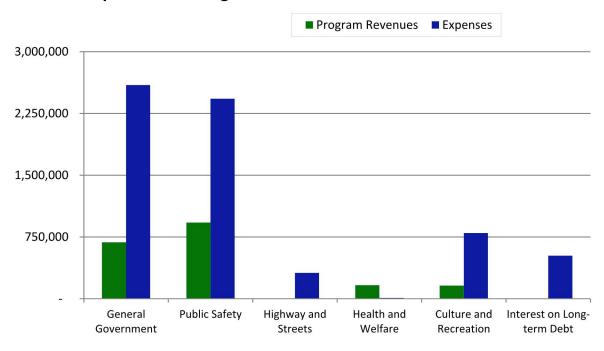
Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$(1,252,257). The key elements of this decrease is primarily attributed to the City having created an allowance in the amount of \$(569,206) for some grant receivables that were recorded in prior years but had yet to be collected by the City as of the current fiscal year.

Net investment in capital assets remained comparable overall to the prior year; restricted net position increased \$382,337 primarily due to an increase in the property tax collections for debt service and unrestricted net position decreased by \$(1,816,069) is primarily due to creation of an allowance for grant receivables and also due to an increase in deferred inflows related to the City's net pension and OPEB liability as previously stated.

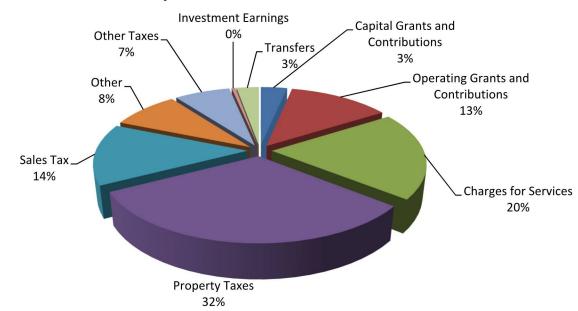
	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-ty	oe Activities	Tot	al	Component L	Init Activities
	09/30/20	09/30/19	09/30/20	09/30/19	09/30/20	09/30/19	09/30/20	09/30/19
Revenues:								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 1,064,457 \$	965,220	\$ 1,001,107	\$ 987,969	\$ 2,065,564	\$ 1,953,189	\$ 2,408,942	\$ 2,423,063
Operating grants and								
contributions	689,627	296,996	44,195	44,193	733,822	341,189	-	-
Capital grants and								
contributions	178,447	495,001	-	-	178,447	495,001	92,378	765,303
General revenues								
Property tax	1,717,263	1,683,712	-	-	1,717,263	1,683,712	-	-
Other taxes	1,125,732	1,117,775	373,815	364,296	1,499,547	1,482,071	373,815	364,296
Other	488,242	643,576	4,280	6,637	492,522	650,213	23,217	56,158
Total revenues	5,263,768	5,202,280	1,423,397	1,403,095	6,687,165	6,605,375	2,898,352	3,608,820
Expenses								
General government	2,595,170	1,857,326	-	-	2,595,170	1,857,326		-
Public safety	2,428,992	2,284,306	-	-	2,428,992	2,284,306	*	-
Highways/streets	313,659	290,624	-	-	313,659	290,624		-
Health and welfare	9,713	7,633		-	9,713	7,633		-
Culture and recreation	797,897	990,598	-	-	797,897	990,598	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	522,008	551,922	19,356	24,098	541,364	576,020	-:	-
Sanitation	=	-	748,093	698,522	748,093	698,522		-
Economic development	-	-	181,954	153,347	181,954	153,347		-
Waterworks system	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,620,201	3,024,327
IDC	-	-	-	-	-	-	375,870	396,725
Total program expenses	6,667,439	5,982,409	949,403	875,967	7,616,842	6,858,376	3,996,071	3,421,052
Increase/(decrease) in net								
assets before transfers	(1,403,671)	(780,129)	473,994	527,128	(929,677)	(253,001)	(1,097,719)	187,768
Transfers	151,414	468,368	(151,414)	(468,368)	-	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net position	(1,252,257)	(311,761)	322,580	58,760	(929,677)	(253,001)	(1,097,719)	187,768
Net position - beginning	17,157,100	17,468,861	2,011,953	1,953,193	19,169,053	19,422,054	40,068,102	40,228,184
Prior period adjustment	-	, 100,001	-	_,555,255	-	, .22,00 /	-	(347,850)
Net position - ending	\$ 15,904,843 \$	17,157,100	\$ 2,334,533	\$ 2,011,953	\$ 18,239,376	\$ 19,169,053	\$ 38,970,383	\$ 40,068,102

An overview of the City's governmental expenses and revenue are presented in the charts below.

#### **Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities**



#### **Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities**



#### **Business-Type Activities**

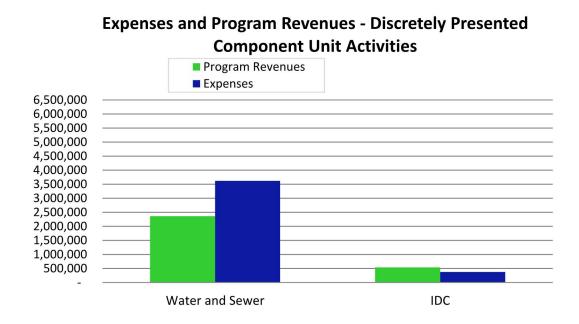
Business-type activities consist of operating expenses of \$949,403, transfers-out totaling \$151,414, and revenues of \$1,423,397 resulting in an increase in net position of \$322,580.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Component unit's activities decreased their net position by \$(1,097,719), accounting for approximately 2.74% decrease in net position. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- The Waterworks and Sewer System's net position decreased by \$(1,259,097). The key factor in this
  decrease is mainly attributed to the decrease in capital grants and contribution revenue that is
  associated with the decrease in capital activity of the Texas Water Development Board loan
  forgiveness projects.
- The La Feria Industrial Development Corporation's net position increased by \$161,378 during the current fiscal year and is attributed sales tax and lease revenues.

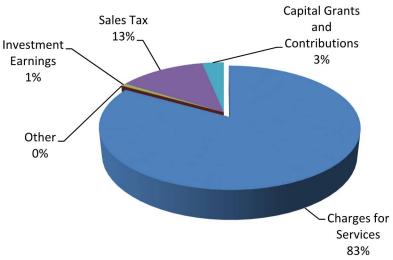
The overall total revenues and expenses for component units is relatively consistent with prior years. An overview of the component units' expenses and program revenues and revenues by source are presented in the following charts:



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#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of La Feria uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, an unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The following schedule presents a summary of general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, and capital projects fund revenues for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

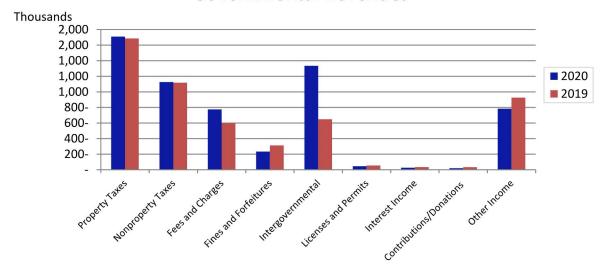
Revenues: General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds

					increase	Percent of
	2020	Percent of	2019	Percent of	(Decrease)	Increase
	Amount	2020 Total	Amount	2019 Total	Over 2019	(Decrease)
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$1,709,028	28.24%	\$1,685,474	31.16%	\$ 23,554	1.40%
Non-property taxes	1,125,732	18.60%	1,117,775	20.66%	7,957	0.71%
Fees and charges	774,609	12.80%	598,206	11.06%	176,403	29.49%
Fines and forfeitures	233,283	3.85%	312,048	5.77%	(78,765)	-25.24%
Intergovernmental	1,334,074	22.05%	648,689	11.99%	685,385	105.66%
Licenses and permits	45,565	0.75%	54,966	1.02%	(9,401)	-17.10%
Interest income	26,177	0.43%	33,878	0.63%	(7,701)	-22.73%
Contributions and donations	19,495	0.32%	33,345	0.62%	(13,850)	-41.54%
Miscellaneous income	783,539	12.95%	925,367	17.11%	(141,828)	-15.33%
	\$6,051,502	100.00%	\$5,409,748	100.00%	\$ 641,754	11.86%

Revenues from governmental funds increased by \$641,754 or 11.86% compared to the prior year. Key elements of this increase shown above are as follows:

- Intergovernmental revenues increased by \$685,385 or 105.66% compared to last year. The intergovernmental revenues consisted mostly of COVID-19 relief funds received through TDEM, a grant from the Legacy Foundation for the purchase of a new fire truck, and a new grant received from the Texas Parks and Wildlife to fund improvements to the City's parks in the amount of \$1,000,000. The City began the engineering stage of the park project during the year and recognized \$127,500 as revenue for the current fiscal year. The remaining \$872,500 is recorded as unearned revenue on the City's financials and will be recognized as the project is completed in future fiscal years.
- Revenue from property and non-property taxes increased by 1.40% and .71%, respectively; this reflects the increased in business activity in the community.
- Fees and charges increased about 29.49% compared to the prior year due to the new emergency services fee billed to residents in addition to an increase in fire calls from the City's service contract with Cameron County Emergency Services

#### **Governmental Revenues**



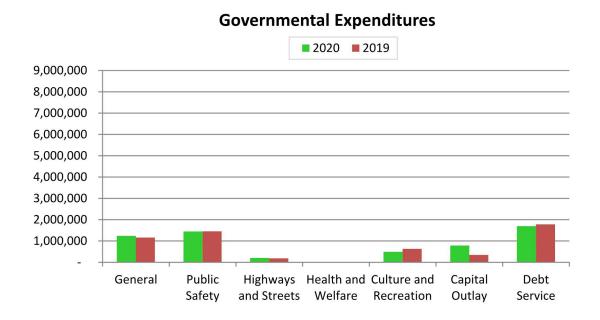
The following schedule presents a summary of general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, and capital projects fund expenditures for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

Expenses: General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds

					increase	Percent of
	2020	Percent of	2019	Percent of	(Decrease)	Increase
	Amount	2020 Total	Amount	2019 Total	Over 2019	(Decrease)
Expenditures						
General	\$ 1,237,442	21.12% \$	1,157,462	20.85%	\$ 79,980	6.91%
Public safety	1,444,670	24.65%	1,450,323	26.13%	(5,653)	-0.39%
Highways and streets	200,387	3.42%	184,695	3.33%	15,692	8.50%
Health and welfare	6,349	0.11%	4,887	0.09%	1,462	29.92%
Culture and recreation	490,976	8.38%	629,429	11.34%	(138,453)	-22.00%
Capital outlay	783,109	13.36%	345,750	6.23%	437,359	126.50%
Debt service	1,697,397	28.96%	1,778,329	32.04%	(80,932)	-4.55%
	\$ 5,860,330	100.00% \$	5,550,875	100.00%	\$ 309,455	5.57%

Governmental funds incurred expenditures of \$5,860,330, approximately 5.57% more expenditures for the City of La Feria, Texas compared to last year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Capital Outlay expenditures increased by \$437,359 due to the purchase of a new fire truck in the current year along with two new vehicles for the City's police department.
- General expenditures increased by \$79,980 due to the City having increased its match for employees' contributions to TMRS, in addition to a one-time pay raise of 2% approved by the City commission in September 2019.
- Culture and recreation decreased by \$(138,453) compared to last year due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic which caused sport league events and the City's swimming pool to close down for part of the year.



#### **Governmental Fund Balances**

The General Fund's fund balance began as a deficit of \$(2,755,960) and was increased by \$11,562 in fiscal year 2019-2020. Overall expenditures increased moderately, but these were offset by an increase in intergovernmental revenues along with an increase in the City's fees and charges. Much of the increase in expenditures was due to capital asset additions and increased expenditures in general government.

The General Fund continues to have a significant deficit balance. The General Fund and other funds expended significant amounts of cash from the Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund (the Bond Fund) in prior years in order to pay for certain capital projects and general operating costs. Most of these were grant funded amounts but have yet to be collected and are therefore not considered available, and are accounted for in the general fund as deferred inflows. This factor significantly contributes to the current deficit in the general fund.

The Debt Service Fund's fund balance increased by \$290,776 in fiscal year 2019-2020 due primarily to an increase in property values in the current year.

The Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund's fund balance remained at \$2,788,414. The fund balance primarily consists of amounts due from other funds and component units, which are to be repaid in future years to the fund.

#### **Enterprise Funds – Business-Type Activities, Enterprise.**

The City's business-type activities include the collection of waste (garbage and brush) and economic development activities via the City's Economic Development Corporation (EDC). Operating revenue from these activities was consistent with the prior year with a very slight increase of \$9,344 in the waste disposal fund and \$13,315 in the EDC during 2020.

Operating expenses in the business-type activities increased by \$49,571 or 7.10% for the waste disposal fund and \$28,607 or 18.66% for the EDC. This was primarily due to additional personnel services needed to deal with flooding that occurred in July 2020 for Hurricane Hanna.

#### Component Units Funds – Waterworks and Sewer System & Industrial Development Corp.

The City's Component Units' activities' revenues decreased by \$710,468 compared to the prior year, a 19.67% decrease. This is primarily due to capital grants and contributions decreasing by \$672,925 compared to prior year. These are Water and Sewer System capital projects for which are being funded by the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) in the form of forgivable loans and are now nearing completion. Other revenues were relatively consistent with the prior year.

Component Units' activities' expenses increased by a net amount of \$575,019, a 16.81%. This is primarily due to an increase in depreciation expense for the current year as the System placed a significant amount of assets into service in the prior year and this year was the first full fiscal year of depreciation on these assets.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The original adopted budget had projected a no net change in fund balance and no budget amendments were made throughout the year, resulting in the final amended budget being equal to the adopted budget. The final actual change in fund balance was a decrease in fund balance of \$(11,562). Expenditures did exceed budgeted appropriations, which was primarily due to capital outlay for a fire truck and two police vehicles, and the overall change in fund balance was unfavorable compared to the original budget. Revenues collected were more than budgeted.

#### Revenues

Revenues were \$816,630 more than budgeted. The primary driver for this was an increase in
intergovernmental revenues mostly from COVID-19 relief funds, a grant from the Legacy
Foundation for the purchase of a new fire truck, and a new grant received from the Texas Parks
and Wildlife to fund improvements to the City's parks. In addition, the City saw an increase in fees
and charges as a result of the newly enacted emergency services fee.

#### **Expenditures**

- Expenditures exceeded appropriations in total by \$143,074. This was due primarily to capital outlay exceeding appropriations by \$306,109 as the result of a fire truck acquired with a grant received from the Legacy Foundation and the purchase of two police vehicles.
- Other areas that exceeded appropriations are general government, which was due to salary
  increases and an increase in other administrative expenditures as a result of the COVID-19
  pandemic. Capital outlay exceeded appropriations due to the purchase of a new fire truck and two
  police vehicles. Debt service interest expenditures slightly exceeded appropriations.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2020, amounts to \$27,745,350 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, and machinery and equipment as well as construction in progress. The total decrease in the City's investments in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$1,099,090 or approximately 3.81%.

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of Fire Truck
- Purchase of two police vehicles

#### City of La Feria's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>				Business-typ	e Ac	ctivities	Total			
	9/30/2020		9/30/2019	ç	9/30/2020	30/2020 9/30/2019 9/30/202		9/30/2020	9/30/2019		
Land	\$ 1,721,963	\$	1,721,963	\$	388,558	\$	388,558	\$ 2,110,521	\$ 2,110,521		
Building and systems	22,155,353		23,252,160		477,294		499,321	22,632,647	23,751,481		
Improvements and other											
than buildings	1,024,618		1,427,841		-		-	1,024,618	1,427,841		
Machinery and equipment	1,614,194		1,232,472		232,570		322,125	1,846,764	1,554,597		
Construction in progress	130,800		-				- 130,800		- 130,800		-
	\$ 26,646,928	\$	27,634,436	\$	1,098,422	\$ :	1,210,004	\$ 27,745,350	\$ 28,844,440		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3 beginning on page 56 of this report.

#### Long-Term Debt

At year end, the City had a number of debt issues outstanding. These issues include \$13,455,000 of (limited) revenue certificates of obligation bonds, \$219,855 of tax notes, and \$2,090,000 of water and wastewater revenue bonds. The City's total long-term debt, including component unit debt, had a net decrease of \$1,834,806 during this fiscal year. The key factors in the net decrease was the timely repayment of debt maturities and increases in the net pension and OPEB liabilities. Additional information on the City's long-term debt begins in Note 4 on page 61 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The occupancy rate of the government's central business district is estimated to have remained at 93%.
- Sales tax increased by 4.7% compared to prior year's increase of 6.7%. The sales tax revenue is expected to increase by 3.0% for the next fiscal year.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2020-21 fiscal year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 115 E. Commercial Avenue, La Feria, Texas 78559.

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### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## City of La Feria, Texas Basic Financial Statements

#### **MAJOR FUNDS**

**The General Fund:** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Debt Service Fund:** The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. An ad valorem tax rate and levy is required to be computed and levied, which will be sufficient to produce the money required to pay principal and interest as it becomes due and provide the interest and sinking fund reserve.

**Capital projects fund:** The Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund accounts for the construction of various capital improvements through the use of proceeds from this issuance of certificates of obligation.

#### **BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS**

**Proprietary fund:** The Waste Disposal Fund was established to account for the activities of the City owned residential and commercial garbage collection system.

**Proprietary fund:** The Economic Development Corporation (EDC) is a nonprofit 4B corporation and was established to promote, assist, and enhance economic activities in the City of La Feria, Texas. The Corporation is a blended component unit due to its governance structure and is presented as a proprietary fund.

#### **DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS**

The Waterworks and Sewer System Fund was established to account for the City's water and sewer system respectively.

The Industrial Development Corporation (IDC) is a nonprofit 4A corporation and was established to promote, assist, and enhance economic activities in the City of La Feria, Texas.

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## City of La Feria, Texas Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2020

	P	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business - type Activities	Total	C	Component Units		
ASSETS	/\tellines	Accivities	Total		Omes		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 634,383	\$ 305,706	\$ 940,089	\$	2,607		
Investments	1,258,524	20,197	1,278,721		387,173		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible)	1,337,235	119,705	1,456,940		508,993		
Internal balances	(643,366)	643,366	-		-		
Due from component units	1,209,339	585,991	1,795,330		-		
Inventories	18,125	1,184	19,309		42,375		
Prepaid assets	22,645	-	22,645		-		
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	7,656	-	7,656		1,729,804		
Investments	2 281 014	20.160	- 2 421 074		465,375		
Notes receivable	2,381,914	39,160	2,421,074		331,102		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1 721 062	200 550	2 110 521		2 020 020		
Land	1,721,963	388,558	2,110,521		2,839,930		
Building and system	22,155,353	477,294	22,632,647		5,589,861		
Improvements other than buildings	1,024,618	-	1,024,618		-		
Machinery and equipment	1,614,194	232,570	1,846,764		1,916,916		
Infrastructure	-	-	-		33,880,111		
Easements	-	-	-		117,758		
Certificate of convenience and necessity	-	-	-		115,978		
Construction in progress	130,800	_	130,800		103,878		
Total assets	32,873,383	2,813,731	35,687,114		48,031,861		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to pensions	177,955	10,839	188,794		79,493		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	22,847	1,392	24,239		10,206		
Total deferred outflows of resources	200,802	12,231	213,033		89,699		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and other							
current liabilities	271,962	6,711	278,673		222,471		
Due to primary government	-	-	-		1,795,330		
Due to component units	18,265	163,364	181,629		-		
Unearned revenue	1,078,270	220,961	1,299,231		1,664,550		
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	-	-	-		184,421		
Noncurrent liabilities:					10 1,121		
Net pension liability	1,287,662	78,428	1,366,090		575,206		
Net OPEB liability	129,158	7,867	137,025		57,696		
Due within one year	1,286,450	-	1,286,450		604,670		
Due in more than one year, net	12,927,244	3,724	12,930,968		3,970,745		
Total liabilities	16,999,011	481,055	17,480,066		9,075,089		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability	163,681	9,969	173,650		73,117		
Deferred inflows related to total OPEB liability	6,650	405	7,055		2,971		
Total deferred inflows of resources	170,331	10,374	180,705		76,088		
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	15,298,846	873,737	16,172,583		38,210,004		
Restricted for:	23,233,540	3,3,,3,	,_,_,		,-10,001		
Debt service	1 502 560		1 502 560				
	1,583,569	-	1,583,569		150 030		
Capital projects funds	-	-	- 22E 102		158,828		
Tax increment reinvestment zone Unrestricted	225,102	1 460 706	225,102		- 601 EE1		
CHARACTERS CONTROL CON	(1,202,674)	1,460,796	258,122	ć	601,551		
Total net position	\$ 15,904,843	\$ 2,334,533	\$ 18,239,376	\$	38,970,383		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

For the year ended September 30, 2020

		j	Program Revenue	es	
		9	Operating	(	Capital
		Charges for	<b>Grants and</b>	-	ants and
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Cor	tributions
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 2,595,170	\$ 307,078	\$ 377,925	\$	-
Public safety	2,428,992	621,306	252,863		50,947
Highways and streets	313,659	-			-
Health and welfare	9,713	104,803	58,839		-
Culture and recreation	797,897	31,270	=		127,500
Interest on long term debt	522,008	=	-		
Total governmental activities	6,667,439	1,064,457	689,627		178,447
Business - type activities:					
Sanitation services	748,093	977,635	-		-
Economic Development	181,954	23,472	44,195		_
Interest expense	19,356				_
Total business-type activites	949,403	1,001,107	44,195		
Total primary government	7,616,842	2,065,564	733,822		178,447
Component Units:					
Waterworks and Sewer Systems	3,620,201	2,268,726	-		92,378
Industrial Development Corporation	375,870	140,216	=1		-
Total component units	\$ 3,996,071	\$ 2,408,942	\$ -	\$	92,378

General revenues and transfers:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Hotel motel taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on sale of asset

Other non operating revenue

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position--beginning

Restatement

Net position--ending

			Net (Expense	) Re	venue and					
_	Changes in Net Position									
			ry Governmen	t			ponent Units			
G	overnmental		siness - type			C	Component			
	Activities		Activities		Total		Units			
\$	(1,910,167)	\$	-	\$	(1,910,167)	\$	-			
	(1,503,876)		-		(1,503,876)		-			
	(313,659)		, <del>-</del>		(313,659)		-			
	153,929		-		153,929		-			
	(639,127)		-		(639,127)		-			
	(522,008)		-		(522,008)					
	(4,734,908)		_		(4,734,908)		_			
	=		229,542		229,542		-			
	-		(114,287)		(114,287)		-			
	-		(19,356)		(19,356)					
			05.000		05.000					
			95,899		95,899					
	(4,734,908)		95,899		(4,639,009)					
	-		-		-		(1,259,097)			
	-		-				(235,654)			
	-		-				(1,494,751)			
	472 400				472.400					
	473,108		-		473,108		-			
	1,244,155		- 272 01E		1,244,155		- 272 01E			
	747,631 362,320		373,815		1,121,446 362,320		373,815			
	15,781		-		15,781		_			
	26,177		4,280		30,457		17,740			
	20,177		<del>-</del> ,200		50,457		21			
	462,065				462,065		5,456			
	151,414		(151,414)		-02,003		<i>3,</i> 430			
	3,482,651		226,681		3,709,332		397,032			
-					(929,677)					
	(1,252,257)		322,580				(1,097,719)			
	17,157,100		2,011,953		19,169,053		40,415,952			
	5 15,904,843	ć	2 224 522	\$	18,239,376	\$	(347,850) 38,970,383			
===	15,504,843	\$	2,334,533	<b>ب</b>	10,239,376	<u>ې</u>	30,370,383			

# City of La Feria, Texas Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

September 30, 2020

September 30, 2020		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds
ASSETS							4
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	497,661	\$ 4,176	\$ -	\$	132,546	\$ 634,383
Investments		118,054	1,140,470	-		-	1,258,524
Receivables, (net of allowance for uncollectibles)							
Property taxes		66,499	109,603	-		-	176,102
Nonproperty taxes		63,225	-	-		-	63,225
Service		187,924	-	-		-	187,924
Intergovernmental receivable Other		791,732 -	-	-		- 118,252	791,732 118,252
Due from other funds		143,069	407,929	2,485,252		107,258	3,143,508
Due from component units		907,464	-	301,875		-	1,209,339
Inventories		18,125	-	-		-	18,125
Prepaid items		22,645	-	-			22,645
Restricted assets							
Cash and cash equivalents		6,369	-	1,287		1-	7,656
Total assets	\$	2,822,767	\$ 1,662,178	\$ 2,788,414	\$	358,056	\$ 7,631,415
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	128,015	\$ -	\$ -	\$	31,286	\$ 159,301
Accrued liabilities	*	52,317	· -	· -	*	-	52,317
Unearned revenue		1,078,270	_	_		-	1,078,270
Due to other funds		3,708,006	_	_		78,868	3,786,874
Due to component units		-	18,265				18,265
Total liabilities		4,966,608	18,265	2		110,154	5,095,027
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenues							
Property taxes		62,298	99,266	-		-	161,564
Grants		495,764	-	-		:-	495,764
Other		65,619	-	-		31,781	97,400
Total deferred inflows of resources		623,681	99,266	.=		31,781	754,728
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable fund balances:		40 :					
Inventories		18,125	-	-		-	18,125
Prepaid items		22,645	-	-		-	22,645
Restricted fund balances: Retirement of long-term debt			1,544,647				1,544,647
Tax increment reinvestment zone			1,544,04/	-		193,321	193,321
Capital projects		_	_	2,788,414		193,321	2,788,414
Assigned		-	_	2,766,414		24,300	24,300
Unassigned		(2,808,292)	_	_		(1,500)	(2,809,792
Total fund balance (deficit)		(2,767,522)	1,544,647	2,788,414		216,121	1,781,660
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources and fund balance	\$	2,822,767	\$ 1,662,178	\$ 2,788,414	\$	358,056	\$ 7,631,415

## Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2020	
Fund balance total governmental funds	\$ 1,781,660
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation.	26,646,928
Certain receivables will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expeditures and are therefore not reported in the funds:  Unavailable revenue - property taxes  Unavailable revenue - grants  Unavailable revenue - other	161,564 495,764 97,400
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities consist of:  Bonds payable Note and capital lease payable Compensated absences  Liabilities for accrued interest on long-term debt are not due in the current period and	(13,674,855) (461,640) (77,199)
therefore are not reported in the funds.	(60,344)
Certain long-term notes receivable due from the component units are not due and receivable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Including the notes receivable in the statement of net position increases net position.  Recognition of the City's net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of	2,381,914
\$(1,287,662), deferred resource inflows related to pensions in the amount of \$(163,681), and deferred resource outflows related to pensions in the amount of \$177,955, result in a decrease in net position.	(1,273,388)
Recognition of the City's net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$(129,158), deferred resource inflows related to OPEB in the amount of \$(6,650), and deferred resource outflows related to pensions in the amount of \$22,847, result in a decrease in net position.	(112,961)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 15,904,843

City of La Feria, Texas

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances –Governmental Funds

For the year ended September 30, 2020

		General	Debt Service	(	rtificates of Obligation eries 2015	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmenta	
		Fund	Fund		Fund			Funds	
Revenues							1 41145	1 41145	
Taxes:									
Property	\$	411,724	\$ 1,236,453	\$	=	\$	60,851	\$ 1,709,028	
Sales		747,631	-	•	_	•	-	747,631	
Franchise		362,320	-		-		-	362,320	
Other		3,594	=		=	12,187		15,781	
Licenses and permits		45,565	-		=			45,565	
Intergovernmental		1,334,074	-		-	=		1,334,074	
Fees and charges		755,339	-		-		19,270	774,609	
Fines		233,283	-		-	-		233,283	
Interest income		9,913	16,264		-		-	26,177	
Contributions and donations		18,910	-		-		585	19,495	
Other		248,728	534,866		_		(55)	783,539	
Total revenues		4,171,081	1,787,583		=		92,838	6,051,502	
Expenditures Current									
General government		1,213,698	23,744		_		_	1,237,442	
Public safety		1,444,670	=		=	-		1,444,670	
Highways and streets		200,387	-		-	-		200,387	
Health and welfare		6,349	-		-	-		6,349	
Culture and recreation		461,510	_		_	29,466		490,976	
Debt service									
Principal retirement		101,685	1,067,285		-		-	1,168,970	
Interest and fiscal agent fees		24,735	503,692		-	_		528,427	
Capital outlay		783,109	-		-	-		783,109	
Total expenditures		4,236,143	1,594,721		-		29,466	5,860,330	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(65,062)	192,862		-		63,372	191,172	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		53,500	97,914		_		_	151,414	
Total other financing sources (uses)		53,500	97,914		-		-	151,414	
Net change in fund balances		(11,562)	290,776		-		63,372	342,586	
Fund balances, beginning	(	2,755,960)	1,253,871		2,788,414		152,749	1,439,074	
Fund balances, ending		2,767,522)	\$ 1,544,647	\$	2,788,414	\$	216,121	\$ 1,781,660	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

September 30, 2020	, R
Net change in fund balances total governmental funds	\$ 342,586
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and depreciation is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay, of \$783,109, was exceeded by depreciation expense of (\$1,770,617).	(987,508)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds but are accounted for as revenue in the statement of activities. Other revenues which were accounted for as revenue in prior years on the statement of activities but for which resources were not available until the current year are revenues in the funds but not in the statement of activities.  Unavailable revenues - property taxes  Unavailable revenues - grants and other	8,235 (1,025,188)
Compensated absences in the statement of activities did not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not expenditures in governmental funds. The compensated absences increased in the current year.	(12,038)
GASB 68 requires that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/19 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$165,374. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$(115,101). The City's reported TMRS net pension expense had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$(445,646). The result of these changes is to decrease the change in net position by \$(395,373).	(395,373)
GASB 75 requires that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/19 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$2,482. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year exepnse. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$2,292). The City's reported TMRS OPEB expense had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense decreased the change in net position by (\$18,563). The result of these changes is to decrease the change in net position by (\$18,373)	
Repayment of non-current liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.  Bond principal  Notes payable principal	(18,373) 1,067,285 81,595
Capital lease principal  Other adjustments to report the governmental acttivities on the full accrual basis of accounting include accounting for the following:  Note receivable repayment from component unit is accounted for as proceeds in governmental funds	20,103
but is simply a decrease in the receivable in governmental activities	(340,000)
Recognition of current year accrued interest is not recorded in the governmental funds, but in the statement of activities they are recognized as inerest expense.	 6,419
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (1,252,257)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# City of La Feria, Texas Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds				
	Waste Disposal		Economic Development		
	vvu.	Fund	Corporation		Total
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	281,541			305,706
Investments		-	20,197		20,197
Receivables, net		88,043	50		88,093
Inventory		1,184			1,184
Nonproperty taxes		-	31,612		31,612
Notes receivable, current portion		177	1,917		1,917
Due from other funds		119,904	560,320		680,224
Due from component units		585,991	-		585,991
Total current assets		1,076,663	638,261		1,714,924
Noncurrent assets:					
Notes receivable		-	37,243		37,243
Capital assets					
Land		_	388,558		388,558
Buildings		-	592,648		592,648
Machinery and equipment		1,795,513	-		1,795,513
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,562,943)	(115,354)	)	(1,678,297
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		232,570	865,852		1,098,422
Total assets		1,309,233	1,541,356		2,850,589
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability		10,839	-		10,839
Deferred outflows related to total OPEB liability		1,392			1,392
Total deferred outflows of resources		12,231	-		12,231
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$	1,321,464	\$ 1,541,356	Ś	2,862,820
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	,	1,321,404	3 1,541,550	<u>,</u>	2,802,820
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	6,671	40	\$	6,711
Unearned revenues		-			10
Due to other funds		36,858	-		36,858
Due to component units		163,364			163,364
Unearned revenues		-	44,192		44,192
Current portion of long-term debt		-	-		
Total current liabilities		206,893	44,232		251,125
Noncurrent liabilities					
Unearned revenues		-	176,769		176,769
Due in more than one year		3,724	-		3,724
Net pension liability		78,428	-		78,428
Total OPEB liability		7,867	-		7,867
Total noncurrent liabilities		90,019	176,769		266,788
Total liabilities		296,912	221,001		517,913
DEFERDED INITIONIS OF RESOURCES					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0.000			0.000
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability		9,969	-		9,969
Deferred inflows related to total OPEB liability  Total deferred inflows of resources		405 10,374	-		10,374
NET POSITION					
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets		228,846	644,891		873,737
Unrestricted			The second secon		
Total net position		785,332 1,014,178	675,464 1,320,355		1,460,796 2,334,533
·		1,017,170	1,320,333		2,007,000
Total liabilites, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	1,321,464	\$ 1,541,356	ć	2,862,820
and het position	Ą	1,321,404	1,541,350	Ą	2,002,020

City of La Feria, Texas
Proprietary Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and
Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020		Enterprise				
		Enterprise Funds				
	-	runus				
	Waste	Economic				
	Disposal	Development				
	Fund	Corporation	Total			
Operating revenues	6 (0440) (0440)	Management of the second of th	gan sometime operations			
Nonproperty taxes	\$ - :	\$ 373,815	\$ 373,815			
Operating grants and contributions	_	44,195	44,195			
Charges for services	977,635	23,472	1,001,107			
Total operating revenues	977,635	441,482	1,419,117			
Operating expenses						
Personnel services	166,571	-	166,571			
Contractual services	362,417	143,903	506,320			
Materials, supplies and repairs	51,666	2,769	54,435			
Heat, light and power	33,242	-	33,242			
Depreciation	123,374	22,027	145,401			
Other	10,823	13,255	24,078			
Total operating expenses	748,093	181,954	930,047			
Operating income	229,542	259,528	489,070			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
Interest income	Ξ.	4,280	4,280			
Interest expense	(971)	(18,385)	(19,356)			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(971)	(14,105)	(15,076)			
Income before transfers	228,571	245,423	473,994			
Transfers out	-	(151,414)	(151,414)			
	-	(151,414)	(151,414)			
Change in net position	228,571	94,009	322,580			
Net positionbeginning	785,607	1,226,346	2,011,953			
Total net position, end of year	\$ 1,014,178	\$ 1,320,355	\$ 2,334,533			

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# City of La Feria, Texas Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020			Enterprise	
			Funds	
	Waste		Economic	
	Disposal	D	evelopment	
	Fund	(	Corporation	Total
Cash flows from operating activities				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 979,694	\$	393,451 \$	1,373,145
Payments to suppliers	(473,534)		(160,555)	(634,089)
Payments to employees	 (123,000)			(123,000)
Net cash provided by operations	383,160		232,896	616,056
Cash flows from (to) noncapital financing activities				
Transfers out to other funds and component units	 (39,426)		(151,414)	(190,840)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(39,426)		(151,414)	(190,840)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Principal paid on long-term debt	(27,403)		(305,993)	(333,396)
Interest paid on capital debt	(971)		(18,385)	(19,356)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(28,374)		(324,378)	(352,752)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Payments received from notes receivable	-		1,600	1,600
Interest income received	-		4,280	4,280
Purchase of capital assets	(33,819)		-	(33,819)
Sale of investments	-		240,925	240,925
Net cash used in by investing activities	(33,819)		246,805	212,986
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	281,541		3,909	285,450
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-		20,256	20,256
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 281,541	\$	24,165 \$	305,706
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided				
by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$ 229,542	Ş	259,528 \$	489,070
Adjustments to reconcile net income from operations to net				
cash from operating activities				
Depreciation expense	123,374		22,027	145,401
Non-cash operating grants	-		(44,192)	(44,192)
Effect of increases and decreases in current				
assets and liabilities Decrease (increase) in receivables	2,059		(3,836)	/1 777
, <u>,</u>			(3,630)	(1,777)
Decrease (increase) in inventory Increase (decrease) in pension related deferred inflows of resources	(1,184) 9,831			9,831
Increase (decrease) in OPEB related deferred inflows of resources	51		-	9,031
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(14,202)		(631)	(14,833)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	29,136		(031)	29,136
Increase (decrease) in total OPEB liability	3,231		_	3,231
Increase (decrease) in compensated abasences	128		_	128
Decrease (increase) in pension related deferred outflows of resources	2,247		-	2,247
Decrease (increase) in OPEB related deferred outflows of resources	(1,053)		-	(1,053)
Total adjustments	153,618		(26,632)	126,986
Net cash provided by operations	\$ 383,160	\$	232,896 \$	616,056
			H \$00000 K \$	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of La Feria, Texas

Discretely Presented Component Units

Combining Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2020

	Waterworks and Sewer System	La Feria Industrial Development Corporation	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 475	\$ 2,132	\$ 2,607
Investments	=	387,173	387,173
Receivables			
Service	205,824	-	205,824
Other	87,880	2,048	89,928
Intergovernmental	181,629	31,612	213,241
Current portion of note receivable	-	89,544	89,544
Inventories	42,375	-	42,375
Restricted assets:	,		,
Cash and cash equivalents	1,658,896	70,908	1,729,804
Investments	465,375	-	465,375
Total current assets	2,642,454	583,417	3,225,871
NOTES RECEIVABLE	-	241,558	241,558
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Depreciable			
Buildings	4,518,231	1,404,943	5,923,174
Water distribution system	25,027,243	-, ,	25,027,243
Sewer distribution system	21,744,564	_	21,744,564
Furniture, fixure and equipment	3,618,715	24,184	3,642,899
Vehicles	462,316	24,104	462,316
verticles	55,371,069	1,429,127	56,800,196
Less accumulated depreciation	(15,055,812)	(357,496)	(15,413,308)
Less decumulated depreciation	40,315,257	1,071,631	41,386,888
Non depreciable	10,013,237	1,0,1,001	. 1,000,000
Land	357,079	2,482,851	2,839,930
Easements	117,758	-	117,758
Certificate of Convenience and Necessity	115,978	-	115,978
Construction in Progress	103,878	_	103,878
	694,693	2,482,851	3,177,544
Total capital assets (net of			
accumulated depreciation)	41,009,950	3,554,482	44,564,432
Total assets	43,652,404	4,379,457	48,031,861
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability	10,206	-	10,206
Deferred outflows related to net OPEB liability	79,493		79,493
Total deferred outflows of resources	89,699	-	89,699
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 43,742,103	\$ 4,379,457	\$ 48,121,560

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of La Feria, Texas

Discretely Presented Component Units

Combining Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2020

		and Sewer De		La Feria Industrial Development Corporation		Totals
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	197,039	\$	17,953	\$	214,992
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		7,479		-		7,479
Unearned revenues		1,658,896		5,654		1,664,550
Due to primary government		1,749,746		45,584		1,795,330
Current portion of long term debt		570,000		34,670		604,670
Total current liabilities		4,183,160		103,861		4,287,021
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets						
Meter deposits	184,421			-		184,421
Total current liabilities payable						
from restricted assets		184,421		=		184,421
Noncurrent liabilities						
Net pension liability		575,206				575,206
Total OPEB liability		57,696		\ <del>-</del>		57,696
Compensated absences		16,317		-		16,317
Notes payable, net of current portion		2,026,973		52,455		2,079,428
Revenue bonds payable		1,875,000		-		1,875,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,551,192		52,455		4,603,647
Total liabilities		8,918,773		156,316		9,075,089
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability		73,117	-			73,117
Deferred inflows related to total OPEB liability		2,971	-		2,97	
Total deferred inflows of resources		76,088		-		76,088
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		34,788,231		3,421,773		38,210,004
Restricted for capital projects		-		158,828		158,828
Unrestricted		(40,989)		642,540		601,551
Total net position		34,747,242		4,223,141		38,970,383
TOTAL HADILITIES DEFENDED INFLOWS OF DESCRIPCES						
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	43,742,103	\$	4,379,457	\$	48,121,560

 $\label{thm:continuous} \textit{The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.}$ 

# City of La Feria, Texas Discretely Presented Component Units Combining Statement of Activities

For the	year	ended	Septem	ber	30,	2020
---------	------	-------	--------	-----	-----	------

					Program revenues					
	Charges for Grants and							ital Grants and atributions		
Component units										
Waterworks and Sewer System Industrial Development Corporation	\$	3,620,201 375,870	\$	2,268,726 140,216	\$	-	\$	92,378 -		
Total component units	\$	3,996,071	\$	2,408,942	\$	-	\$	92,378		

General revenues:

Taxes

Sales taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on disposal of asset

Other non operating revenue (expense)

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position--beginning

Restatement

Net Position at beginning of year, as adjusted

Net position--ending

	Component units								
Net	Net (Expense) revenue change in Net Position								
	La Feria								
	Waterworks Industrial								
	and Sewer		Development						
	System		Corporation		Totals				
	(4.250.007)	,			(4.350.007)				
\$	(1,259,097)	\$	(225.654)	\$ (1,25					
	- (1.050.005)		(235,654)		(235,654)				
	(1,259,097)		(235,654)		(1,494,751)				
	-		373,815		373,815				
	-		17,740		17,740				
	-		21		21				
	-		5,456		5,456				
	-		397,032		397,032				
	(1,259,097)		161,378	161,378 (1,097,					
	36,006,339		4,409,613		40,415,952				
	-		(347,850)		(347,850)				
	36,006,339		4,061,763		40,068,102				
\$	34,747,242	\$	4,223,141	\$	38,970,383				

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# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

# Reporting Entity

The City of La Feria, Texas (the "City") was incorporated on March 22, 1915, under the provisions of the laws for the State of Texas. The home rule charter was adopted on November 7, 1989 and amended on May 12, 2007. The City operates under a City Commission - Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. Other services include utilities (water and wastewater). The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City's Economic Development Corporation is a blended component unit. The La Feria Economic Development Corporation (the "Corporation") is a Section 4B non-profit industrial development corporation governed by a seven-member board appointed by the City. The Corporation is funded through a sales tax levy of one half of one percent. The purpose of the Corporation is to promote economic development within the City. The City has a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit and financial accountability over the Corporation. The Corporation also maintains a September 30 fiscal year end.

**Discretely presented component units** - Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. Discretely presented component units include the following:

The City of La Feria Waterworks and Sewer System (the "System") is governed by a five-member board appointed by the City. The System is intended to operate on a self-supporting basis through user water and sewer charges. The City appoints the Board, has imposition of will, and financial accountability over the System. The System also maintains a September 30 fiscal year end.

The La Feria Industrial Development Corporation (the "Corporation") is a Section 4A non-profit industrial development corporation governed by a five-member board appointed by the City. The Corporation is funded through a sales tax levy of one half of one percent. The purpose of the Corporation is to promote industrial development within the City. The City appoints the Board, has imposition of will, and financial accountability over the Corporation. The Corporation also maintains a September 30 fiscal year end.

# **NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained directly from their administrative offices as indicated.

Waterworks and Sewer System 115 East Commercial Avenue La Feria, Texas 78559 La Feria Industrial Development Corporation 115 East Commercial Avenue La Feria, Texas 78559

La Feria Economic Development Corporation 115 East Commercial Avenue La Feria, Texas 78559

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities. Business-type activities rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The City and its component units did not have fiduciary funds for this fiscal year. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and *the modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers property tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (normally within 90 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The proprietary funds and discretely presented component units are reported using the *economic* resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

### Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

As discussed earlier, the City has two discretely presented component units. These component units are shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's wastewater and sanitation services functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and proprietary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. An ad valorem tax rate and levy is required to be computed and levied, which will be sufficient to produce the money required to pay principal and interest as it becomes due and provide the interest and sinking fund reserve.

The Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund, a Capital Projects Fund, accounts for various capital improvements with the use of proceeds from the issuance of Certificates of Obligation Series 2015.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Waterworks and Sewer System and of the waste disposal fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Waterworks and Sewer System also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Principal operating revenues of the EDC and IDC include lease and rental fees. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

# **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds (with the exception of capital projects funds, which adopt project based budgets) and lapse at fiscal year-end.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. City Management establishes the amount of estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation for the succeeding budget year.
- b. City Management submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- c. Public hearings are conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- d. Prior to October 1, the budget is adopted by the City Commission.

- e. Revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Commission. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which the governing body must approve any over expenditure of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts) is at the fund level, with the City manager being authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between functional categories within a fund (ex: general government, public safety, highways and streets, and culture and recreation) without prior City Commission approval. The final annual amended appropriated budgets are used in this report.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund.
- g. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds were adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.
- h. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

# Excess of expenditures over appropriations

At September 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded appropriations in four departments in the General Fund. These amounts were attributed to underestimation of actual expenditures and unforeseen cost in the overtime, supplies and purchase of two police vehicles and a fire truck. The departments and the excess expenditures over appropriations are as follows:

General Government	\$ 53,320
Highways and streets	15,537
Interest	5,076
Capital Outlay	195,109

#### **Fund Balances Policies**

Fund balance of the governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable: Resources that are 1) not in spendable form, such as inventories, prepaids, long-term receivables, or non-financial assets held for resale, or 2) required to be maintained intact such as an endowment.
- **Restricted**: Resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions; these restrictions would be either 1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: Resources that are constrained to specific purposes by a formal action of the City Commission such as an ordinance or resolution. The constraint remains binding unless removed in the same formal manner by the City Commission. City Commission action to commit fund balance must occur within the fiscal reporting period while the amount committed may be determined subsequently.

- **Assigned**: Resources that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed.
- **Unassigned**: Within the General Fund, the residual resources, either positive or negative, in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the other four fund balance categories. Within all other governmental funds, the negative residual resources in excess of what can be properly classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

Committed fund balance is established, modified and/or rescinded by the City Commission in the form of a resolution. City Commission action to commit fund balance must occur within the fiscal reporting period while the amount committed may be determined subsequently.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) fund balances are available, the City's policy is to first apply restricted fund balance. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City's policy is to first apply committed fund balance, then assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

This policy delegates to the City Manager the authority to assign unrestricted fund balance amounts where the City's intent is for those amounts to be used for specific purposes. This delegation of authority is for the sole purpose of reporting these amounts in the annual financial statements.

As of and during the year ended September 30, 2020, the City had assigned fund balance which was for the Promotion of La Feria Fund.

# Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

### a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include all demand deposits and short-term investments (inclusive of restricted assets) with maturity dates within ninety days of the date initially acquired.

# b. Deposits, Investments and Investment Policies

# **Investment Accounting Policy**

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the City were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments, which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, the state of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The City policy authorizes all the State allowable investments.

The City's management believes that it has complied in all material respects with the requirements of the act and the City's investment policies.

# **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterpart (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Public Funds Investment Act, the City's investment policy, and Government Code Chapter 2257 "Collateral for Public Funds" contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments.

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

### Cash Deposits and Investments

Investments for the City are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices) except for the position in the Texas CLASS external investment pool, which meets all of the specified criteria in Section I50: *Investments* to qualify to elect to measure their investments at amortized cost. Accordingly, the fair value of the City's position in the pool is equal to the value of the pooled shares.

At September 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the City and its component unit's cash deposits, (cash, certificates of deposit and interest-bearing savings accounts) was \$2,680,156. The City's cash deposits during the year ended September 30, 2020 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held in the City's name by a bank other than the pledging bank. In addition, the City and its component units held \$2,131,269 in investments in Texas CLASS external investment pools.

Restricted cash in the amount of \$1,287 represents bond proceeds from the City's Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund. The proceeds of the Certificates are restricted for constructing various capital improvements in and around the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units Cash Deposits

The component units' unrestricted cash totaled \$2,607 at September 30, 2020.

Restricted cash for qualified business loans under the Revolving Loan and Intermediary Lending Programs totaled \$70,908. Restricted amounts for meter deposits and debt service reserve funds were \$465,375 and were held in investments in Texas CLASS external investment pools.

Restricted cash in the amount of \$1,658,896 represents loan forgiveness funds held in escrow which were provided by the Texas Water Development Board through the Disadvantaged Community Programs. The escrow accounts are on deposit at Bank of Texas and are not considered as a banking deposit for the City under the terms of the escrow agreements and loan forgiveness grants. The funds are restricted for approved system improvements and are disbursed to the City with the approval from the TWDB as funds are earned.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of \*combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

# a. Name of Bank: Texas National Bank.

**b.** Amount of bond and/or market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest \*combined balance on deposit were \$3,097,120 and occurred during the month of November 2019. The combined deposit balances on that day were \$2,125,232.

The City's cash deposits were properly secured at all times by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held in the City's name by a bank other than the pledging bank in accordance with Texas Law, except for the months of December 2019 and January 2020. The collateral deficit in December 2019 and January 2020 was \$177,426 and \$183,298, respectively.

\*Combined balances include all of the City of La Feria and component unit cash accounts on deposit at Compass Bank.

# Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City's investment policy is silent as to maximum investment maturities allowed.

### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of September 30, 2020, the investments in the Texas CLASS external investment pool was rated AAAm by Moody's Investor Service and Standards and Poor's.

# Concentration of Credit Risk

The Investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the Public Funds Investment Act. The City's portfolio only consisted of amounts in the public funds investment pools, discussed below.

# **Public Funds Investment Pools**

Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust ("Texas CLASS"), is an investment pool (local government investment pool) for its participants pursuant to Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code. Texas CLASS reports its financial statements in accordance with Financial Accounting Standard Boards (FASB) and follows ASC 820 "Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements" in reporting its investments. For pricing and redeeming shares, Texas CLASS maintains a stable net asset value (NAV) of \$1 per share using the fair value method.

For financial reporting purposes the City's governmental activities reported amounts for investment pools of \$1,278,721 as investments on the statement of net position. Discretely presented component units reported \$852,548, of which \$465,375 is restricted, as investments on the Statement of Net Position as of September 30, 2020. There were no unfunded commitments as of September 30, 2020, and amounts reported in the investment pool had a daily redemption frequency and do not require prior notice for redemption.

### c. Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied as of October 1, on property values assessed as of January 1 of the same year. The tax levy are billed and considered past due February 1, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

Unbilled receivables – An amount for unbilled revenue is recorded in the Wastewater System and Waste Disposal funds for services rendered, but not yet billed as of the end of the fiscal year. The receivable is derived from the cycle billings generated subsequent to fiscal year end and prorated for usage in September.

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenue recorded on the governmental fund balance sheet represents amounts received before eligibility requirements are met.

# d. Interfund Activities and Transactions

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" within the fund financial statements. Long-term borrowings between funds are classified as "advances to other funds" or "advances from other funds" in the fund financial statements. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any residual balance outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities at the end of the fiscal year, which are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Interfund transactions are reflected as services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Services provided, deemed to be at or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when a fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or business-type funds are funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

# e. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) basis. The costs of governmental fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

### f. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the City are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. Special restricted asset accounts have been established to account for the sources and uses of these limited use assets as follows:

Customer deposit accounts – Deposited in non-interest bearing accounts and refunded upon termination of service with the City and satisfaction of all obligations due.

Bond and capital activities – Includes certain proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for the repayment of bonds or future capital activities.

# g. Capital Assets

The capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Within the proprietary funds, interest cost, less interest earned on investments acquired with proceeds of related borrowing, is capitalized during the construction of capital projects when material. No interest was capitalized by the City during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Building and system	25 to 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	3 to 10 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10 years
Infrastructure	5 to 25 years

# h. Compensated Absences

The vacation allowance for eligible employees is based upon length of service according to the following schedule:

Length of Service	Vacation Allowed
After 1 year	5 days
After 2 years	10 days
After 5 years	12 days
After 10 years	15 days
After 20 years	20 days

Sick leave accumulates at the rate of 5 days per year and may not be accumulated from year to year. In addition, upon termination from the City, employees will not be entitled to be paid for any unused sick leave, therefore, a liability for these amounts is not recorded

Vacation time may not be accrued for more than that allowed in a one-year period. Compensatory time (i.e., overtime for work performed beyond normal working hours) must be used within 30 workdays of being accrued. As a result, although unused vacation and compensatory time is payable to the employee upon termination, the accumulated amount at September 30, 2020 was recognized as accrued when earned during the one-year period in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Last year's liability was recognized for \$86,338, this year's liability due within a year is \$97,232 including the portions allocated to the component units. This amount is included under non-current liabilities, due within one year.

# i. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statement, and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as insurance costs on issuance, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed during the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

# j. Categories and Classification of Fund Equity

Net position flow assumption — Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted — net position and unrestricted — net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted — net position to have been depleted before unrestricted — net position is applied.

Fund balance flow assumptions – Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, specifies the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing council (council) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

*Unassigned fund balance* – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

**Deficit Fund Equity** 

A deficit balance in the general fund balance occurred in the amount of \$2,767,522 for the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is currently formulating a long-term plan to address the deficit and improve the City's financial condition.

# k. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program revenues – Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property taxes – Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied as of January 1st. Property taxes are levied as of October 1. The county appraisal district certifies the tax roll by July 25<sup>th</sup>. This tax roll is used by the City to adopt a tax rate by September 1<sup>st</sup> or soon thereafter. The tax bills are mailed on October 1 or soon thereafter and are due and payable upon receipt. The billings become delinquent as of February 1 of the following calendar year and penalties and interest may be assessed by the City.

Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses — Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Waterworks and Sewer System recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### k. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# I. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditure of monies are recorded as reservations of budget, is employed as an extension of the statutory required budgetary process. At year-end, outstanding encumbrances represent material purchase commitments for goods and services which were ordered, budgeted, and appropriated, but had not been received or completed at date. Although encumbrances lapse at year-end, it is the intention to substantially honor these encumbrances under authority provided in the subsequent year's budget. There were no significant encumbrances at year-end.

#### m. Net Position

The City's Net Position is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets: consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position: consists of net position that is subject to a legally enforceable restriction on their use.

Unrestricted: consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

# n. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred outflows related to pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are reported for changes in actuarial assumptions, differences in projected and actual investment performance, and for contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from five sources: property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, special assessments, noncurrent receivables and other. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows related to pensions are recorded for differences between actual and expected economic experience.

# o. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense, City specific information about its Fiduciary Net Position in the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from the City's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS.

For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the City's Total Pension Liability is obtained from TMRS through a report prepared for the City by TMRS consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

# p. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) Supplemental Death Benefit has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting.

This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from the applicable OPEB's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Information regarding the City's total OPEB liability related to the TMRS Supplemental Death Benefit is obtained from TMRS through a report prepared by TMRS consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

# q. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be used, June 22, 2021 and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

# r. Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2020, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. The primary objective of this statement was to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Statement extended the effective dates of certain accounting and financial reporting provisions in statements that were first effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued statements that will become effective in future years. These statements are as follows:

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement seeks to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB 84 will be effective for the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

# r. Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The requirements should be applied retroactively, except for the provisions related to (1) reporting a majority equity interest in a component unit and (2) reporting a component unit if the government acquires a 100 percent equity interest. Those provisions should be applied on a prospective basis.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. The primary objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

The City is evaluating the requirements of the above statements and the impact on reporting.

#### **NOTE 2: PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT**

During the year ended September 30, 2020, in the process of reconciling lease income for the La Feria Industrial Development Corporation, the City identified a lease held by the LFIDC that was incorrectly recorded as an operating lease in the prior year rather than a financing lease. This resulted in a restatement to decrease beginning net position as of October 1, 2019 for the LFIDC component unit in the amount of \$347,850.

### **NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

# A. Receivables

# 1. Property Tax Receivable

Taxes are levied each October 1st and become delinquent on February 1st of the following year. Liens for unpaid taxes go into effect on July 1st of the year the taxes become delinquent. The City may not have a tax rate higher than \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Statutes require that all assessments be made on 100% of fair value.

			Debt	
	(	General	Service	
		Fund	Fund	Total
Gross property taxes receivable	\$	94,901	\$ 184,077	\$ 278,978
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		(28,402)	(74,474)	(102,876)
Net property taxes receivable	\$	66,499	\$ 109,603	\$ 176,102

# 2. Service Receivables

Service receivables consist of uncollected amounts billed to customers for water, sewer and other services. At September 30, 2020, the City reflected service receivables of the following:

Primary Government	
Waste disposal services	\$ 88,043
General fund service receivables	187,924
Total	\$ 275,967
Component Units Activities	
Water services	\$ 122,410
Sewer services	 83,414
Total	\$ 205,824

### 3. Governmental Activities

Receivables for governmental activities at September 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

		Debt Service	Nonmajor	
	General Fund		Funds	Total
Receivables				
Property taxes	\$ 94,901	\$ 184,077	7 \$ -	\$ 278,978
Other taxes	63,225			63,225
Accounts	187,924			187,924
Intergovernmental	1,360,938			1,360,938
Other	=		- 118,252	118,252
Less allowance for uncollectibles	(597,608)	(74,474		(672,082)
				_
Net total receivables	\$ 1,109,380	\$ 109,603	\$ \$ 118,252	\$ 1,337,235

# 4. Component Units

In an effort to stimulate economic growth in the business community, the La Feria Industrial Development Corporation (LFIDC) offers loans to various businesses. One of these programs is the Revolving Loan Fund Program funded by USDA. The Revolving Loan Program was established to assist small businesses to access low interest loans to help with the expansion of a current business or to start a new business in the City of La Feria. The following is a summary of notes receivable payable to the IDC at September 30, 2020:

Revolving loan program	
Aaron's Brakes	\$ 43,325
Valley Liftman	38,265
STCHD Bearfield	35,421
Sale of Depot Subdivision	23,948
RLF #1 to STEM	61,194
Other receivables	
Noble Texas Builders	128,949
Total	\$ 331,102

### **B.** Restricted Assets

Governmental Funds		
Cash – seized by police department for future capital improvements	\$	6,369
Certificate of Obligation Series 2015 Fund		1,287
Total	<u> </u>	7.656

# **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Discretely Presented Component Units - Enterprise Funds									
LFIDC Revolving Loan Fund – business loans	\$	70,908							
Debt Service Reserve		283,585							
Meter deposits		181,790							
Texas Water Development Board-grant/loan forgiveness escrow		1,658,896							
Total	\$	2,195,179							

# C. Net Position

Net position is composed of three categories: Net investment in Capital Assets, Restricted and Unrestricted.

	Governmental Activities	isiness-type Activities	Component Units
Net investment in capital assets consists of the following:			
Long-term assets			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 26,646,928	\$ 1,098,422	\$ 44,564,432
Less related liabilities (bonds, unearned revenues*, due to primary government and notes payable)			
	(14,136,496)	(224,685)	(6,354,428)
Restricted investments (unexpended bond proceeds)	2,788,414	-	-
Net investment in capital assets	15,298,846	873,737	38,210,004
Restricted Net Position consists of the following:			
Debt service	1,583,569	-	-
Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone	225,102	-	-
Capital projects	=	-	158,828
Unrestricted net position	(1,202,674)	1,460,796	601,551
Total net position	\$ 15,904,843	\$ 2,334,533	\$ 38,970,383

<sup>\*</sup>Not all unearned revenues are related to capital assets

# **D. Capital Assets**

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

# **Primary Government**

	_	inning Balance tober 1, 2019	Additions	D	eletions	Transfers		inding Balance tember 30, 2020
Governmental Activities							•	
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	1,721,963	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- \$	1,721,963
Construction in progress			130,800		=			130,800
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,721,963	130,800		-		-	1,852,763
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and systems		27,320,384						27,320,384
Improvements other than buildings		14,758,320						14,758,320
Machinery and equipment		5,641,912	652,309					6,294,221
Total capital assets, being depreciated		47,720,616	652,309		-		-	48,372,925
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings and systems		(4,067,794)	(1,096,807)		=		-	(5,164,601)
Improvements other than buildings		(13,330,699)	(403,223)		-		-	(13,733,922)
Machinery and equipment		(4,409,650)	(270,587)		-		-	(4,680,237)
Total accumulated depreciation		(21,808,143)	(1,770,617)		-		-	(23,578,760)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		25,912,473	(1,118,308)		-		-	24,794,165
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	27,634,436	\$ (987,508)	\$		\$	- \$	26,646,928
Business-type Activities								
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	388,558	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- \$	388,558
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		388,558	-		-		-	388,558
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings		592,648	-		~		-	592,648
Machinery and equipment		1,761,694	33,820		-		-	1,795,514
Total capital assets, being depreciated		2,354,342	33,820		-		-	2,388,162
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings		(93,327)	(22,027)		-		-	(115,354)
Machinery and equipment		(1,439,569)	(123,375)				-	(1,562,944)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,532,896)	(145,402)		3		-	(1,678,298)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		821,446	(111,582)		-		-	709,864
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	1,210,004	\$ (111,582)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,098,422

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 648,222
Public safety	756,762
Highways and streets	104,998
Health and welfare	3,364
Culture and recreation	257,271
Total depreciation expenses - governmental activities	\$ 1,770,617
Business-type activities	
Sanitation	\$ 123,375
Economic Development	22,027
Total depreciation expenses - business-type activities	\$ 145,402

# **Discretely Presented Component Units**

	_	inning Balance tober 1, 2019	Additions Deletions		ions Transfers		Ending Balance September 30, 2020	
Waterworks and Sewer System	Spiracous	**************************************		0,000				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	357,079	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 357,079
Easement		117,758	-		-		-	117,758
CCN		115,978	:=		-		-	115,978
Construction in progress		E	103,878		=		-	103,878
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		590,815	103,878		-		_	694,693
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Machinery and equipment		4,070,737	10,294				-	4,081,031
Infrastructure		51,290,038			-		-	51,290,038
Total capital assets, being depreciated		55,360,775	10,294		-		-	55,371,069
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Machinery		(1,977,187)	(186,930)		_		-	(2,164,117)
Infrastructure		(11,617,601)	(1,274,094)		-		-	(12,891,695)
Total accumulated depreciation		(13,594,788)	(1,461,024)		-		-	(15,055,812)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		41,765,987	(1,450,730)		Ξ		-	40,315,257
Waterworks and Sewer System activities capital assets, net	\$	42,356,802	\$ (1,346,852)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 41,009,950

NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

	Beginning Balance October 1, 2019 Additions Deletions				Transfers		ng Balance nber 30, 2020	
Industrial Development Corporation								
Capital assets, not being depreciated  Land	\$	2,584,794	\$ -	\$	(101,943)	\$	-	\$ 2,482,851
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		2,584,794	-		(101,943)		-	2,482,851
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and improvements Furniture, fixtures and equipment		2,232,784 24,184	36,940 -		(864,782) -		-	1,404,942 24,184
Total capital assets, being depreciated		2,256,968	36,940		(864,782)		-	1,429,126
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Furnitures, fixtures and equipment		(646,319) (24,184)	(34,506) -		347,514 -		-	(333,311) (24,184)
Total accumulated depreciation		(670,503)	(34,506)		347,514		_	(357,495)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,586,465	2,434		(517,268)		_	1,071,631
Industrial Development Corporation activities capital assets, net	\$	4,171,259	\$ 2,434	\$	(619,211)	\$	×	\$ 3,554,482

# **Construction Commitments**

At September 30, 2020, the City was a party to the following contracts:

# **Governmental Funds:**

The City was awarded a grant in the amount of \$18,400,000 from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and passed through the Texas General Land Office (GLO) under the Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Program to fund improvements to the public flood and drainage facilities and components, as well as watershed improvements. The GLO is the lead state agency for managing disaster recovery grants through HUD. Construction of the watershed improvements and other public flood components funded with GLO funds is completed but the City is waiting on final approval of the project from GLO for release of final funds.

As part of these improvements, the City worked with the La Feria Irrigation District (LFID) as some of the areas of improvement were property of the LFID. In order to finalize the project and obtain the necessary engineering certifications required by GLO to release the final funds to reimburse the City, the City has entered into an agreement with the LFID to complete these improvements. The agreement stipulates that, beginning with the fiscal year 2019-2020, the City will pay \$100,000 per year for a period of 10 years to the LFID in order to fund the improvements. These amounts will be considered expenditures when paid and do not represent asset additions of the City, although the City will benefit from the infrastructure improvements.

# NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

### **Construction Commitments**

# **Waterworks and Sewer System:**

The Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) approved a \$7,167,700 loan forgiveness loan from the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) Disadvantaged Community Program to finance water system improvements on May 4, 2011. The proposed project consists of water treatment plant and distribution improvements and upgrades to comply with the disinfection byproducts rule. Improvements to the water treatment plant include electrical motor controls and the installation of a Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system. The distribution improvements include extending water lines to provide first time service to disadvantaged areas, replacing water meters and implementing an automated meter reading and leak detection system to improve efficiency and reduce water loss. Construction on this project started in January 2014 and all projects that were started are now completed. The City is working with the TWDB to complete any remaining items in the 2020 fiscal year or after. Remaining funds available to fund these projects are \$387,051 which are in an escrow fund and reflected as restricted cash and unearned revenue in the City of La Feria Waterworks component unit.

On May 4, 2011, the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) also approved an \$8,381,340 loan forgiveness grant from the Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) Disadvantaged Community Program to finance wastewater system improvements. The proposed project includes extending first-time sanitary sewer service to several disadvantaged areas by constructing and installing approximately 31,550 feet of pipe, three lift stations and manholes and related appurtenances. Also included in the project is the purchase and installation of a SCADA system at the System's wastewater treatment plant. Construction on this project began in April 2014 and all projects which had previously been started are now complete. The City is working with the TWDB to complete any remaining items in the 2020 fiscal year. Remaining funds available to fund these projects are \$1,271,845 which are in an escrow fund and reflected as restricted cash and unearned revenue in the City of La Feria Waterworks component unit.

# E. Inter-fund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The following is a summary of the composition of inter-fund balances at September 30, 2020:

	Payable Fund									
						Non-major		Business-Type		
		General		CO Bonds	(	Governmental		Activities		
Receivable Fund		Fund	Se	ries 2015 Fund		Funds	W	aste Disposal Fund		Total
Governmental Funds										
General Fund	\$	33,675	\$	-		\$ 78,868	\$	30,526	\$	143,069
Debt Service		407,929		-		-		-		407,929
C O Bonds - Series 2015 Fund		2,485,252		-		-		-		2,485,252
Non-major Governmental Funds		100,926		-		-		6,332		107,258
Subtotal		3,027,782		-		78,868		36,858		3,143,508
Business Type Activities										
<b>Economic Development Corporation</b>		560,320		-		-		-		560,320
Waste Disposal Fund		119,904		-		-		-		119,904
Subtotal		680,224		-		-		-		680,224
Total interfund balances	\$	3,708,006	\$	_		\$ 78,868	\$	36,858	Ś	3,823,732

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. Balances due to the C.O. Bonds Series 2015 and non-major Governmental Funds are not anticipated to be repaid within one year.

# **Transfers**

Inter-fund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2020, are as follows:

Transfer out	Ī	Transfer In		
Business-type activities				
<b>Economic Development Corporation</b>	53,500	97,914	=	151,414
Subtotal	53,500	97,914	-	151,414
Total transfers	\$ 53,500 \$	97,914 \$	- \$	151,414

Transfers are used to move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies. Transfers to the debt service fund primarily represent resources which the general fund received from the La Feria Waterworks & Sewer System, EDC, and IDC, to fund the respective portion of debt service which is provided for those entities, where the debt is paid out of the debt service fund.

#### **NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT**

# 1. General Government Bank Notes and Long-Term Notes Payable

Long-term notes payable at September 30, 2020 consist of the following:

# City of La Feria

Note payable to *D.A. Werlla and A.G. Diesing* dated January 13, 2013, original principal amount of \$320,000, payable in fifty-nine monthly installments of \$2,700 (including interest) and a final payment due at maturity on January 18, 2023 in the amount of any unpaid principal and accrued unpaid interest. The note is secured by land being financed, a 24.041 acre tract of land purchased for the City's future economic development project and payable from general fund revenues. The balance at September 30, 2020 was \$177,497.

Note payable to *Government Capital Corporation - Southside Bank* dated February 7, 2014, original principal amount of \$373,474, payable in seven annual installments of \$59,316 (including interest) with the first payment due on November 15, 2014 and a final payment due at maturity on November 15, 2020. The note is payable from general fund revenues. The balance at September 30, 2020 was \$57,631.

# 2. General Government Capital lease

The government entered into a 10-year lease purchase agreement with Musco Finance, LLC on July 8, 2013, with the first payment due on July 8, 2014 for the acquisition and installation of a "green lighting project system" at one of the municipal baseball parks. The lighting equipment has a ten-year estimated useful life and is valued at \$122,000. The installation of the equipment was completed in October 2013. This year, \$12,200 was included in depreciation expense. This purchase lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The lease purchase agreement is secured by the lighting equipment being financed, and is payable from general fund revenues. A final payment of \$15,849 is due on July 8, 2023, at which time the title of the lighting equipment passes to the government and becomes property of the government. The balance at September 30, 2020 was \$43,108.

The City entered into a 10 year lease on November 14, 2018, with payments due annually beginning with the first payment due on November 1, 2019, for the acquisition of a fire truck. The fire truck has a tenyear estimated useful life and is valued at \$240,000. The fire truck was placed in service in December of 2018. This purchase lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The lease purchase agreement is secured by the fire truck being financed, and is payable from general fund revenues. Payments are due annually, with the first two payments of \$15,000 and the remaining payments for \$26,433.26. Final payment is due on November 1, 2028, at which time the title of the fire truck passes to the government and becomes property of the government. The balance at September 30, 2020 was \$183,405.

# **NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

The annual lease requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental
September 30,	Activities
2021	30,849
2022	42,282
2023	42,282
2024	26,433
2025	26,433
Thereafter	105,733
Total minimum lease payments	274,012
Less amount representing interest	(47,499)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 226,513

# **Enterprise Fund**

Note payable to *Government Capital Corporation - Citizen's* 1<sup>st</sup> Bank dated March 22, 2013, original principal amount of \$173,247, payable in seven annual installments of \$28,360 (including interest) with the first payment due on December 1, 2013 and the final payment due at maturity on December 1, 2019. The note is payable from the Waste Disposal Fund revenues. This note matured during the current fiscal year and as of September 30, 2020 it is no longer outstanding.

# La Feria Economic Development Corporation, Inc., (EDC)

The EDC entered into a long-term borrowing commitment with First Community Bank on June 15, 2015 for the purposes of buying land and building to be used for Economic Development activities. The note was issued for \$480,000 at an interest rate of 5.50%. This note matured during the current fiscal year and as of September 30, 2020 it is no longer outstanding.

### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

# La Feria Industrial Development Corporation, Inc., (IDC)

At year-end, the IDC had one long-term debt outstanding. The long-term debt was incurred for the purchase of land for industrial development. The following table shows the loan description, original value, acquisition date, and year-end principal balance.

						Current	Long-
	Original			Balance at Septen	nber 30,	Term	Term
	Loan	Rate	Loan Date	2020		Portion	Portion
First Community Bank	303,467	5.50%	January 2013		87,125	34,670	52,455
				\$	87,125	\$ 34,670	\$ 52,455

# **NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

# 3. Certificates of Obligation Bonds

Certificates of obligation bonds have only been issued for governmental activities.

- Proceeds from the Series 2004 were used to pave streets, purchase capital assets, and develop an industrial park.
- Proceeds from the Series 2011 were used for street improvements, the expansion to city hall, public works equipment, the fire department expansion, and the development of two dome/shelter facilities.
- Proceeds from the Series 2012A were used for the expansion of the library.
- Proceeds from the Series 2015 were used for a variety of capital projects throughout the City.

Certificates of obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith credit of the City. These bonds are generally issued as 7-year serial bonds with non-equal amounts of principal maturing each year.

On December 6, 2011, the City issued Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2011 at a fixed rate of 3.9% in the amount of \$5,005,000 to finance the City's match of the funding needed for capital projects and further capital street improvements throughout the City. The City of La Feria Waterworks and Sewer System (the "System") was allocated \$670,000 of this amount to complete capital projects and meet certain local match grant requirements. The System agreed to pay its portion of debt services to the City as required annually until the bonds mature in 2032.

On December 22, 2011, the City of La Feria issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 at a fixed rate of 3.4% in the amount of \$7,970,000 and a maturity date of May 15, 2028. The proceeds were used to refund the total outstanding principal balances of three prior bond series listed below which had interest rates ranging from 3.85% to 5.85%:

- The City of La Feria, Texas Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2000, (principal balance totaling \$255,000),
- City of La Feria, Texas Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2004, (principal balance totaling \$4,450,000) and
- City of La Feria, Texas Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificate of Obligation, Series 2008, (principal balance totaling \$3,060,000).

Accrued interest payments of \$115,110 and issuance costs of \$89,890 were also paid with part of the refunding bond proceeds. The refunding bonds were issued to restructure the City's debt service and associated tax rates in the coming years, and resulted in an economic net present value savings of \$399,256 (3.57%) and a gross savings of \$403,118. At September 30, 2020, the balance of the defeased debt still outstanding was \$4,560,000.

# **NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

An inter-local agreement was signed by the City of La Feria, Texas (the "City") and the City of La Feria Waterworks and Sewer System (the "System") whereby the City agreed to refund the City of La Feria, Texas Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2004. In order to take advantage of lower interest rates the City refunded the bonds in the City's name and ultimately removed the long-term debt from the books of the System. However, the System is still responsible for their portion of the debt service payments related to the 2004 refunded bonds. The inter-local agreement provides for the System to make annual payments to the City for its portion of debt service related to these refunded bonds until 2027.

The City commission passed Resolution 2011-46 on November 1, authorizing the interlocal cooperative agreement between the City and the System for the two certificate issues mentioned above.

On February 24, 2015, the City issued Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2015 at a fixed rate of 3.210% in the amount of \$6,330,000 to finance the City's various ongoing capital projects. The bonds have principal and interest payments due every year on August 15 and February 15, with full maturity on February 15, 2035.

On October 1, 2015, the City issued Texas Tax Notes, Series 2015 at a fixed rate of 2.51% in the amount of \$315,000 to finance the City's purchase of a vactor truck, which was purchased on behalf of the Water and Sewer System and transferred to the assets of the Water and Sewer System. The notes have interest payments due every year on August 15 and February 15, and principal payments due every year on August 15, with full maturity on August 15, 2022.

On April 1, 2016, the City issued Texas Tax Notes, Series 2016 at a fixed rate of 2.53% in the amount of \$303,000 to finance the City's purchase of a garbage truck. The notes have interest payments due every year on February 15 and August 15, and principal payments due every year on February 15, with full maturity on February 15, 2023.

The following schedule reflects the remaining requirements for the System's portion of the GO Refunding, Series 2011 and CO Series 2011:

	Due to Primary Government -			Due	Due to Primary Government -		
	GO Refunding Series 2011			_	CO Series 2011		
Year Ending							Total
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principa	l Interest	Total	Requirements
2021	\$ 315,000	\$ 63,410	\$ 378,410	\$ 40,00	00 \$ 22,035	\$ 62,035	\$ 440,445
2022	325,000	52,700	377,700	40,00	00 20,475	60,475	438,175
2023	340,000	41,650	381,650	40,00	00 18,915	58,915	440,565
2024	345,000	30,090	375,090	40,00	00 17,355	57,355	432,445
2025	150,000	18,360	168,360	45,00	00 15,795	60,795	229,155
2026-2030	341,973	19,890	361,863	250,00	00 51,480	301,480	663,343
2031-2035	-	=	-	110,00	0 6,435	116,435	116,435
Total	\$ 1,816,973	\$ 226,100	\$ 2,043,073	\$ 565,00	0 \$ 152,490	\$ 717,490	\$ 2,760,563

#### **NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

Certificates of obligation bonds currently outstanding as of September 30, 2020 are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Certificates of obligation bonds		
Governmental activities	3.40 - 4.00%	\$ 13,674,855

#### 4. Revenue Bonds issued by Component Units

The City also issues bonds where the City allows the Waterworks and Sewer System (System), to pledge income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. The revenue bonds are collateralized by the revenue of the water and sewer system and the various special funds established by the bond ordinances. The ordinances provide that the revenue of the System is to be used first to pay operating and maintenance expenses of the system and second to establish and maintain the revenue bond funds. Any remaining revenues may then be used for any lawful purpose. The ordinances also contain certain provisions which require the City to maintain pledged revenues, as defined in the ordinances, for each year of at least equal to the annual debt service requirements.

The System, for the purpose of financing partially the improvements and extensions to the combined waterworks and sanitary sewer system, has revenue bonds, 2004-A, and 2009 at a 4.4% average interest rate with a maturity date of September 15, 2032. The bonds are secured by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the System.

The principal balance outstanding on these bonds at September 30, 2020 was \$2,090,000. City of La Feria, Texas Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 in the amount of \$4,450,000 were retired with proceeds from the City of La Feria, Texas GO Refunding Series 2011.

Revenue bonds currently outstanding consist of the following:

				(	Current
					Term
Purpose	Interest Rates		Amount		Portion
Water/sewer infrastructure					
Waterworks & Sewer System	0.00% - 5.26%	\$	2,090,000	\$	215,000

#### **NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

#### 5. Changes in Long-Term Debt

During the year ended September 30, 2020, the following changes occurred:

Changes in long-term debt						
<u> </u>		Beginning			Ending	
		Balance			Balance	Due Within
		10/1/2019	Increase	Decrease	9/30/2020	One Year
Governmental Activities						
Certificate of Obligation Bonds						
Texas Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue						
Certificate of Obligation - Series 2004						
Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue						
Certificates of Obligation - Series 2011		4,455,000	-	300,000	4,155,000	315,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2011		4,085,000	-	490,000	3,595,000	510,000
Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue						
Certificates of Obligation - Series 2012A		329,000	=	9,000	320,000	10,000
Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue						
Certificates of Obligation - Series 2015		5,565,000	-	180,000	5,385,000	180,000
Tax Notes Series 2015		135,000	-	45,000	90,000	45,000
Tax Notes Series 2016		173,140	-	43,285	129,855	43,285
		14,742,140	-	1,067,285	13,674,855	1,103,285
Notes payable		316,723	_	81,595	235,128	85,084
Net pension liability		1,170,150	117,512	-	1,287,662	-
Total OPEB liability		94,795	34,363	_	129,158	_
Capital lease		246,616	54,505	20,103	226,513	20,882
Compensated absences		65,161	53,029	40,992	77,198	77,199
Total governmental activities		16,635,585	204,904	1,209,975	15,630,514	1,286,450
Business-type Activities						
Notes payable		333,397	_	333,397	_	_
Net pension liability		49,292	29,136	333,337	78,428	_
Total OPEB liability		4,636	3,231		7,867	
Compensated absences		3,596	3,657	3,529	3,724	
Total business type activities		390,921	36,024	336,926	90,019	-
Discretely Presented Component Units Activities						
Revenue bonds		2,300,000	_	210,000	2,090,000	215,000
Notes payable		119,539	_	32,414	87,125	34,670
Net pension liability		522,083	53,123	52,414	575,206	34,070
Total OPEB liability		55,966	1,730	_	57,696	-
Compensated absences		17,581	9,298	10,562	16,317	-
Due to primary government		2,721,973	9,298	340,000	2,381,973	355,000
Total component unit activities		5,737,142	64,151	592,976	5,208,317	604,670
Total	\$	22,763,648	\$ 305,079	\$ 2,139,877	\$ 20,928,850	\$ 1,891,120
TOTAL	٧	22,703,040	7 303,079	7 //٥٫٤٥٤ ب	J 20,320,630	7 1,051,120

The City's other noncurrent liabilities are liquidated in the fund where the liability was incurred. Thus, the general fund satisfies most liabilities for governmental activities. In regard to business-type activities, other noncurrent liabilities are liquidated through the waste disposal fund or the economic development corporation.

#### **NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Governmental Activities											
	Pri	mary Governme	ent		<b>Component Units Activities</b>						
	General	General									
	Obligation	Obligation			Revenue	I	Revenue				
Year Ending	Bonds	Bonds			Bonds		Bonds				Total
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		Principal		Interest		Total	Re	equirements
2021	\$ 1,103,285	\$ 463,383	\$ 1,566,668		\$ 215,000	\$	77,230	\$	292,230	\$	1,858,898
2022	1,138,285	426,208	1,564,493		225,000		68,978		293,978		1,858,470
2023	1,118,285	387,679	1,505,964		230,000		60,212		290,212		1,796,176
2024	1,111,000	349,101	1,460,101		245,000		51,091		296,091		1,756,192
2025	946,000	309,895	1,255,895		255,000		41,144		296,144		1,552,039
2026-2030	4,477,000	1,044,208	5,521,208		810,000		62,307		872,307		6,393,514
2031-2035	3,650,000	354,747	4,004,747		110,000		-		110,000		4,114,747
2036-2040	91,000	15,243	106,243		-		-		-		106,243
2041-2045	40,000	1,400	41,400		-		-		-		41,400
Total	\$ 13,674,855	\$ 3,351,864	\$ 17,026,719		\$ 2,090,000	\$	360,962	\$ :	2,450,962	\$	19,477,679

#### **NOTE 5: RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various uncertainties for losses related to intentional and unintentional torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of real and personal property; errors-and-omissions; catastrophes, medical and dental claims by employees; employee illnesses and injuries and pollution claims for which the City carries commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. No negotiated settlements or jury awards have exceeded policy limits in any of the past three years. The City is a member of an intergovernmental risk pool.

The risk pool is an inter-local non-assessable agency with present unreserved resources in excess of \$392,000,000 (as of September 30, 2020, the most recently audited financial statements completed for the risk pool). Reinsurance is provided by several A and A++ rated companies in amounts ranging from \$10,000,000 to \$100,000,000 depending on type of insurance coverage.

City management is not aware of any pending or alleged claims that could exceed the policy limits of the present insurance coverage.

#### **NOTE 6: DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES**

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with the acquisition of the City's fund balance that is applicable to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At the end of the current fiscal year, deferred inflows of resources reported in the fund financial statements were as follows:

Governmental Funds	
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$ 161,564
Grants and other	593,164
Total deferred inflows of resources for governmental funds	\$ 754,728

#### NOTE 6: DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Continued)

Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability are recognized in governmental activities and business-type activities in the amounts of \$163,681 and \$9,969, respectively. Component unit deferred inflows related to net pension liability are \$73,117. Deferred outflows related to pensions are \$177,955, \$10,839, and \$79,493 in the governmental activities, business-type activities, and component unit, respectively. Additionally, deferred outflows related to OPEB are \$22,847, \$1,392, and \$10,206 in the governmental activities, business-type activities, and component unit respectively. Deferred inflows related to OPEB are \$6,650, \$405, and \$2,971 in the governmental activities, business-type activities, and component unit respectively.

#### **NOTE 7: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### 1. Litigation

At September 30, 2020, the City was involved in various litigation matters, none of which can be reasonably determined as to the likelihood of outcome or financial impact on the City.

#### 2. Grant Programs

The City participates in a number of grant programs funded by federal agencies. These programs are subject to compliance audits by the grantor agencies or their representatives. Audits of all these programs including the year ended September 30, 2020 have not been conducted. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenses which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### **NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

#### **Plan Description**

The City of La Feria participates as one of 887 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with TMRS act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

#### **Benefits Provided**

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefits are calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financing monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	33
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	54
Active employees	60
Total members	147

#### **Contributions**

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of La Feria, Texas were required to contribute 7.00% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 11.05% and 15.99% in calendar 2019 and 2020, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2020 were \$309,638 and were equal to the required contributions.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial assumptions:**

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation2.5% per yearOverall payroll growth2.0% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and he General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Global Equity	30.0%	5.30%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	4.14%
Real Return	10.0%	3.85%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.48%
Private Equity	10.0%	7.75%
Total	<u>100.0</u> %	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

#### Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability

The change in the City's net pension liability for TMRS pension for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 is as follows:

			City	Component Unit																	
		Increase (decrease)					Increase (decrease)														
					<b>Net Pension</b>	To	otal Pension		Plan Fiduciary	Ne	et Pension										
	To	tal Pension	P	lan Fiduciary	Liability	Liability		Liability		Liability		Liability		Liability		Liability			Net Position		Liability
	l	iability (a)	N	et Position (b)	(a) - (b)		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)										
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	4,873,552	\$	3,654,110	\$ 1,219,442	\$	2,236,647	\$	1,714,564	\$	522,083										
Changes for the year																					
Service cost		222,041		=	222,041		93,492		=		93,492										
Interest		364,327		-	364,327		153,404		=		153,404										
Change in benefit terms		416,109		-	416,109		175,207				175,207										
Difference between expected/																					
actual experience		(25,804)		_	(25,804)		(19,490)		-		(19,490)										
Changes of assumptions		18,707		_	18,707		7,877		-		7,877										
Contributions - employer		-		164,557	(164,557)		-		69,288		(69,288)										
Contributions - employee		-		104,244	(104,244)		-		43,893		(43,893)										
Net investment income		=		583,331	(583,331)		-		245,617		(245,617)										
Benefit payments, including refunds																					
of employee contributions		(266,261)		(266,261)	-		(112,113)		(112,112)		(1)										
Administrative expenses		-		(3,300)	3,300		-		(1,390)		1,390										
Other charges		-		(100)	100		-		(42)		42										
Net changes		729,119		582,471	146,648		298,377		245,254		53,123										
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	5,602,671	\$	4,236,581	\$ 1,366,090	\$	2,535,024	\$	1,959,818	\$	575,206										

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would have been if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in					% Increase in
	Dis	Discount Rate Discou			D	iscount Rate
		(5.75%) (6.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
City's net pension liability	\$	2,179,826	\$	1,366,090	\$	700,825
Component unit's net pension liability		917,838		575,206		295,089
Total net pension liability	\$	3,097,664	\$	1,941,296	\$	995,914

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City and component unit recognized a combined pension expense in the amount of \$898,981. At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Prim	ary Government	Compo	Component Unit				
	Deferre	Deferred Deferred		Deferred				
	Outflows	of Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of				
	Resource	s Resources	Resources	Resources				
Differences between expected and actual economic experience (net of current year								
amortization)	\$	- \$ 38,920	\$ -	\$ 16,387				
Changes in actuarial assumptions	13,3	47 -	5,620	-				
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings (net of current year amortization)		- 134,730	-	56,730				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	175,4	47 -	73,873					
Total	\$ 188,7	94 \$ 173,650	\$ 79,493	\$ 73,117				

The \$175,447 and \$73,873 in the City and Component Unit, respectively, which is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Component
	City	Unit
Year ending September 30,		
2020	\$ (55,694)	\$ (23,451)
2021	(47,494)	(19,998)
2022	8,548	3,599
2023	(65,662)	(27,647)
2024	-	-
Thereafter	=	-
Total	\$ (160,303)	\$ (67,497)

#### **NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### A. TMRS Supplemental Death Benefit

The City also participates in a single-employer, defined benefit group-term life insurance known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF) administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). This is a voluntary program in which the City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	24
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	9
Active employees	60
Total members	93

#### **NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### **Contributions**

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

Employees for the City of La Feria were required to contribute 0.06% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of La Feria were 0.22% and 0.24% in calendar year 2019 and 2020, respectively. The City's contributions to the SDBF for the year ended September 30, 2020 were \$4,943, and were equal to the required contributions.

#### **Actuarial assumptions:**

The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date: 12/31/2019 Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50%, including inflation

Discount rate\* 2.75%

Administrative expenses All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension

Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under

GASB Statement No. 68.

Mortality rates- service retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates

are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates- disabled retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4

year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality

improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

<sup>\*</sup>the discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2019.

#### **NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's Total OPEB Liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The following presents a summary of the changes in Total OPEB liability:

		City	(	Component Unit	
	Inc	rease (decrease)	In	crease (decrease)	Total
		Total OPEB		Total OPEB	Total OPEB
		Liability		Liability	Liability
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	99,431	\$	55,966	\$ 155,397
Changes for the year					
Service cost		4,915		2,069	6,984
Interest		4,126		1,737	5,863
Change in benefit terms		-		-	1-
Difference between expected/					
actual experience		(2,132)		(898)	(3,030)
Changes of assumptions		31,877		(677)	31,200
Contributions - employer		-		-	-
Contributions - employee		-		-	-
Net investment income		-		~	-
Benefit payments, including refunds		-		-	
of employee contributions		(1,192)		(501)	(1,693)
Administrative expenses		-		-	-
Other charges		-		-	-
Net changes		37,594		1,730	39,324
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	137,025		57,696	\$ 194,721

Total OPEB liability amounts are allocated between the City and its component unit in the statement of net position by \$137,025 and \$57,696, respectively.

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.75%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would have been if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.75%) than the current rate.

	1% Increase in							
	Di	scount Rate	Dis	count Rate	D	iscount Rate		
		1.75%		2.75%		3.75%		
City's total OPEB liability	\$	164,048	\$	137,025	\$	115,822		
Component unit's total OP	Component unit's total OPE 69,074			57,696		48,768		
Total OPEB liability	\$	233,122	\$	194,721	\$	164,590		

#### **NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

#### **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEBs**

For the year ended September 30, 2020 the City recognized combined OPEB expense in the amount of \$18,169. At September 30, 2020 the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Primary G	overnn	nent		Component Unit		
	D	Deferred		eferred	D	eferred	Deferred	
	Ou	tflows of	In	flows of	Ou	tflows of	Inflows of	
	Re	esources	R	esources	Re	esources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience (net of current year								
amortization)	\$	-		2,326	\$	-	980	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		21,606		4,729		9,097	1,991	
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings (net of current year amortization)		.=				-	-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,633		-		1,109	н	
Total	\$	24,239	\$	7,055	\$	10,206	\$ 2,971	

Deferred outflows of resources related to the total OPEB liability related to the supplemental death benefit are allocated between the City and component unit in the statement of net position.

The \$2,633 and \$1,109 which are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Con	nponent	
	City	Unit		
Year ending September 30,				
2019	\$ 3,745	\$	1,577	
2020	3,745		1,577	
2021	2,987		1,257	
2022	2,987		1,258	
2023	1,087		457	
Thereafter	-			
Total	\$ 14,551	\$	6,126	

### City of La Feria, Texas Notes to Financial Statements

#### **NOTE 10: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

In prior years, the Internal Revenue Code specified that the plan's assets were the property of the City of La Feria until paid or made available to participants, subject only on an equal basis to the claims of the City's general creditors. A 1996 federal law requires all assets and income of Internal Revenue Code 457 deferred compensation plans to be held in trust, custodial accounts, or annuity contracts for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

Private corporations under contract with the City administer assets of the City's plan. The private administrators have amended the plans to comply with the new federal law. Consequently, the plan's assets and liabilities are not reported in the City's financial statements.

#### **NOTE 11: TAX INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE (TIRZ)**

In 2007, the City of La Feria established a tax increment reinvestment zone (TIRZ) consisting of 759.66 acres through an inter-local agreement with Cameron County. A portion of the real property ad valorem taxes levied by both participating taxing entities will be set aside for capital improvement projects beginning with taxes levied after January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2008. The amount set aside for the TIRZ is based upon the incremental increase in the appraised value each January 1<sup>st</sup> compared to the base year appraised value of property in the zone as of January 1, 2007. The City will contribute 100% of property tax revenue portion generated from the TIRZ; Cameron County agreed to contribute 50% of the property tax revenue generated from the TIRZ through August 31, 2036. On December 27, 2013, The TIRZ contributed \$290,000 to a local developer for public improvements for a new 70-unit single family subdivision. As of September 30, 2020, the TIRZ fund balance was at \$193,321.

#### **NOTE 12: RELATED ORGANIZATION TRANSACTIONS**

As described in Note 1, the City has two discretely presented component units all of which have fiscal years ended September 30, 2020. During the year and at year end, the City and the components had the following transactions.

Due from Component Units - During the year, the City maintained receivables totaling \$1,749,746 and \$45,584 from the Waterworks and Sewer System and La Feria IDC for unreimbursed advances. A portion of the current receivable from the Waterworks and Sewer System of \$325,000 was due to the City for the System's current portion of debt service requirements on the 2011 Bond Series, as disclosed in Note 4. Total amounts due to the City from component units is \$1,795,330.

Payments from Component Units - Included in other Intergovernmental revenues are payments of \$97,180 and \$56,803 from the Waterworks and Sewer System and La Feria IDC, respectively, for administrative fees to the City and for their share of debt service related to General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 and City of La Feria Certificates of Obligation, Series 2011.

### City of La Feria, Texas Notes to Financial Statements

#### **NOTE 13: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

At September 30, 2020, the City has a deficit in the general fund. The deficit at September 30, 2019 was \$(2,755,960), and this increased at September 30, 2020 to \$(2,767,522). The decline in the reduction of the general fund deficit has been slowed down primarily as a result of a reduction in significant investments in drainage infrastructure in and around the City, as well as other capital projects which were also funded by grants. However, the reimbursement of the expenditures for those improvements have been substantially delayed. All of the deferred reimbursements from grants that are currently anticipated to be collected are reflected in the General Fund as "deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue" which means the amounts are not considered available for spending, and therefore are not reflected in the fund balance. These deferred inflows total \$495,764. In addition, some of the aforementioned projects were not fully funded by the grants, which contributed to further use of general fund resources and the depletion of available resources.

As a result of the circumstances previously described, in prior years, cash from the Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 was used to fund ongoing operations of the general fund and to cover cash flow shortages caused by delays in grant reimbursements. The City has an obligation to replenish those funds, which had a balance of \$2,788,414 at September 30, 2020. Until repayment occurs, the City will not be able to adequately fund the projects in those restricted funds, which had been previously planned for with those restricted funds. However, in the current year, the City is in the process of obtaining grant funding through its EDC and IDC to complete some of the projects meant to be funded through the issuance of the 2015 Certificates of Obligation. The City is expecting for the construction of these projects to begin within the next fiscal year.

In order to meet the General Fund's obligations, the City is currently pursuing actions to collect the outstanding grant funds, which includes coordinating finalization of many of the grant funded projects. In addition, the City plans to budget for a more conservative spending pattern and is exploring other means of raising additional revenues.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these commitments and contingencies.

#### **NOTE 14: UNCERTAINTIES**

In March 2020, the World Health Organization made the assessment that the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) can be characterized as a pandemic. As a result, uncertainties have arisen that may have a significant negative impact on the operating activities and results of the City. The occurrence and extent of such an impact will depend on future developments, including (i) the duration and spread of the virus, (ii) government quarantine measures, (iii) voluntary and precautionary restrictions on travel or meetings, (iv) the effects on the financial markets, and (v) the effects on the economy overall, all of which are uncertain.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of La Feria, Texas General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		riance with nal Budget - Positive/
	Ori	ginal		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES							•	
Taxes:								
Property	\$ 4	54,000	\$	454,000	\$	411,724	\$	(42,276)
Sales	7	63,767		763,767		747,631		(16,136)
Mix Beverage		1,500		1,500		3,594		2,094
Franchise	3	68,500		368,500		362,320		(6,180)
Licenses and permits		38,600		38,600		45,565		6,965
Intergovernmental	5	43,997		543,997		1,334,074		790,077
Fees and charges	5	39,125		539,125		755,339		216,214
Fines	3	50,100		350,100		233,283		(116,817)
Interest income		12,000		12,000		9,913		(2,087)
Contributions and donations		30,725		30,725		18,910		(11,815)
Other	2	52,137		252,137		248,728		(3,409)
Total revenues	3,3	54,451		3,354,451		4,171,081		816,630
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government:								
	1 1	60 270		1 160 270		1 212 600		(53,320)
General government:		60,378		1,160,378		1,213,698		
Public safety		16,458		1,516,458		1,444,670		71,788
Highways and streets	1	84,850		184,850		200,387		(15,537) 151
Health and welfare	_	6,500		6,500		6,349		
Culture and recreation	5	37,376		537,376		461,510		75,866
Debt service:		26.065		426.065		404 505		25.222
Prinicpal		36,965		136,965		101,685		35,280
Interest		19,659		19,659		24,735		(5,076)
Capital outlay		88,000		588,000		783,109		(195,109)
Total expenditures	4,1	50,186		4,150,186		4,236,143		(85,957)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(7	95,735)		(795,735)		(65,062)		730,673
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	8	25,735		825,735		53,500		(772,235)
Transfers (out)		30,000)		(30,000)		_		30,000
Capital Lease - Other financing sources		_		_		_		~
Total other financing sources and uses	7	95,735		795,735		53,500		(742,235)
Net change in fund balance						(11,562)		(11,562)
_	12.7	- 55,960)		- (2,755,960)		(2,755,960)		(11,302)
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending		55,960) 55,960)	\$	(2,755,960)	\$	(2,755,960)	\$	(11,562)
i unu palance - enumg	/,2) د	(טסב,כנ	Ş	(2,733,300)	<u>ې</u>	(2,/0/,322)	Ą	(11,302)

## City of La Feria, Texas Notes to Required Supplementary Information

#### Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

#### **Budgetary information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds and lapse at fiscal year end.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. City Management establishes the amount of estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation for the succeeding budget year.
- b. City Management submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- c. Public hearings are conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- d. Prior to October 1, the budget is adopted by the City Commission.
- e. Revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Commission. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which the governing body must approve any over expenditure of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts) is the functional basis (ex.: general government, public safety, highways and streets, health and welfare, culture and recreation) with the City manager being authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between functional categories within a fund without prior City Commission approval. The final annual amended appropriated budgets are used in this report.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund.
- g. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds were adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.
- h. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. The City exceeded the budget appropriation by \$85,957, due to overspending in the general government, debt service interest, and capital outlay areas. The cause of the over expenditure is primarily due to a purchase of two police vehicles and the purchase of a fire truck, of which the majority of the amount was acquired with a grant received by the City from the Legacy Foundation. No budget amendment was made to account for the additional expenditures of the purchase of this fire truck.

# City of La Feria, Texas Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For Agent Multiple Employer Pension Plan – Texas Municipal Retirement System

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	315,533	\$ 224,723	\$ 219,389	\$ 219,149	\$ 236,999	\$ 208,767
Interest (on the total pension liability)	517,731	455,299	441,558	424,054	410,898	380,234
Changes of benefit terms	591,316				-	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(45,293)	(31,086)	(50,318)	10,628	(46,049)	(16,944
Changes of assumptions	26,584	-	-		61,615	0
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(378,373)	(343,090)	(476,350)	(312,921)	(171,531)	(124,740
Net change in total pension liability	1,027,498	305,846	134,279	340,910	491,932	447,317
Total pension liability - beginning	7,110,199	6,804,353	6,670,074	6,329,164	5,837,232	5,389,914
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 8,137,697	\$ 7,110,199	\$ 6,804,353	\$ 6,670,074	\$ 6,329,164	\$ 5,837,231
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	233,845	202,008	\$ 183,954	\$ 190,998	\$ 209,142	\$ 200,979
Contributions - employee	148,137	131,417	131,935	136,846	150,000	141,39
Net investment income	828,948	(165,962)	694,800	316,601	6,638	231,87
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(378,373)	(343,090)	(476,350)	(312,921)	(171,531)	(124,740
Administrative expense	(4,690)	(3,212)	(3,604)	(3,579)	(4,044)	(2,420
Other	(140)	(168)	(183)	(193)	(200)	(199
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	827,727	(179,007)	530,552	327,752	190,005	446,888
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	5,368,674	5,547,681	5,017,127	4,689,375	4,499,370	4,052,482
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 6,196,401	\$ 5,368,674	\$ 5,547,679	\$ 5,017,127	\$ 4,689,375	\$ 4,499,370
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,941,296	\$ 1,741,525	\$ 1,256,674	\$ 1,652,947	\$ 1,639,790	\$ 1,337,862
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	76.14%	75.51%	81.53%	75.22%	74.09%	77.08
Covered employee payroll	2,116,249	\$ 1,877,389	\$ 1,884,782	\$ 1,954,942	\$ 2,142,851	\$ 2,019,877
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	91.73%	92.76%	66.67%	84.55%	76.52%	66.239

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information of those years for which information is available.

#### City of La Feria, Texas Schedule of Contributions For Agent Multiple Employer Pension Plan – Texas Municipal Retirement System

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 309,638	\$ 228,478	\$ 192,956	\$ 183,998	\$ 202,962	\$ 206,371
Contributions in relation to actuarially determined contribution	(309,638)	(228,478)	(192,956)	(183,998)	(202,962)	(206,371)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,105,089	\$ 2,081,078	\$ 1,839,977	\$ 1,884,782	\$ 2,078,015	\$ 2,103,613
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.71%	10.98%	10.49%	9.76%	9.77%	9.81%

# City of La Feria, Texas Notes to Schedule of Contributions For Agent Multiple Employer Pension Plan – Texas Municipal Retirement System

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as

of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months

later.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 26 Years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year Smoothed Market; 12% Soft Corridor

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.5% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience – based table based on rates that are specific to

the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014 – 2018.

Mortality Post retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality

Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a

fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Other Information: There were no benefit changes during the year.

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information of those years for which information is available.

#### City of La Feria, Texas Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Texas Municipal Retirement System

	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ <b>6,984</b> \$	6,946	\$ 6,031
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)	5,863	5,270	5,174
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(3,030)	(1,335)	-
Change of assumputions	31,199	(10,560)	11,882
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,692)	(1,314)	(1,131)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	39,324	(993)	21,956
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	155,397	156,390	134,434
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 194,721 \$	155,397	\$ 156,390
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,116,249 \$	1,877,389	\$ 1,884,782
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	9.20%	8.28%	8.30%

#### Notes to schedule:

- (1) The schedule above reflects the changes in the total OPEB liability for the current year. GASB 75 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. Additional years will be presented as the information becomes available.
- (2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits

# City of La Feria, Texas Notes to Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Texas Municipal Retirement System

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, and become

effective in January 13 months later.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 17 years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.5% to 10.5% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table based on rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last

updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2014.

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are

projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Pre-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements

subject to the floor.

**Other Information:** There were no benefit changes during the year.

GASB 75requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information of those years for which information is available.

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# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# City of La Feria, Texas Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statements

**Special revenue fund:** The Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ) Fund was established to account for a portion of property taxes levied by the City and Cameron County to facilitate the provision of capital improvements.

**Special revenue fund:** The Texas Capital Fund was established to account for the City's economic development grant received from the State.

**Special revenue fund:** The Home Grant Fund was established to account for the Federal grants awarded to provide assistance to first-time low-income homebuyers.

**Special revenue fund:** The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund was established to account for Federal grant awards which provide communities with flexible programs with resources to address a wide range of unique community development needs. The current CDBG grants complement capital improvements to the water and sewer system.

**Special revenue fund:** The Promotion of La Feria Fund was established to account for the hotel/motel tax revenue and the activities specifically related to the promotion of the City of La Feria.

#### City of La Feria, Texas Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet

September 30, 2020

		Spec	cial R	evenue Fun	nds		
		Tax			Community		
	In	crement	Texas		Development		
	Rei	nvestment		Capital	Bloc	k Grant	
	Zo	ne Fund		Fund	Fund		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	92,395	\$	22,083	\$	100	
Receivables							
Other		31,781		86,471		-	
Due from other funds		100,926		-			
Total assets		225,102		108,554		100	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		-	31,286			-	
Due to other funds		-	78,768			100	
Total liabilities		-		110,054	.0,054 100		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenues - other		31,781		=		=	
Total deferred inflows of resources		31,781		-		-	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)							
Restricted fund balances:							
Tax increment reinvestment zone		193,321				-	
Assigned		-	-		-		
Unassigned		-	(1,500)		-		
Total fund balances (deficit)		193,321		(1,500)			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balance	\$	225,102	\$	108,554	\$	100	
	٠,	223,102	۲	100,004	٧		

Spe	ecial Reve	nue Fui	nds - Continued	
	omotion La Feria Fund		Total	Total onmajor vernmental Funds
\$	17,968	\$	132,546	\$ 132,546
	- 6,332		118,252 107,258	118,252 107,258
	24,300		358,056	358,056
-				
	-		31,286 78,868	31,286 78,868
	-		110,154	110,154
	-		31,781	31,781
	-		31,781	31,781
	-		193,321	193,321
	24,300		24,300	24,300
	-		(1,500)	(1,500)
	24,300		216,121	216,121
\$	24,300	\$	358,056	\$ 358,056

# City of La Feria, Texas Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

For the year ended September 30, 2020

		Special Revenue Funds					
	Tax				Community		
	In	crement	9	Texas	Deve	elopment	
	Reir	nvestment	(	Capital	Blo	ck Grant	
	Zc	ne Fund		Fund		Fund	
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	60,851	\$	-	\$	-	
Hotel / motel tax		-		-		-	
Fees and charges		-		-		-	
Contributions and donations		-		-		-	
Other		-		-		-	
Total revenues		60,851		-		×	
Expenditures							
Current							
General government		-		.=:		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	
Total expenditures		-		-		~	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		60,851		_			
over (anaci) expendicates		00,031					
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-		~		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		~			
Net change in fund balances		60,851		-		-	
Fund balance, beginning		132,470		(1,500)			
Fund balance, ending	\$	193,321	\$	(1,500)	\$	-	

Special	Revenue F	unds	- Continued		
-		Total			
Pr	omotion	N	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds  \$ 60,851 12,187 19,270 585 (55) 92,838		
	f La Feria				
0.	Fund		Total	001	
	Taria		. o ca.		
\$	_	\$	60,851	\$	60,851
	12,187		12,187	-	-
	19,270		19,270		
	585		585		585
	(55)		(55)		(55)
0	31,987		92,838		92,838
	-		-		-
	29,466		29,466		29,466
	29,466		29,466		29,466
	2,521		63,372		63,372
	_		_		_
	_		_		-
	=		-		=
0					
	2,521		63,372		63,372
	_,		33,3.2		00,072
	21,779		152,749		152,749
\$	24,300	\$	216,121	\$	216,121

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### **COMPLIANCE SECTION**



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 402 East Tyler Avenue Harlingen, TX 78550-9122

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of La Feria, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Feria as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of La Feria, Texas's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2021.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of La Feria Texas's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of La Feria Texas's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of La Feria Texas's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2020-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of La Feria Texas's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2020-002 and 2020-003.

#### City of La Feria, Texas's Response to Findings

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

City of La Feria Texas's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of La Feria Texas's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harlingen, Texas June 22, 2021

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#### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements		
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
* Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	_X no
* Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	X yes	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	X ves	no

Section II – Findings Relating to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

**DESCRIPTION** 

**PROGRAM** 

**Views of Responsible Officials:** 

*	
2020-001	City Accounting
Criteria:	The City accounting and financial reporting process should involve systematic procedures as to incorporate all aspects of the City's finances and reflect all activity of the City's funds in the proper classification and in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments (GAAP).
Condition Found:	In conducting the audit of the City of La Feria, Texas, various adjusting entries were required in order to properly state account balances and reconcile the ledger balances with subsidiary support or other evidence.
Context:	Significant adjustments involved pool cash and interfund balances, interfund transfers, fund balances and deferred inflows. Other minor adjustments and reclassifications were also made in a variety of areas.
Cause:	Management has significantly revised numerous accounting procedures and re-assigned duties within the department, which has improved the closing process compared to prior years. However, certain tasks necessary to properly state all account balances may have not been clearly defined in written procedures or expectations.
Effect:	The City's accounting records required adjustments in order to be correctly stated at year end. Financial information for certain account balances was not properly adjusted until after the audit was completed.
Recommendation:	The City should consider developing written accounting policies and procedures specific to annual and periodic closing procedures. These may involve pre-defined task lists and/or checklists and verifications that all accounts in the trial balance have been adequately reviewed and adjusted. If feasible, this process should occur regularly throughout the year in order to alleviate administrative burden at year end.

See corrective action plan section.

Section II – Findings Relating to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

2020-002	Compliance with Bond Covenants
Criteria:	The City Water & Sewer System has issued various revenue bonds, which are also governed by various regulations of the Texas Water Development Board and have certain covenants which require the establishment of a bond debt service reserve fund.
Condition Found:	The utility system revenue bond reserve fund had been established and maintained with proper balances, until the funds were drawn out during the 2016 fiscal year in order to pay the debt service of the revenue bonds. The City has been depositing an amount every month based on agreed upon arrangement with the TWDB. However, as of September 30, 2020, the ending balance of the reserve fund is not adequate to comply with the bond covenants.
Context:	Due to continued shortfalls in cash and available resources at the City, the City was not able to fully replenish the reserve fund in 2019.
Cause:	The City's financial condition has not significantly improved and continues to face various challenges. The lack of available resources resulted in the Water and Sewer System being unable to fully fund the reserve.
Effect:	The Water and Sewer System is out of compliance with the requirements of the bond covenants.
Recommendation:	We recommend that the City continue to fund the reserve fund in accordance with the arrangement established with the TWDB, or else fully fund the reserve as soon as possible.
Views of Responsible Officials:	See corrective action plan section.

Section II – Findings Relating to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

Use of Restricted Funds, City Financial Condition
The City issued Certificates of Obligation, Series 2015 for the purpose of constructing various capital improvements in and around the City. The proceeds of the Certificates are restricted for the uses as defined in the City Ordinance 2015-03 and are to be used only for those purposes.
In prior fiscal years, the General Fund, Component Units, and certain other funds of the City utilized the restricted resources obtained from the issuance of the 2015 Certificates of Obligation, with the intention of repaying it. As of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the amount has still not been replenished. The General Fund continues to have a significant deficit in the fund balance which is preventing the City from being able to significantly replenish the bond fund.
The City's General Fund financial condition worsened as a result from current year results, and the deficit is still very substantial. Much of the fund balance is tied up in deferred inflows for long term grant projects.
A variety of factors, including deficit fund balances in the City General Fund, longer than normal time periods elapsing for the City to receive reimbursement on substantial expenditures for projects funded by grants, as well as cost overruns on those same projects, contributed to the declining financial condition of the City.
Until the amounts are replenished or the projects for which the restricted funds were issued are otherwise funded, the City is out of compliance with the bond ordinance since funds were not used for the purposes for which they were originally issued.
We recommend the City implement a formal written action plan designed to improve the City's financial condition and replenish the funding to the Bond Fund. Future year budgets need to be monitored closely and planned for with these circumstances in mind. The City may also consider consulting with legal counsel or bond counsel on ramifications of failing to comply with the restrictions of the bond ordinance.

See corrective action plan section.

**Views of Responsible Officials:** 



City of La Feria, Texas Schedule of Findings and Responses Corrective Action Plan

#### **PROGRAM DESCRIPTION**

#### **CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN**

**Findings - Financial Statements** 

Schedule Reference Number: (2020-001)

**City Accounting** 

**Corrective Action Plan:** 

The Finance Department is preparing an end of year checklist, to include all funds, which will help identify accounts that need reviewing, prior to closing of its fiscal year. Finance Department will also review its current cash and procurement policies, adjust as necessary, to ensure that all accounting transactions continue to comply with state and federal regulations.

Schedule Reference Number: (2020-002) Compliance with Bond Covenants

**Corrective Action Plan:** 

The City has an agreement with the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) to deposit \$8,650 every month into a holding account until the reserve is met. The City has and continues to deposit the required amounts and report to TWDB regularly in accordance with this agreement.

Schedule Reference Number: (2020-003)
Use of Restricted Funds, City Financial Condition

**Corrective Action Plan:** 

The City understands that certain projects related to the Series 2015 are still needed; therefore, it has begun the process of exploring all funding opportunities, in order to determine if a viable option is available and feasible. The Finance Department will continue monitoring future budgets in hopes that expenses will not exceed revenues. Potential future savings, at a minimum, are considered as possible repayment to the appropriate fund(s), in order to reduce the amount owed by the general fund.

Contact Person: Frank Rios, Finance Director

Implementation Time Frame: Ongoing during the current fiscal year

Oligonia during the current risear year

115 E. Commercial Ave. • La Feria, TX 78559-5002 • Tel. 956-797-2261 • Fax 956-797-1898

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City of La Feria, Texas
Schedule of Findings and Responses
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

**DESCRIPTION** 

**STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS** 

Schedule Reference Number: (2019-001)

**City Accounting** 

**Corrective Action Plan:** 

Significant progress has been made in improving the City accounting process. A new accountant was hired on October 18, 2018 and is assisting the Finance Department with grants, loans, and other duties assigned to by the Finance Director. While the City made improvements to their accounting, this is still reported as current year finding 2020-001 as a "significant deficiency."

Schedule Reference Number: (2019-002)

**Compliance with Bond Covenants** 

**Corrective Action Plan:** 

The City reached an agreement with the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) to deposit \$8,650 per month into a reserve fund until the reserve is fully replenished. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the City has complied with this arrangement and is making progress toward fully replenishing this reserve fund as required by the TWDB. However the amount required by the covenants is not yet met, so this is still considered a current year finding 2020-002.

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City of La Feria, Texas Schedule of Findings and Responses Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

**DESCRIPTION** 

**STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS** 

Schedule Reference Number: (2019-003)

**Use of Restricted Funds, City Financial Condition** 

**Corrective Action Plan:** 

See current year finding 2020-003. The City has yet to make significant progress to replenishing the bond fund.

#### City of La Feria, Texas Exit Conference

**Discussion with City Personnel:** The results of the audit were discussed at an exit briefing with the following grantee personnel:

Frank Rios, Finance Director Jaime S. Sandoval, City Manager

No exceptions were taken to the factual contents of the items contained in this report.