CITY OF LA FERIA, TEXAS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2021



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REPORT





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of La Feria, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Feria, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of La Feria, Texas' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Feria, Texas, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, pension system supplementary information, and other post-employment benefit supplementary information on pages 7-20 and 81-86 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of La Feria, Texas' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 24, 2022 on our consideration of the City of La Feria, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of La Feria, Texas' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of La Feria, Texas internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Harlingen, Texas August 24, 2022

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As management of the City of La Feria, Texas (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of La Feria for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City's primary government exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$18,123,428 (net position). Of this amount, \$501,461 is unrestricted net position.
- The assets and deferred outflows of the City's discretely presented component units exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$39,474,817 (net position). Unrestricted net position of \$1,628,503 is the result of the IDC having unrestricted net position of \$1,398,232, and unrestricted net position of \$230,271 in the Water and Sewer System.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$3,044,662, an increase of \$1,263,002 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance for the general fund had a deficit balance of \$1,773,266, primarily due to substantial delays in receiving grant reimbursements.
- The City's total debt (excluding component unit debt) increased by \$436,716 (2.8%) during the current fiscal year as a result of annual payments made and new debt issuances during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Annual Financial Report is composed of primarily the Financial Section. The Financial Section of this Annual Financial Report consists of four parts: (1) *management's discussion and analysis (this section), (2)* the basic financial statements, (3) required supplementary information, and (4) other supplementary information, which is an optional section that presents additional information such as combining non-major fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, economic development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include the Waste Disposal Fund and Economic Development Corporation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate component units for which the City is financially accountable: Industrial Development Corporation and the Waterworks and Sewer System.

The government-wide financial statements begin on page 23 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and discretely presented component units.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains three major and four non-major governmental funds. Information for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

Data from the non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The City's governmental fund financial statements begin on page 26 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains two proprietary funds, the Waste Disposal Fund and Economic Development Corporation, which are enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City's Waste Disposal fund accounts for its collection of waste and the pick-up of brush and the Economic Development Corporation accounts for economic development activities of the corporation. There are no internal service funds being used by the City at this time.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Waste Disposal Fund and Economic Development Corporation. The EDC is considered a blended component unit and presented as a propriety fund within the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 30 of this report.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are legally separate from the City. The component units are intended to operate on a self-supporting basis through user charges or the collection of sales tax. The units are discretely presented because the City has a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit and financial accountability over the units, and a board that is composed primarily of members other than City commissioners. The units also maintain a September 30 fiscal year end. There are two discretely presented component units, the La Feria Industrial Development Corporation and the La Feria Waterworks and Sewer System.

The discretely presented component unit's financial statements begin on page 34 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements begin on page 39 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and other post employment benefits to its employees. The City also presents a schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – Budget and Actual for the general fund.

Required supplementary information begins on page 81 of this report.

Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

Non-major governmental funds combining statements begin on page 87 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$18,123,428 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Тс	otal	Component	Unit Activities
	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2021	9/30/2020
Current and other assets	\$ 5,220,679 \$	3,844,541	\$ 3,211,949	\$ 1,629,998	\$ 8,432,628	\$ 5,474,539	\$ 6,511,371	\$ 3,250,736
Non current assets	2,026,914	2,381,914	37,826	-	2,064,740	2,381,914	513,196	331,102
Capital assets	25,236,560	26,646,928	975,988	1,210,004	\$ 26,212,548	27,856,932	43,829,336	46,528,061
Total assets	32,484,153	32,873,383	4,225,763	2,840,002	36,709,916	35,713,385	50,853,903	50,109,899
Deferred outflows of resources	221,267	200,802	13,568	13,425	234,835	214,227	82,896	137,152
Long-term liabilities outstanding	14,558,077	15,630,514	1,599,172	390,921	16,157,249	16,021,435	6,906,713	5,737,142
Other liabilities	1,980,640	1,368,497	374,812	450,061	2,355,452	1,818,558	4,446,326	4,063,905
Total liabilities	16,538,717	16,999,011	1,973,984	840,982	18,512,701	17,839,993	11,353,039	9,801,047
Deferred inflows of resources	290,792	170,331	17,830	492	308,622	170,823	108,943	30,052
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets	14,773,650	15,298,846	776,270	611,454	15,549,920	15,910,300	37,723,191	39,597,763
Restricted	2,072,047	1,808,671	-	-	2,072,047	1,808,671	123,123	319,949
Unrestricted	(969,786)	(1,202,674)	1,471,247	1,400,499	501,461	197,825	1,628,503	498,240
Total net position	\$ 15,875,911 \$	15,904,843	\$ 2,247,517	\$ 2,011,953	\$ 18,123,428	\$ 17,916,796	\$ 39,474,817	\$ 40,415,952

Eighty-six percent of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investments in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$2,072,047 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$501,461, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The unrestricted net position for governmental activities increased by \$232,888 during the current fiscal year due to the City having received additional COVID-19 funding and the collection of a large receivable from the General Land Office.

The discretely presented component units' net position increased by \$504,434 during the current fiscal year which can be attributed to an increase in capital project activities and related grant receipts in the current year.

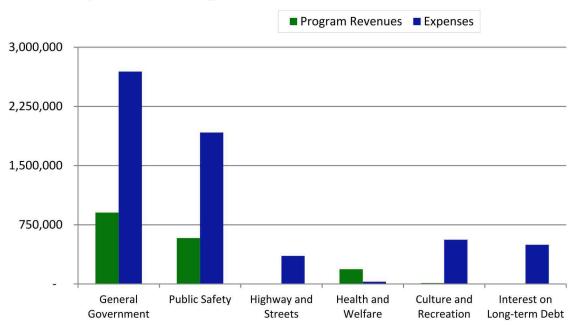
Governmental Activities

Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$(28,932). The key elements of this decrease is primarily attributed to the City's program expenses having exceeded total revenues for the current year. The City was successful at cutting its expenditures significantly from prior year in an effort to increase their net position and total revenues increased during the current year as well, however total revenues continue to lag behind total expenditures. The City will continue its efforts to decrease expenditures and seek additional funding sources.

Net investment in capital assets remained comparable overall to the prior year; restricted net position increased \$263,376 primarily due to the property tax collections for debt service exceeding debt payments and unrestricted net position increased by \$232,888 is primarily due to creation of an allowance for grant receivables and also due to having received additional COVID-19 funding and the collection of a large receivable from the General Land Office.

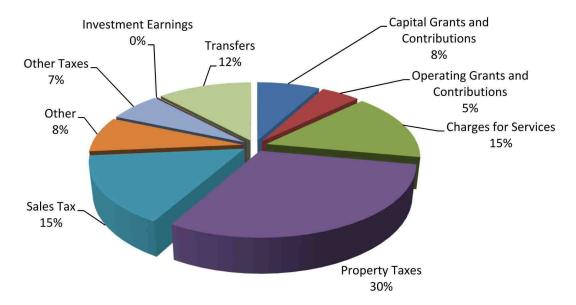
	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	Business-type Activities		tal	Component l	Component Unit Activities		
	09/30/21	09/30/20	09/30/21	09/30/20	09/30/21	09/30/20	09/30/21	09/30/20		
Revenues:										
Program revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 916,100 \$	1,064,457	\$ 1,136,930	\$ 1,001,107	\$ 2,053,030	\$ 2,065,564	\$ 2,552,832	\$ 2,408,942		
Operating grants and										
contributions	292,020	689,627	44,192	44,195	336,212	733,822	-	-		
Capital grants and										
contributions	474,263	178,447	-	-	474,263	178,447	1,229,248	92,378		
General revenues										
Property tax	1,819,989	1,717,263	-	12	1,819,989	1,717,263	-			
Other taxes	1,318,207	1,125,732	461,841	373,815	1,780,048	1,499,547	461,841	373,815		
Other	486,046	488,242	1,142	4,280	487,188	492,522	100,287	23,217		
Total revenues	5,306,625	5,263,768	1,644,105	1,423,397	6,950,730	6,687,165	4,344,208	2,898,352		
Expenses										
General government	2,690,680	2,595,170	-	-	2,690,680	2,595,170	-			
Public safety	1,918,195	2,428,992	-	-	1,918,195	2,428,992	-	-		
Highways/streets	355,480	313,659	-	-	355,480	313,659	-	-		
Health and welfare	28,275	9,713	-	-	28,275	9,713	-	-		
Culture and recreation	559,754	797,897	-	-	559,754	797,897	-			
Interest on long-term debt	496,342	522,008	-	19,356	496,342	541,364	-	-		
Sanitation	-	-	809,997	748,093	809,997	748,093	-	-		
Economic development	-	-	207,955	181,954	207,955	181,954	-	-1		
Waterworks system	-	ž.	-	-	-	-	3,428,239	3,620,201		
IDC	-	-	-	-	-	-	411,535	375,870		
Total program expenses	6,048,726	6,667,439	1,017,952	949,403	7,066,678	7,616,842	3,839,774	3,996,071		
Increase/(decrease) in net										
assets before transfers	(742,101)	(1,403,671)	626,153	473,994	(115,948)	(929,677)	504,434	(1,097,719		
Transfers	713,169	151,414	(713,169)	(151,414)	-	-	-	-		
Increase (decrease) in net position	(28,932)	(1,252,257)	(87,016)	322,580	(115,948)	(929,677)	504,434	(1,097,719		
Net position - beginning	15,904,843	17,157,100	2,334,533	2,011,953	18,239,376	19,169,053	38,970,383	40,068,102		
Net position - ending	\$ 15,875,911 \$	15,904,843	\$ 2,247,517	\$ 2,334,533	\$ 18,123,428	\$ 18,239,376	\$ 39,474,817	\$ 38,970,383		

An overview of the City's governmental expenses and revenue are presented in the charts below.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



Business-Type Activities

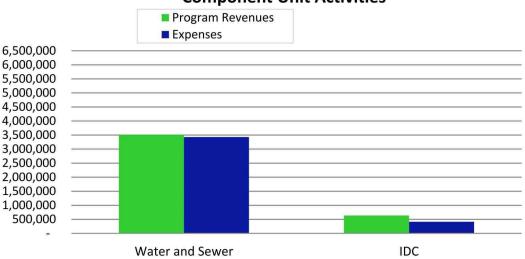
Business-type activities consist of operating expenses of \$1,017,952, transfers-out totaling \$713,169, and revenues of \$1,644,105 resulting in a decrease in net position of \$(87,016).

Discretely Presented Component Units

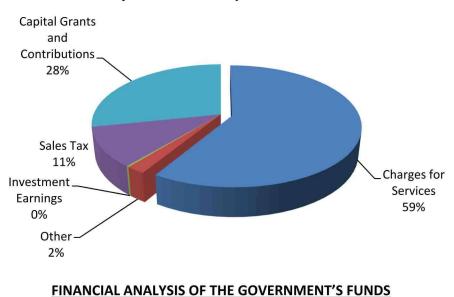
Component unit's activities increased their net position by \$504,434, accounting for approximately 1.29% increase in net position. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The Waterworks and Sewer System's net position increased by \$82,826. The key factor in this increase is mainly attributed to the increase in capital grants and contribution revenue that is associated with the increase in capital activity of the Texas Water Development Board loan forgiveness projects.
- The La Feria Industrial Development Corporation's net position increased by \$421,608 during the current fiscal year and is attributed sales tax and lease revenues.

The overall total revenues and expenses for component units is relatively consistent with prior years. An overview of the component units' expenses and program revenues and revenues by source are presented in the following charts:



Expenses and Program Revenues - Discretely Presented Component Unit Activities



Revenue by Source - Component Unit Activities

As noted earlier, the City of La Feria uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, an unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

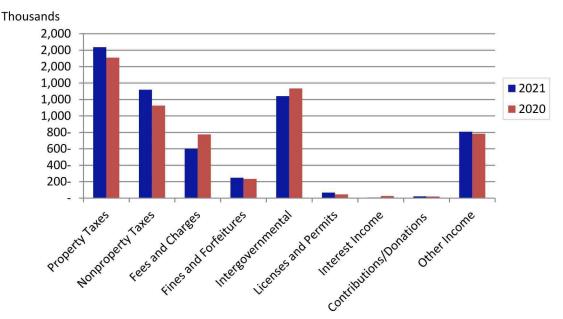
The following schedule presents a summary of general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, and capital projects fund revenues for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

	2021 Amount	Percent of 2021 Total	2020 Amount	Percent of 2020 Total	Increase (Decrease) Over 2020	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Revenues						-
Property taxes	\$1,836,267	29.88%	\$1,709,028	28.24%	\$ 127,239	7.45%
Non-property taxes	1,318,207	21.45%	1,125,732	18.60%	192,475	17.10%
Fees and charges	601,561	9.79%	774,609	12.80%	(173,048)	-22.34%
Fines and forfeitures	247,674	4.03%	233,283	3.85%	14,391	6.17%
Intergovernmental	1,240,546	20.18%	1,334,074	22.05%	(93,528)	-7.01%
Licenses and permits	66,865	1.09%	45,565	0.75%	21,300	46.75%
Interest income	6,301	0.10%	26,177	0.43%	(19,876)	-75.93%
Contributions and donations	21,563	0.35%	19,495	0.32%	2,068	10.61%
Miscellaneous income	807,498	13.14%	783,539	12.95%	23,959	3.06%
	\$6,146,482	100.00%	\$6,051,502	100.00%	\$ 94,980	1.57%

Revenues: General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds

Revenues from governmental funds increased by \$94,980 or 1.57% compared to the prior year. Key elements of this increase shown above are as follows:

- Revenue from property taxes increased by \$127,239 or 7.45% due to an increase in property values around the city in addition to new properties.
- Non-property taxes increased by \$192,475 or 17.10%, this reflects the increased in business activity in the community.
- Fees and charges decreased by \$(173,048) or 22.34%, due to higher number of fire calls when compared to the current year.
- Intergovernmental revenues decreased by \$(93,528) or 7.01% when compared to last year due to the City having received a grant from the Legacy Foundation for the purchase of a fire truck in the prior year.



Governmental Revenues

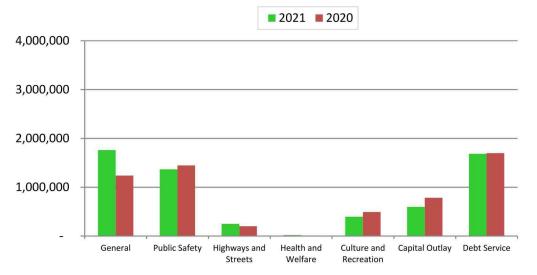
The following schedule presents a summary of general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, and capital projects fund expenditures for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

Expenses: General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds

					Increase	Percent of
	2021	Percent of	2020	Percent of	(Decrease)	Increase
	Amount	2021 Total	Amount	2020 Total	Over 2020	(Decrease)
Expenditures						
General	\$ 1,759,948	28.99% \$	1,237,442	21.12%	\$ 522,506	42.22%
Public safety	1,365,477	22.49%	1,444,670	24.65%	(79,193)	-5.48%
Highways and streets	249,827	4.12%	200,387	3.42%	49,440	24.67%
Health and welfare	19,701	0.32%	6,349	0.11%	13,352	210.30%
Culture and recreation	395,297	6.51%	490,976	8.38%	(95,679)	-19.49%
Capital outlay	596,123	9.82%	783,109	13.36%	(186,986)	-23.88%
Debt service	1,684,399	27.75%	1,697,397	28.96%	(12,998)	-0.77%
	\$ 6,070,772	100.00% \$	5,860,330	100.00% 3	\$ 210,442	3.59%

Governmental funds incurred expenditures of \$6,070,772, approximately 3.59% more expenditures for the City of La Feria, Texas compared to last year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Capital Outlay expenditures decreased by \$186,986 due to the City having purchased additional first responder vehicles in the prior year when compared to the current year.
- General expenditures increased by \$522,506 due to the City having paid off a large note payable that was tied to one of its properties in order to transfer the asset to the Industrial Development Corporation.



Governmental Expenditures

Governmental Fund Balances

The General Fund's fund balance began as a deficit of \$(2,767,522) and was increased by \$994,256 in fiscal year 2020-2021. Overall expenditures increased moderately, but these were offset by an increase in property and non-property tax revenues along with a large transfer from the EDC for amounts that were owed in previous fiscal years. Much of the increase in expenditures was due to general government expenditures.

The General Fund continues to have a significant deficit balance. The General Fund and other funds expended significant amounts of cash from the Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund (the Bond Fund) in prior years in order to pay for certain capital projects and general operating costs. Most of these were grant funded amounts but have yet to be collected and are therefore not considered available, and are accounted for in the general fund as deferred inflows. This factor significantly contributes to the current deficit in the general fund.

The Debt Service Fund's fund balance increased by \$191,037 in fiscal year 2020-2021 due primarily to an increase in property values in the current year.

The Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund's fund balance remained at \$2,788,414. The fund balance primarily consists of amounts due from other funds and component units, which are to be repaid in future years to the fund.

Enterprise Funds – Business-Type Activities, Enterprise.

The City's business-type activities include the collection of waste (garbage and brush) and economic development activities via the City's Economic Development Corporation (EDC). Operating revenue from these activities was consistent with the prior year with an increase of \$122,255 in the waste disposal fund and \$101,591 in the EDC during 2021.

Operating expenses in the business-type activities increased by \$61,904 or 8.27% for the waste disposal fund and \$26,001 or 14.29% for the EDC. This was primarily due to additional expenditures needed to keep up with the expansion of the City.

Component Units Funds – Waterworks and Sewer System & Industrial Development Corp.

The City's Component Units' activities' revenues increased by \$1,445,856 compared to the prior year, a 49.89% increase. This is primarily due to capital grants and contributions increasing by \$1,136,870 compared to prior year. These are Water and Sewer System capital projects for which are being funded by the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) in the form of forgivable loans. Other revenues were relatively consistent with the prior year.

Component Units' activities' expenses decreased by a net amount of \$156,297, or 3.91%. This is primarily due to a decrease in personnel services for positions which remained unfilled during the current fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original adopted budget had projected no net change in fund balance and no budget amendments were made throughout the year. The budget resulted in a projected net increase of \$215,895. The final actual change in fund balance was an increase in fund balance of \$994,256. Expenditures did not exceed budgeted appropriations however revenues collected were less than budgeted.

Revenues

• Revenues were \$243,308 less than budgeted. The primary driver for this was a decrease in intergovernmental revenues due to the City having received the majority of its COVID-19 funding from TDEM in the prior year whereas in the current year the City received new funding from the American Rescue Plan Act that was divided into two payments one of which was received during the current fiscal year and the other half after year end. The City also saw a decrease in property tax and franchise fee collections when compared to the budget however these were offset by an increase in sales tax collections.

Expenditures

- General government expenditures were \$365,111 higher than budgeted due to an increase in salaries coupled with new positions filled and an employee retention stipend that was paid out during the year as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Public safety expenditures were \$494,884 lower than budgeted due to unfilled positions during the current fiscal year.
- Culture and Recreation were \$130,200 lower than budgeted due to the City having been conservative when budgeting for employee benefits and salaries however the events and activities are slowly starting to return after the pandemic
- Capital outlay expenditures were \$664,377 lower than budgeted mainly due to the City having budgeted for street and drainage improvements which were instead secured with funding from the IDC.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2021, amounts to \$26,212,548 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, and machinery and equipment as well as construction in progress. The total decrease in the City's investments in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$1,532,802 or approximately 5.52%.

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year included the following:

- Transfer of 24.041 acres to Industrial Development Corporation
- Purchase of 3 police vehicles

City of La Feria's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)								
	Governme	enta	I Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	То	tal
	9/30/2021		9/30/2020		9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2021	9/30/2020
Land	\$ 1,364,363	\$	1,721,963	\$	388,558	\$ 388,558	\$ 1,752,921	\$ 2,110,521
Building and systems	21,109,106		22,155,353		455,267	477,294	21,564,373	22,632,647
Improvements and other								
than buildings	755,806		1,024,618			-	755,806	1,024,618
Machinery and equipment	1,799,322		1,614,194		120,852	232,570	1,920,174	1,846,764
Construction in progress	207,963		130,800		11,311	-	219,274	130,800
	\$ 25,236,560	\$	26,646,928	\$	975,988	\$ 1,098,422	\$ 26,212,548	\$ 27,745,350

The governmental activities construction in progress pertain to the City's ongoing park renovations and some drainage improvements whereas the business-type construction in progress is the new public works warehouse being constructed by the City's EDC.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3 beginning on page 58 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the City had a number of debt issues outstanding. These issues include \$12,440,000 of (limited) revenue certificates of obligation bonds, \$131,570 of tax notes, and \$1,875,000 of water and wastewater revenue bonds. The City's total long-term debt, including component unit debt, had a net increase of \$2,135,112 during this fiscal year. The key factors in the net increase was the issuance of two note payables for the City's EDC. Additional information on the City's long-term debt begins in Note 3 on page 63 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The occupancy rate of the government's central business district is estimated to have an increase to 94%.
- Sales tax increased by 5.6% compared to prior year's increase of 4.7%. The sales tax revenue is expected to increase by 4.5% for the next fiscal year.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2021-22 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 115 E. Commercial Avenue, La Feria, Texas 78559.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



MAJOR FUNDS

The General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. An ad valorem tax rate and levy is required to be computed and levied, which will be sufficient to produce the money required to pay principal and interest as it becomes due and provide the interest and sinking fund reserve.

Capital projects fund: The Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund accounts for the construction of various capital improvements through the use of proceeds from this issuance of certificates of obligation.

BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS

Proprietary fund: The Waste Disposal Fund was established to account for the activities of the City owned residential and commercial garbage collection system.

Proprietary fund: The Economic Development Corporation (EDC) is a nonprofit 4B corporation and was established to promote, assist, and enhance economic activities in the City of La Feria, Texas. The Corporation is a blended component unit due to its governance structure and is presented as a proprietary fund.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

The Waterworks and Sewer System Fund was established to account for the City's water and sewer system respectively.

The Industrial Development Corporation (IDC) is a nonprofit 4A corporation and was established to promote, assist, and enhance economic activities in the City of La Feria, Texas.

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City of La Feria, Texas Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2021

	P	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business - type Activities	Total	Component Units
ASSETS	м.		5Y	¥1
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,325,096	\$ 170,028	\$ 2,495,124	\$ 5,782
Investments	1,346,861	1,676,379	3,023,240	3,284,519
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible)	645,032	134,406	779,438	1,204,103
Internal balances	(643,366)	643,366	-	-
Due from component units	1,506,973	585,991	2,092,964	-
Inventories	16,151	1,779	17,930	39,461
Prepaid assets	22,645	-	22,645	-
Restricted assets:	1 207		1 207	1 202 02
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	1,287	-	1,287	1,383,821 593,685
Notes receivable	2,026,914	- 37,826	- 2,064,740	513,196
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	2,020,914	57,820	2,004,740	515,190
Land	1,364,363	388,558	1,752,921	2,461,028
	21,109,106	455,267		5,554,624
Building and system		455,207	21,564,373	5,554,024
Improvements other than buildings	755,806	-	755,806	-
Machinery and equipment	1,799,322	120,852	1,920,174	1,752,871
Infrastructure	-	-	-	32,618,400
Easements	-	-	-	117,758
Certificate of convenience and necessity	-	-	-	115,978
Construction in progress	207,963	11,311	219,274	1,208,677
Total assets	32,484,153	4,225,763	36,709,916	50,853,903
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
	185,297	11,362	196,659	69,420
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability	35,970	2,206	38,176	13,476
Deferred outflows related to total OPEB liability Total deferred outflows of resources	221,267	13,568	234,835	82,896
	221,207	13,500	234,033	02,050
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other				
current liabilities	438,473	26,143	464,616	880,094
Due to primary government		-		2,092,964
Due to component units	36,233	171,900	208,133	-
Unearned revenue	1,505,934	176,769	1,682,703	1,280,217
Liabilities payable from restricted assets			-,,	193,051
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Net pension liability	1,082,832	66,394	1,149,226	405,673
Total OPEB liability	158,761	9,734	168,495	59,478
Due within one year	1,285,180	42,892	1,328,072	660,957
Due in more than one year, net	12,031,304	1,480,152	13,511,456	5,780,605
Total liabilities	16,538,717	1,973,984	18,512,701	11,353,039
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability	280,879	17,222	298,101	105,229
Deferred inflows related to total OPEB liability	9,913	608	10,521	3,714
Total deferred inflows of resources	290,792	17,830	308,622	108,943
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	14,773,650	776,270	15,549,920	37,723,191
Restricted for:	2.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	1 771 070		1 771 072	
Debt service	1,771,873	-	1,771,873	-
Capital projects funds Tax increment reinvestment zone	-	2 1994	-	123,123
Tax increment reinvestment zone Jnrestricted	300,174	- 1 /71 7/7	300,174	1 620 503
	(969,786)	1,471,247	501,461	1,628,503
Total net position	\$ 15,875,911	\$ 2,247,517	\$ 18,123,428	\$ 39,474,817

City of La Feria, Texas Statement of Activities

			Program Revenues		
	Expense	5	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
	Experies		00111000	Contributions	contributions
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 2,690	.680	\$ 331,478	\$ 105,929	\$ 466,763
Public safety	1,918	195	460,590	120,922	-
Highways and streets	355,	480			-
Health and welfare	28	275	120,982	65,169	=
Culture and recreation	559	754	3,050	-	7,500
Interest on long term debt	496	,342	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	6,048	726	916,100	292,020	474,263
	0,010,	120	510,100	252,620	17 1,200
Business - type activities:					
Sanitation services	809	,997	1,099,890	-	=
Economic Development	207	,955	37,040	44,192	-
Total business-type activities	1,017	952	1,136,930	44,192	-
Total primary government	7,066	.678	2,053,030	336,212	474,263
Component Units:					
Waterworks and Sewer Systems	3,428	,239	2,482,329	-	1,028,736
Industrial Development Corporation	411	535	70,503	-	200,512
Total component units	\$ 3,839	774	\$ 2,552,832	\$ -	\$ 1,229,248

General revenues and transfers:

Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Sales taxes Franchise taxes Hotel motel taxes Unrestricted investment earnings Gain on sale of asset Other nonoperating revenue Transfers
Total general revenues and transfers
Change in net position
Net positionbeginning
Net positionending

			Net (Expense				
		rima	Changes in ry Governmen		Position	Component U	Init
Go	vernmental		siness - type	L		Component	
00	Activities		Activities		Total	Units	i t
	Activities	1	Activities		TOTAL	Offics	
\$	(1,786,510)	\$	-	\$	(1,786,510)	\$	×
	(1,336,683)		-		(1,336,683)		-
	(355,480)		-		(355,480)		-
	157,876		-		157,876		-
	(549,204)		-		(549,204)		-
	(496,342)		-		(496,342)		-
	(4,366,343)		-		(4,366,343)		-
	-		289,893		289,893		-
	×		(126,723)		(126,723)		-
	-		163,170		163,170		-
	(4,366,343)		163,170		(4,203,173)		-
	-		-		_	82,8	26
	_		_		_	(140,5)	
					-	(140,5)	
	683,175		-		683,175		-
	1,136,814		-		1,136,814		-
	923,682		461,841		1,385,523	461,84	41
	375,549		-		375,549		-
	18,976		-		18,976		-
	6,301		1,142		7,443	11,49	93
	=		-		-	71,3	86
	479,745		-		479,745	17,40	08
	713,169		(713,169)		1. 		-
	4,337,411		(250,186)		4,087,225	562,12	28
	(28,932)		(87,016)		(115,948)	504,43	34
	15,904,843		2,334,533		18,239,376	38,970,3	
\$	15,875,911	\$	2,247,517	\$	18,123,428	\$ 39,474,8	4 -

City of La Feria, Texas Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

September	30,	2021
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				Ce	ertificates of			
			Debt		Obligation		Other	Total
		General	Service		Series 2015	Go	vernmental	Governmer
		Fund	Fund	~	Fund	00	Funds	Funds
SSETS		Tunu	Tunu		Tunu		Tunus	T unus
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,158,427	\$ 7,164	\$		\$	150 505	\$ 2,325,0
	Ş	a a	74 - 18 ² S	Ş	-	Ş	159,505	
Investments		726	1,346,135		-		-	1,346,8
Receivables, (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		53.004	407 000					
Property taxes		53,991	107,222		-		-	161,2
Nonproperty taxes		73,204	-		-		-	73,2
Service		97,941	-		-		-	97,9
Intergovernmental receivable		180,598	-		-		-	180,5
Other		-	-		-		132,076	132,0
Due from other funds		135,614	407,929		2,485,252		165,610	3,194,4
Due from component units		1,205,098	-		301,875		-	1,506,9
Inventories		16,151	-		-		1	16,1
Prepaid items		22,645	-		-			22,6
Restricted assets								
Cash and cash equivalents		-	-		1,287		-	1,2
					100 • read (2000)		Calley 1993 - 00125-000	
Total assets	Ş	3,944,395	\$ 1,868,450	\$	2,788,414	\$	457,191	\$ 9,058,4
IABILITIES								
Accounts payable	Ś	245,104	\$ -	\$	-	\$	35,992	\$ 281,0
Accrued liabilities		82,883	-	20	-		-	82,8
Unearned revenue		1,505,934	-		-		-	1,505,9
Due to other funds		3,758,903	_		_		78,868	3,837,7
Due to component units		-	36,233		-		-	36,2
Total liabilities		5,592,824	36,233		-		114,860	5,743,9
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenues								
		48,753	06 533					145 3
Property taxes		5	96,533		-		-	145,2
Grants		21,501	-		-		-	21,5
Other		54,583	-		-		48,501	103,0
Total deferred inflows of resources		124,837	96,533		-		48,501	269,8
UND BALANCES								
Nonspendable fund balances:		16 151						10.4
Inventories Prepaid items		16,151 22,645	-		-		-	16,1 22,6
Restricted fund balances:		22,045	-		-		-	22,6
			1,735,684					1,735,6
Retirement of long-term debt Tax increment reinvestment zone		-	1,755,084		-		251,673	251,6
		-	-		- 2.788.414		201,073	
Capital projects			-		2,788,414		-	2,788,4
Assigned		-	-		-		43,657	43,6
Unassigned		(1,812,062)	-		-		(1,500)	(1,813,5
Total fund balance (deficit)		(1,773,266)	1,735,684		2,788,414		293,830	3,044,6
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	122							
of resources and fund balance	\$	3,944,395	\$ 1,868,450	\$	2,788,414	\$	457,191	\$ 9,058,4

City of La Feria, Texas Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2021

Fund balance total governmental funds	\$ 3,044,662
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation.	25,236,560
Certain receivables will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expeditures and are therefore not reported in the funds:	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	145,286
Unavailable revenue - grants Unavailable revenue - other	21,501 103,084
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities consist of:	
Bonds payable	(12,571,570)
Note and capital lease payable Compensated absences	(679,754) (65,160)
Liabilities for accrued interest on long-term debt are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(74,494)
Certain long-term notes receivable due from the component units are not due and receivable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Including the notes receivable in the statement of net position increases net position.	2,026,914
Recognition of the City's net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$(1,082,832), deferred resource inflows related to pensions in the amount of \$(280,879), and deferred resource outflows related to pensions in the amount of	
\$185,297, result in a decrease in net position.	(1,178,414)
Recognition of the City's net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$(158,761), deferred resource inflows related to OPEB in the amount of \$(9,913), and deferred resource outflows related to pensions in the amount of \$35,970, result in a	
decrease in net position.	(132,704)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 15,875,911

City of La Feria, Texas Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –Governmental Funds

For the year ended September 30, 2021

For the year ended September 30, 2021		Conorol	Debt	(ertificates of Obligation	Ca	Other	Total	
		General Fund	Service Fund	3	eries 2015 Fund	Governmental Funds		Governmenta Funds	
Revenues		Fund	Fund		Fund			Funds	
Taxes:									
Property	\$	638,368	\$ 1,139,547	\$	_	\$	58,352	\$ 1,836,267	
Sales	Ŷ	923,682	- -	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	923,682	
Franchise		375,549	_		-		-	375,549	
Other		3,685	_		-		15,291	18,976	
Licenses and permits		66,865	_		-		-	66,865	
Intergovernmental		1,240,546	-		-		-	1,240,546	
Fees and charges		598,511	-		-		3,050	601,561	
Fines		247,674	_		-		-	247,674	
Interest income		4,636	1,665		-		-	6,301	
Contributions and donations		21,563	-		-		_	21,563	
Other		261,199	545,341		-		958	807,498	
Total revenues		4,382,278	1,686,553		-		77,651	6,146,482	
Expenditures									
Current									
		1 725 050	24.000					1 750 040	
General government		1,735,858	24,090		-		-	1,759,948	
Public safety		1,365,477	-		-		-	1,365,477	
Highways and streets		249,827	-		-		-	249,827	
Health and welfare		19,701	-		-		-	19,701	
Culture and recreation		392,982	-		-		2,315	395,297	
Debt service		00.022	1 102 205					1 202 207	
Principal retirement		98,922	1,103,285		-		-	1,202,207	
Interest and fiscal agent fees		18,382	463,810		-		-	482,192	
Capital outlay		596,123	-		-		-	596,123	
Total expenditures		4,477,272	1,591,185		-		2,315	6,070,772	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(94,994)	95,368		-		75,336	75,710	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		617,500	95,669		-		2,373	715,542	
Transfers (out)		(2,373)	-		-		-	(2,373)	
Capital lease		474,123	-		-		-	474,123	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,089,250	95,669		-		2,373	1,187,292	
Net change in fund balances		994,256	191,037		-		77,709	1,263,002	
Fund balances, beginning		(2,767,522)	1,544,647		2,788,414		216,121	1,781,660	
Fund balances, ending	\$	(1,773,266)	\$ 1,735,684	\$	2,788,414	\$	293,830	\$ 3,044,662	

City of La Feria, Texas Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Transfers for purposes of government-wide financial reporting include items not reported as transfers in the fund financial statements. Specifically, the movement of capital assets between governmental funds and the component units are not reported as a transfer in the fund financial statements, but are reported as government-wide statement of activities. This is the amount of capital assets moved to the component units. (200,512) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as (200,512) Revenues in the statement of activities but for which resources were not available until the current year are revenues in the funds but not in the statement of activities. Unavailable revenues - property taxs (16,278) Unavailable revenues - grants and other (468,579) Compensated absences in the statement of activities did not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/20 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$177,393. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date expended from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change is to decrease the change in the position by \$91,207. The result of these changes is to decrease the change in net position by \$94,974. 94,974 GASB 75 requires that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused	For the year ended September 30, 2021	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and depreciation is allocated over their estimated useful lives and the protein a statements. Specifically, the movement of capital assets between governmental funds and the component units are not reported as a transfer in the fund financial statements, but are reported as expenses in the government-wide statement of activities. This is the amount of capital assets moved to the component units.(200,512)Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds but are accounted for as revenue in the statement of activities. Unavailable revenues - property taxes (16,278) (16,8579)(16,278) (16,8579)Compensated absences in the statement of activities did not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not expenditures in governmental funds. The compensated absences increased in the current year.(16,278)CASB 68 requires that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date to 12/31/20 caused the change in the position state exers the change in the position to taing (217,36,26). The City's reported TMS net pension expense had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position to increase in the amount of \$3,23,39. Contributions made before the measuremen	Net change in fund balances total governmental funds	\$ 1,263,002
fund financial statements. Specifically, the movement of capital assets between governmental funds and the component units are not reported as a transfer in the fund financial statements, but are reported as expenses in the government-wide statement of activities. This is the amount of capital assets moved to the component units.(200,512)Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as 	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and depreciation is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay, of	(1,052,768)
revenues in the funds but are accounted for as revenue in the statement of activities. Other revenues which were accounted for as revenues in the funds but not in the statement of activities but for which resources were not available entit the current year are revenues in the funds but not in the statement of activities. Unavailable revenues - property taxes (16,278) Unavailable revenues - grants and other (468,579) (478,57) (478,57	fund financial statements. Specifically, the movement of capital assets between governmental funds and the component units are not reported as a transfer in the fund financial statements, but are reported as expenses in the government-wide statement of activities. This is the amount of capital assets moved to the	(200,512)
and therefore are not expenditures in governmental funds. The compensated absences increased in the current year.12,038GASB 68 requires that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/20 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$177,393. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$173,626). The City's reported TMRS net pension expense had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net 	revenues in the funds but are accounted for as revenue in the statement of activities. Other revenues which were accounted for as revenue in prior years on the statement of activities but for which resources were not available until the current year are revenues in the funds but not in the statement of activities. Unavailable revenues - property taxes	(16,278) (468,579)
These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/20 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$177,393. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$(173,626). The City's reported TMRS net pension expense had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$91,207. The result of these changes is to decrease the change in net position by \$94,974.94,974GASB 75 requires that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/19 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$3,839. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$2,605). The City's reported TMRS OPEB expense had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense decreased the change in net position by (\$20,977). The result of these changes is to decrease the change in net position by (\$2,0977). The result of these changes is to decrease the change in net position by (\$2,0977). 	and therefore are not expenditures in governmental funds. The compensated absences increased in the	12,038
These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/19 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$3,839. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$2,605). The City's reported TMRS OPEB expense had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense decreased the change in net position by (\$20,977). The result of these changes is to decrease the change in net position by (\$19,743)(19,743)Repayment of non-current liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond principal Capital lease principal1,103,285 78,040 20,882Other adjustments to report the governmental activities on the full accrual basis of accounting include accounting for the following: Note receivable repayment from component unit is accounted for as proceeds in governmental funds but is simply a decrease in the receivable in governmental activities(355,000)	These contributions made after the measurement date of $12/31/20$ caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$177,393. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$(173,626). The City's reported TMRS net pension expense had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net	94,974
Repayment of non-current liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 1,103,285 Bond principal 1,103,285 Notes payable principal 78,040 Capital lease principal 20,882 Other adjustments to report the governmental activities on the full accrual basis of accounting include accounting for the following: Note receivable repayment from component unit is accounted for as proceeds in governmental funds but is simply a decrease in the receivable in governmental activities (355,000)	These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/19 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$3,839. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$2,605). The City's reported TMRS OPEB expense had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense decreased the change in net position by	
Notes payable principal 78,040 Capital lease principal 20,882 Other adjustments to report the governmental activities on the full accrual basis of accounting include accounting for the following: Note receivable repayment from component unit is accounted for as proceeds in governmental funds but is simply a decrease in the receivable in governmental activities (355,000)		(19,743)
accounting for the following: Note receivable repayment from component unit is accounted for as proceeds in governmental funds but is simply a decrease in the receivable in governmental activities (355,000)	Notes payable principal	78,040
is simply a decrease in the receivable in governmental activities (355,000)	accounting for the following:	
Recognition of current year accrued interest is not recorded in the governmental funds, but in the		(355,000)
statement of activities they are recognized as interest expense. (14,150) Debt proceeds (capital leases) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing	Debt proceeds (capital leases) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing	(14,150)
		 (474,123) (28,932)

City of La Feria, Texas Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position

	Enterprise Funds					
	Wa	ste Disposal Fund		Development oration		Total
ASSETS			108			
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	136,861	\$	33,167	\$	170,028
Investments		-		1,676,379		1,676,379
Receivables, net		97,754		50		97,804
Inventory		1,779		Ξ.		1,779
Nonproperty taxes		-		36,602		36,60
Notes receivable, current portion		-		1,975		1,97
Due from other funds		119,904		560,320		680,224
Due from component units		585,991				585,99
Total current assets		942,289		2,308,493		3,250,78
Noncurrent assets:						
Notes receivable		-		35,851		35,853
Capital assets				0.00		0.020000
Land		-		388,558		388,55
Construction in progress				11,311		11,31
Buildings		-		592,648		592,648
Machinery and equipment		1,809,443				1,809,443
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,688,591)		(137,381)		(1,825,972
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		120,852		855,136		975,988
Total assets		1,063,141		3,199,480		4,262,621
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability		11,362		-		11,362
Deferred outflows related to total OPEB liability Total deferred outflows of resources		2,206 13,568				2,206
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	Ś	1,076,709	Ś	3,199,480	Ś	4,276,189
			*	0,200,000	T	.,,
Current liabilities	¢.	24.464	<i>~</i>	1 070		26.44
Accounts payable	\$	24,164	Ş	1,979	\$	26,143
Due to other funds		36,858		0.526		36,858
Due to component units		163,364		8,536		171,900
Unearned revenues		-		44,192		44,192
Current portion of long-term debt		4,294		38,598		42,892
Total current liabilities		228,680		93,305		321,985
Noncurrent liabilities						
Unearned revenues		-		132,577		132,577
Due in more than one year		2 -		1,480,152		1,480,152
Net pension liability		66,394		~		66,394
Total OPEB liability		9,734		-0		9,734
Total noncurrent liabilities		76,128		1,612,729		1,688,857
Total liabilities		304,808		1,706,034		2,010,842
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
		17 222				17 22
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability		17,222		-		17,222
Deferred inflows related to total OPEB liability Total deferred inflows of resources		608 17,830		-		608 17,830
NET POSITION						
		116 660		659,712		776,270
Net investment in capital assets		116,558		1000 parts \$671		10 IN 120410-121 12
Unrestricted Total net position		637,513 754,071		833,734		1,471,24
rotarnet position		754,071		1,433,440		2,247,517
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		4 0== ====		0.460.10-		
and net position	\$	1,076,709	\$	3,199,480	Ş	4,276,189

City of La Feria, Texas Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the year ended September 30, 2021										
		Enterprise								
		Funds								
		Economic Development								
	Fund	Corporation	Total							
Operating revenues										
Nonproperty taxes	\$ - \$	461,841	\$ 461,841							
Operating grants and contributions	-	44,192	44,192							
Charges for services	1,099,890	37,040	1,136,930							
Total operating revenues	1,099,890	543,073	1,642,963							
Operating expenses										
Personnel services	136,540	-	136,540							
Contractual services	402,606	157,657	560,263							
Materials, supplies and repairs	94,073	9,521	103,594							
Heat, light and power	44,454	-	44,454							
Depreciation	125,648	22,027	147,675							
Other	6,676	18,750	25,426							
Total operating expenses	809,997	207,955	1,017,952							
Operating income	289,893	335,118	625,011							
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)										
Interest income	-	1,142	1,142							
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	1,142	1,142							
Income before transfers	289,893	336,260	626,153							
Transfers out	(550,000)	(163,169)	(713,169)							
	(550,000)	(163,169)	(713,169)							
Change in net position	(260,107)	173,091	(87,016)							
Net positionbeginning	1,014,178	1,320,355	2,334,533							
Total net position, end of year	\$ 754,071 \$	1,493,446	\$ 2,247,517							

For the year ended September 30, 2021

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City of La Feria, Texas Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

			Enterprise	
			Funds	
	Waste		Economic	
	Disposa		Development	
	Fund		Corporation	Total
Cash flows from operating activities				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,090,1		17 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	\$ 1,584,070
Payments to suppliers	(532,0		(183,989)	(716,084
Payments to employees	(139,4			(139,404
Net cash provided by operations	418,6	80	309,902	728,582
Cash flows from (to) noncapital financing activities				
Transfers out to other funds and component units	(550,0	00)	(154,633)	(704,633
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(550,0	00)	(154,633)	(704,633
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Proceeds from note payable		-	1,518,750	1,518,750
Principal paid on long-term debt		70	=	570
Net cash provided in capital and related financing activities	5	70	1,518,750	1,519,320
Cash flows from investing activities				
Payments received from notes receivable		-	1,334	1,334
Interest income received	(10.0	-	1,142	1,142
Purchase of capital assets	(13,9	30)	(11,311)	(25,241
Purchase of investments	(12.0	-	(1,656,182)	(1,656,182
Net cash used in by investing activities	(13,9	30)	(1,665,017)	(1,678,947
Net increase (dcrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(144,6		9,002	(135,678
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	281,5		24,165	305,706
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 136,8	61 3	\$ 33,167	\$ 170,028
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided				
by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$ 289,8	93 9	\$ 335,118	\$ 625,011
Adjustments to reconcile net income from operations to net				
cash from operating activities				
Depreciation expense	125,6	48	22,027	147,675
Non-cash operating grants		-	(44,192)	(44,192
Effect of increases and decreases in current				
assets and liabilities				
Decrease (increase) in receivables, net	(9,7	11)	(4,990)	(14,701
Decrease (increase) in inventory	(5	95)	-	(595
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability	7,2	53	-	7,253
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to total OPEB liability	2	03	-	203
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	17,4		1,939	19,432
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(12,0		-	(12,034
Increase (decrease) in total OPEB liability	1,8		-	1,867
Decrease (increase) in deferred outlfows related to net pension liability		23)	-	(523
Decrease (increase) in deferred outlfows related to total OPEB liability		14)	-	(814
Total adjustments	128,7		(25,216)	103,571
Net cash provided by operations	\$ 418,6	80 9	\$ 309,902	\$ 728,582

City of La Feria, Texas Discretely Presented Component Units Combining Statement of Net Position

September 3	0, 2021
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	Waterworks and Sewer System	La Feria Industrial Development Corporation	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 475	\$ 5,307	\$ 5,782
Investments	-	3,284,519	3,284,519
Receivables, net			
Service	228,242	-	228,242
Other	730,992	134	731,126
Intergovernmental	208,133	36,602	244,735
Current portion of note receivable	-	107,528	107,528
Due from primary government	-		-
Inventories	39,461	-	39,461
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,273,313	110,508	1,383,821
Investments	593,685	-	593,685
Total current assets	3,074,301	3,544,598	6,618,899
NOTES RECEIVABLE	-	405,668	405,668
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Depreciable			
Buildings	4,518,231	1,404,943	5,923,174
Water distribution system	25,029,856	-	25,029,856
Sewer distribution system	21,755,538	-	21,755,538
Furniture, fixture and equipment	3,625,138	38,699	3,663,837
Vehicles	462,316	18	462,316
	55,391,079	1,443,642	56,834,721
Less accumulated depreciation	(16,516,092)	(392,734)	(16,908,826
	38,874,987	1,050,908	39,925,895
Nondepreciable			
Land	357,079	2,103,949	2,461,028
Easements	117,758	-	117,758
Certificate of Convenience and Necessity	115,978	-	115,978
Construction in progress	1,128,614	80,063	1,208,677
	1,719,429	2,184,012	3,903,441
Total capital assets (net of			
accumulated depreciation)	40,594,416	3,234,920	43,829,336
Total assets	43,668,717	7,185,186	50,853,903
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability	13,476	-	13,476
Deferred outflows related to het pension hability	69,420	-	69,420
Total deferred outflows of resources	82,896	-	82,896
	52,550		52,000
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 43,751,613	\$ 7,185,186	\$ 50,936,799

City of La Feria, Texas Discretely Presented Component Units Combining Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2021

	Waterworks and Sewer System		l De	La Feria ndustrial velopment orporation		Totals
LIABILITIES		System	corporation			Totals
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	869,677	\$	1,965	\$	871,642
Accounts payable Accrued expenses and other liabilities	Ş	8,452	Ş	1,905	Ş	8,452
Unearned revenues		1,273,313		6,904		1,280,217
Due to primary government		2,092,646		318		2,092,964
Current portion of long term debt		2,092,040 590,000		70,957		
Total current liabilities		4,834,088		80,144		660,957 4,914,232
Total current habilities		4,854,088		80,144		4,914,252
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets						
Meter deposits		193,051		-		193,051
Total current liabilities payable		,				,,
from restricted assets		193,051		-		193,051
Noncurrent liabilities	405 670					105 672
Net pension liability		405,673	-			405,673
Total OPEB liability		59,478		-		59,478
Compensated absences		8,339		-		8,339
Notes payable, net of current portion		1,661,973		2,460,293		4,122,266
Revenue bonds payable		1,650,000		-		1,650,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,785,463		2,460,293		6,245,756
Total liabilities		8,812,602		2,540,437		11,353,039
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability		105,229		-		105,229
Deferred inflows related to total OPEB liability		3,714		-		3,714
Total deferred inflows of resources		108,943				108,943
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		34,599,797		3,123,394		37,723,191
Restricted for capital projects		-		123,123		123,123
Unrestricted		230,271		1,398,232		1,628,503
Total net position		34,830,068		4,644,749		39,474,817
·				an a		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	43,751,613	\$	7,185,186	\$	50,936,799

City of La Feria, Texas Discretely Presented Component Units Combining Statement of Activities

For the year ended September 30, 2021

					Program revenues						
		Operating Charges for Grants and Expenses Services Contribution:						Charges for Grants and		s and	pital Grants and ontributions
Component units											
Waterworks and Sewer System Industrial Development Corporation	\$	3,428,239 411,535	\$	2,482,329 70,503	\$	-	\$	1,028,736 200,512			
Total component units	\$	3,839,774	\$	2,552,832	\$	-	\$	1,229,248			

General revenues:

Taxes

Sales taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on disposal of asset

Other nonoperating revenue (expense)

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position--beginning

Net position--ending

-	Compo	nen	t units			
Net	22		hange in Net Position			
	(]]]		La Feria			
v	Vaterworks		Industrial			
2	and Sewer	Development				
	System Corporation				Totals	
\$	82,826	\$	-	\$	82,826	
	-		(140,520)		(140,520)	
	82,826		(140,520)		(57,694)	
			461,841		461,841	
	-		11,493		11,493	
	_*		71,386		71,386	
	-		17,408		17,408	
	-		562,128		562,128	
	82,826		421,608 504			
	34,747,242		4,223,141		38,970,383	
\$	34,830,068	\$	4,644,749	\$	39,474,817	

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The City of La Feria, Texas (the "City") was incorporated on March 22, 1915, under the provisions of the laws for the State of Texas. The home rule charter was adopted on November 7, 1989 and amended on May 12, 2007. The City operates under a City Commission - Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. Other services include utilities (water and wastewater). The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City's Economic Development Corporation is a blended component unit. The La Feria Economic Development Corporation (the "Corporation") is a Section 4B non-profit industrial development corporation governed by a seven-member board appointed by the City. The Corporation is funded through a sales tax levy of one half of one percent. The purpose of the Corporation is to promote economic development within the City. The City has a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit and financial accountability over the Corporation. The Corporation also maintains a September 30 fiscal year end.

Discretely presented component units - Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. Discretely presented component units include the following:

The City of La Feria Waterworks and Sewer System (the "System") is governed by a five-member board appointed by the City. The System is intended to operate on a self-supporting basis through user water and sewer charges. The City appoints the Board, has imposition of will, and financial accountability over the System. The System also maintains a September 30 fiscal year end.

The La Feria Industrial Development Corporation (the "Corporation") is a Section 4A non-profit industrial development corporation governed by a five-member board appointed by the City. The Corporation is funded through a sales tax levy of one half of one percent. The purpose of the Corporation is to promote industrial development within the City. The City appoints the Board, has imposition of will, and financial accountability over the Corporation. The Corporation also maintains a September 30 fiscal year end.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained directly from their administrative offices as indicated.

Waterworks and Sewer System 115 East Commercial Avenue La Feria, Texas 78559 La Feria Industrial Development Corporation 115 East Commercial Avenue La Feria, Texas 78559

La Feria Economic Development Corporation 115 East Commercial Avenue La Feria, Texas 78559

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities. Business-type activities rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The City and its component units did not have fiduciary funds for this fiscal year. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and *the modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers property tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (normally within 90 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The proprietary funds and discretely presented component units are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis* of accounting.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

As discussed earlier, the City has two discretely presented component units. These component units are shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's wastewater and sanitation services functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and proprietary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. An ad valorem tax rate and levy is required to be computed and levied, which will be sufficient to produce the money required to pay principal and interest as it becomes due and provide the interest and sinking fund reserve.

The Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund, a Capital Projects Fund, accounts for various capital improvements with the use of proceeds from the issuance of Certificates of Obligation Series 2015.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Waterworks and Sewer System and of the waste disposal fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Waterworks and Sewer System also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Principal operating revenues of the EDC and IDC include lease and rental fees. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds (with the exception of capital projects funds, which adopt project based budgets) and lapse at fiscal year-end.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. City Management establishes the amount of estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation for the succeeding budget year.
- b. City Management submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- c. Public hearings are conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- d. Prior to October 1, the budget is adopted by the City Commission.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- e. Revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Commission. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which the governing body must approve any over expenditure of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts) is at the fund level, with the City manager being authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between functional categories within a fund (ex: general government, public safety, highways and streets, and culture and recreation) without prior City Commission approval. The final annual amended appropriated budgets are used in this report.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund.
- g. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds were adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.
- h. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

At September 30, 2021, expenditures did not exceed total budgeted appropriations which is the legal level determined by the City.

Fund Balances Policies

Fund balance of the governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable: Resources that are 1) not in spendable form, such as inventories, prepaids, long-term receivables, or non-financial assets held for resale, or 2) required to be maintained intact such as an endowment.
- **Restricted**: Resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions; these restrictions would be either 1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Committed**: Resources that are constrained to specific purposes by a formal action of the City Commission such as an ordinance or resolution. The constraint remains binding unless removed in the same formal manner by the City Commission. City Commission action to commit fund balance must occur within the fiscal reporting period while the amount committed may be determined subsequently.
- **Assigned:** Resources that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed.
- **Unassigned:** Within the General Fund, the residual resources, either positive or negative, in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the other four fund balance categories. Within all other governmental funds, the negative residual resources in excess of what can be properly classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Committed fund balance is established, modified and/or rescinded by the City Commission in the form of a resolution. City Commission action to commit fund balance must occur within the fiscal reporting period while the amount committed may be determined subsequently.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) fund balances are available, the City's policy is to first apply restricted fund balance. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City's policy is to first apply committed fund balance, then assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

This policy delegates to the City Manager the authority to assign unrestricted fund balance amounts where the City's intent is for those amounts to be used for specific purposes. This delegation of authority is for the sole purpose of reporting these amounts in the annual financial statements.

As of and during the year ended September 30, 2021, the City had assigned fund balance which was for the Promotion of La Feria Fund and forfeiture fund.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include all demand deposits and shortterm investments (inclusive of restricted assets) with maturity dates within ninety days of the date initially acquired.

b. Deposits, Investments and Investment Policies

Investment Accounting Policy

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the City were in accordance with local policies.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Act determines the types of investments, which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, the state of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The City policy authorizes all the State allowable investments.

The City's management believes that it has complied in all material respects with the requirements of the act and the City's investment policies.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterpart (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Public Funds Investment Act, the City's investment policy, and Government Code Chapter 2257 "Collateral for Public Funds" contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments.

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

Cash Deposits and Investments

Investments for the City are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices) except for the position in the Texas CLASS external investment pool, which meets all of the specified criteria in Section I50: *Investments* to qualify to elect to measure their investments at amortized cost. Accordingly, the fair value of the City's position in the pool is equal to the value of the pooled shares.

At September 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the City and its component unit's cash deposits, (cash, certificates of deposit and interest-bearing savings accounts) was \$3,886,014. The City's cash deposits during the year ended September 30, 2021 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held in the City's name by a bank other than the pledging bank. In addition, the City and its component units held \$6,901,444 in investments in Texas CLASS external investment pools.

Restricted cash in the amount of \$1,287 represents bond proceeds from the City's Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 Fund. The proceeds of the Certificates are restricted for constructing various capital improvements in and around the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units Cash Deposits

The component units' unrestricted cash totaled \$5,782 at September 30, 2021.

Restricted cash for qualified business loans under the Revolving Loan and Intermediary Lending Programs totaled \$110,508. Restricted amounts for meter deposits and debt service reserve funds were \$569,675 and were held in investments in Texas CLASS external investment pools.

Restricted cash in the amount of \$1,273,313 represents loan forgiveness funds held in escrow which were provided by the Texas Water Development Board through the Disadvantaged Community Programs. The escrow accounts are on deposit at Bank of Texas and are not considered as a banking deposit for the City under the terms of the escrow agreements and loan forgiveness grants. The funds are restricted for approved system improvements and are disbursed to the City with the approval from the TWDB as funds are earned.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of *combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

a. Name of Bank: Texas National Bank.

b. *Amount of bond and/or market value of securities pledged* as of the date of the highest *combined balance on deposit were \$1,747,836 and occurred during the month of November 2020. The combined deposit balances on that day were \$1,505,830.

The City's cash deposits were properly secured at all times by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held in the City's name by a bank other than the pledging bank in accordance with Texas Law.

*Combined balances include all of the City of La Feria and component unit cash accounts on deposit at Compass Bank.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City's investment policy is silent as to maximum investment maturities allowed.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of September 30, 2021, the investments in the Texas CLASS external investment pool was rated AAAm by Moody's Investor Service and Standards and Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the Public Funds Investment Act. The City's portfolio only consisted of amounts in the public funds investment pools, discussed below.

Public Funds Investment Pools

Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust ("Texas CLASS"), is an investment pool (local government investment pool) for its participants pursuant to Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code. Texas CLASS reports its financial statements in accordance with Financial Accounting Standard Boards (FASB) and follows ASC 820 "Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements" in reporting its investments. For pricing and redeeming shares, Texas CLASS maintains a stable net asset value (NAV) of \$1 per share using the fair value method.

For financial reporting purposes the City's governmental activities reported amounts for investment pools of \$3,023,240 as investments on the statement of net position. Discretely presented component units reported \$3,878,204, of which \$593,685 is restricted, as investments on the Statement of Net Position as of September 30, 2021. There were no unfunded commitments as of September 30, 2021, and amounts reported in the investment pool had a daily redemption frequency and do not require prior notice for redemption.

c. Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied as of October 1, on property values assessed as of January 1 of the same year. The tax levy are billed and considered past due February 1, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

Unbilled receivables – An amount for unbilled revenue is recorded in the Wastewater System and Waste Disposal funds for services rendered, but not yet billed as of the end of the fiscal year. The receivable is derived from the cycle billings generated subsequent to fiscal year end and prorated for usage in September.

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenue recorded on the governmental fund balance sheet represents amounts received before eligibility requirements are met.

d. Interfund Activities and Transactions

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" within the fund financial statements. Long-term borrowings between funds are classified as "advances to other funds" or "advances from other funds" in the fund financial statements. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any residual balance outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities at the end of the fiscal year, which are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund transactions are reflected as services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Services provided, deemed to be at or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when a fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or business-type funds are funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

e. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) basis. The costs of governmental fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

f. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the City are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. Special restricted asset accounts have been established to account for the sources and uses of these limited use assets as follows:

Customer deposit accounts – Deposited in non-interest bearing accounts and refunded upon termination of service with the City and satisfaction of all obligations due.

Bond and capital activities – Includes certain proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for the repayment of bonds or future capital activities.

g. Capital Assets

The capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Within the proprietary funds, interest cost, less interest earned on investments acquired with proceeds of related borrowing, is capitalized during the construction of capital projects when material. No interest was capitalized by the City during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Building and system	25 to 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	3 to 10 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10 years
Infrastructure	5 to 25 years

h. Compensated Absences

The vacation allowance for eligible employees is based upon length of service according to the following schedule:

Length of Service	Vacation Allowed
After 1 year	5 days
After 2 years	10 days
After 5 years	12 days
After 10 years	15 days
After 20 years	20 days

Sick leave accumulates at the rate of 5 days per year and may not be accumulated from year to year. In addition, upon termination from the City, employees will not be entitled to be paid for any unused sick leave, therefore, a liability for these amounts is not recorded

Vacation time may not be accrued for more than that allowed in a one-year period. Compensatory time (i.e., overtime for work performed beyond normal working hours) must be used within 30 workdays of being accrued. As a result, although unused vacation and compensatory time is payable to the employee upon termination, the accumulated amount at September 30, 2021 was recognized as accrued when earned during the one-year period in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Last year's liability was recognized for \$97,232, this year's liability due within a year is \$77,793 including the portions allocated to the component units. This amount is included under non-current liabilities, due within one year.

i. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statement, and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as insurance costs on issuance, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed during the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

j. Categories and Classification of Fund Equity

Net position flow assumption – Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund balance flow assumptions – Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, specifies the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing council (council) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

Deficit Fund Equity

A deficit balance in the general fund balance occurred in the amount of \$1,773,266 at September 30, 2021. Management is currently formulating a long-term plan to address the deficit and improve the City's financial condition.

k. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program revenues – Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property taxes – Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied as of January 1st. Property taxes are levied as of October 1. The county appraisal district certifies the tax roll by July 25th. This tax roll is used by the City to adopt a tax rate by September 1st or soon thereafter. The tax bills are mailed on October 1 or soon thereafter and are due and payable upon receipt. The billings become delinquent as of February 1 of the following calendar year and penalties and interest may be assessed by the City.

Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses – Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Waterworks and Sewer System recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

k. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditure of monies are recorded as reservations of budget, is employed as an extension of the statutory required budgetary process. At year-end, outstanding encumbrances represent material purchase commitments for goods and services which were ordered, budgeted, and appropriated, but had not been received or completed at date. Although encumbrances lapse at year-end, it is the intention to substantially honor these encumbrances under authority provided in the subsequent year's budget. There were no significant encumbrances at year-end.

m. Net Position

The City's Net Position is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets: consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position: consists of net position that is subject to a legally enforceable restriction on their use.

Unrestricted: consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

n. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred outflows related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are reported for changes in actuarial assumptions, differences in projected and actual investment performance, and for contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, grants and other. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows related to pensions are recorded for differences between actual and expected economic experience.

o. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense, City specific information about its Fiduciary Net Position in the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from the City's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS.

For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the City's Total Pension Liability is obtained from TMRS through a report prepared for the City by TMRS consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

p. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) Supplemental Death Benefit has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting.

This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from the applicable OPEB's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Information regarding the City's total OPEB liability related to the TMRS Supplemental Death Benefit is obtained from TMRS through a report prepared by TMRS consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

q. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be used, August 24, 2022 and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

r. Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The objective of GASB Statement No. 87 is to improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. GASB Statement No. 87 establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB Statement No. 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources. Management is evaluating the effects that the full implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 will have on its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*. This statement will enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and will simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

r. Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The City is evaluating the requirements of the above statements and the impact on reporting. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscriptionbased information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Assets and liabilities resulting from SBITAs should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year in which this Statement is implemented. Governments are permitted, but are not required, to include in the measurement of the subscription asset capitalizable outlays associated with the initial implementation stage and the operation and additional implementation stage incurred prior to the implementation of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this Statement that are related to the accounting and financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

The City is evaluating the requirements of the above statements and the impact on reporting.

NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Receivables

1. Property Tax Receivable

Taxes are levied each October 1st and become delinquent on February 1st of the following year. Liens for unpaid taxes go into effect on July 1st of the year the taxes become delinquent. The City may not have a tax rate higher than \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Statutes require that all assessments be made on 100% of fair value.

	Debt					
	General Service Fund Fund			Service		
				Fund		Total
Gross property taxes receivable	\$	88,503	\$	163,000	\$	251,503
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		(34,512)	(55,778)			(90,290)
Net property taxes receivable	\$	53,991	\$	107,222	\$	161,213

2. Service Receivables

Service receivables consist of uncollected amounts billed to customers for water, sewer and other services. At September 30, 2021, the City reflected service receivables of the following:

\$ 134,733

\$ 228,242

93,509

\$	97,754
	97,941
\$	195,695
-	\$

Component Units Activities Water services Sewer services Total

NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

3. Governmental Activities

Receivables for governmental activities at September 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	General	Debt Service Fund			Nonmajor Funds		Total
Receivables							
Property taxes	\$ 88,503	\$	163,000	\$	-	\$	251,503
Other taxes	73,204		-		×		73,204
Accounts	97,941		, .		-		97,941
Intergovernmental	749,804		-		-		749,804
Other	2 — 1		-		132,076		132,076
Less allowance for uncollectibles	(603,718)		(55,778)		-		(659,496)
Net total receivables	\$ 405,734	\$	107,222	\$	132,076	\$	645,032

4. Component Units

In an effort to stimulate economic growth in the business community, the La Feria Industrial Development Corporation (LFIDC) offers loans to various businesses. One of these programs is the Revolving Loan Fund Program funded by USDA. The Revolving Loan Program was established to assist small businesses to access low interest loans to help with the expansion of a current business or to start a new business in the City of La Feria. The following is a summary of notes receivable payable to the IDC at September 30, 2021:

Revolving loan program	
Aaron's Brakes	\$ 34,491
Valley Liftman	24,875
STCHD Bearfield	32,758
Sale of Depot Subdivision	13,225
RLF #1 to STEM	52,265
Lucania	87,000
Other receivables	
Noble Texas Builders	87,247
Forgivable Loan Program	181,335
Total	\$ 513,196

NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Restricted Assets

Governmental Funds

Certificate of Obligation Series 2015 Fund	\$ 1,287
Total	\$ 1,287
Discretely Presented Component Units	
Discretely Presented Component Units - Enterprise Funds	
LFIDC Revolving Loan Fund – business loans	\$ 110,508
Debt Service Reserve	411,714
Meter deposits	181,971
Texas Water Development Board-grant/loan forgiveness escrow	1,273,313
Total	\$ 1,977,506

C. Net Position

Net position is composed of three categories: Net investment in Capital Assets, Restricted and Unrestricted.

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Component Units
Net investment in capital assets consists of the following:			
Long-term assets			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 25,236,560	\$ 975,988	\$ 43,829,336
Less related liabilities (bonds, unearned revenues*, due to primary government and notes payable)			
	(13,251,324)	(1,699,813)	(8,526,187)
Restricted investments (unexpended bond proceeds)	2,788,414	1,500,095	2,420,042
Net investment in capital assets	14,773,650	776,270	37,723,191
Restricted Net Position consists of the following:			
Debt service	1,771,873	-	-
Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone	300,174	=	
Capital projects	-	-	123,123
Unrestricted net position	(969,786)	1,471,247	1,628,503
Total net position	\$ 15,875,911	\$ 2,247,517	\$ 39,474,817

*Not all unearned revenues are related to capital assets

NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

Primary Government

	20	inning Balance tober 1, 2020		Additions	D	eletions	 Transfers		nding Balance ember 30, 2021
Governmental Activities	00	100001,2020	,	Additions		eletions		Sept	ember 30, 2021
Capital assets, not being depreciated									
Land	\$	1,721,963	\$	-	\$		\$ (357,600)	\$	1,364,363
Construction in progress		130,800		77,163		=	-		207,963
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,852,763		77,163		-0	(357,600)		1,572,326
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Buildings and systems		27,320,384		61,054		-	-		27,381,438
Improvements other than buildings		14,758,320		17,285		-	-		14,775,605
Machinery and equipment		6,294,221		440,621		-	1077		6,734,842
Total capital assets, being depreciated		48,372,925		518,960		8			48,891,885
Less accumulated depreciation for									
Buildings and systems		(5,164,601)		(1,107,731)		-	10		(6,272,332)
Improvements other than buildings		(13,733,922)		(285,877)		-8	-		(14,019,799)
Machinery and equipment		(4,680,237)		(255,283)		-	6 		(4,935,520)
Total accumulated depreciation		(23,578,760)		(1,648,891)		-	8 <u>11</u>		(25,227,651)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		24,794,165		(1,129,931)		-	in the second se		23,664,234
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	26,646,928	\$	(1,052,768)	\$	Ð	\$ (357,600)	\$	25,236,560
Business-type Activities									
Capital assets, not being depreciated									
Land	\$	388,558	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,000	\$	392,558
Construction in progress		=		7,311		-0			7,311
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		388,558		7,311		-	4,000		399,869
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Buildings		592,648		-		-	-		592,648
Machinery and equipment		1,795,514		13,930		-	1		1,809,444
Total capital assets, being depreciated		2,388,162		13,930		-	2 <u>11</u>		2,402,092
Less accumulated depreciation for									
Buildings		(115,354)		(22,027)		-	-		(137,381)
Machinery and equipment		(1,562,944)		(125,648)		-	9		(1,688,592)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,678,298)		(147,675)		-	8 <u>-</u>		(1,825,973)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		709,864		(133,745)		-	-		576,119
Business-type activities capital assets, net	Ś	1,098,422	\$	(126,434)	\$	-	\$ 4,000	\$	975,988

NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General government	\$	764,921
Public safety		594,425
Highways and streets		108,827
Health and welfare		8,574
Culture and recreation		172,144
Total depreciation expenses - governmental activities	\$	1,648,891
Business-type activities		
Waste disposal fund	Ś	125,648
Economic Development	·	22,027
Total depreciation expenses - business-type activities	\$	147,675

Discretely Presented Component Units

	0	inning Balance tober 1, 2020	Additions Deletions Transfers				Ending Balance September 30, 2021		
Waterworks and Sewer System									
Capital assets, not being depreciated									
Land	\$	357,079	\$ -<	07	\$-		5 -	\$	357,079
Easement		117,758	-,		-		-		117,758
CCN		115,978	-		Ξ.		-		115,978
Construction in progress		103,878	1,028,736		-		(4,000)		1,128,614
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		694,693	1,028,736		-		(4,000)		1,719,429
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Machinery and equipment		4,081,031	6,423		-		-		4,087,454
Infrastructure		51,290,038	13,587		-		×		51,303,625
Total capital assets, being depreciated		55,371,069	20,010		-		-		55,391,079
Less accumulated depreciation for									
Machinery		(2,164,117)	(184,981)		-		-		(2,349,098)
Infrastructure		(12,891,695)	(1,275,299)		-		=		(14,166,994)
Total accumulated depreciation		(15,055,812)	(1,460,280)		-		-		(16,516,092)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		40,315,257	(1,440,270)		-		-		38,874,987
Waterworks and Sewer System activities capital assets, net	\$	41,009,950	\$ (411,534)	4	\$ -	0,	\$ (4,000)	\$	40,594,416

	0	nning Balance tober 1, 2020	Additions	[Deletions	Transfers	g Balance Der 30, 2021
Industrial Development Corporation							
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Land	\$	2,482,851 \$	-	\$	(736,502)	\$ 357,600	\$ 2,103,949
Construction in progress		-	80,063		-	-	80,063
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		2,482,851	80,063		(736,502)	357,600	2,184,012
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Buildings and improvements		1,404,942	-		-	-	1,404,942
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		24,184	14,515		-	=	38,699
Total capital assets, being depreciated		1,429,126	14,515		-	-	1,443,641
Less accumulated depreciation for							
Buildings and improvements		(333,311)	(35,238)		-	-	(368,549)
Furnitures, fixtures and equipment		(24,184)	1990 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 -		-	-	(24,184)
Total accumulated depreciation		(357,495)	(35,238)		-	-	(392,733)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,071,631	(20,723)		-	S.	1,050,908
Industrial Development Corporation activities							
capital assets, net	\$	3,554,482 \$	59,340	\$	(736,502)	\$ 357,600	\$ 3,234,920

NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Construction Commitments

At September 30, 2021, the City was a party to the following contracts:

Governmental Funds:

The City was awarded a grant in the amount of \$18,400,000 from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and passed through the Texas General Land Office (GLO) under the Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Program to fund improvements to the public flood and drainage facilities and components, as well as watershed improvements. The GLO is the lead state agency for managing disaster recovery grants through HUD. Construction of the watershed improvements and other public flood components funded with GLO funds is completed but the City is waiting on final approval of the project from GLO for release of final funds.

As part of these improvements, the City worked with the La Feria Irrigation District (LFID) as some of the areas of improvement were property of the LFID. In order to finalize the project and obtain the necessary engineering certifications required by GLO to release the final funds to reimburse the City, the City has entered into an agreement with the LFID to complete these improvements. The agreement stipulates that, beginning with the fiscal year 2019-2020, the City will pay \$100,000 per year for a period of 10 years to the LFID in order to fund the improvements. These amounts will be considered expenditures when paid and do not represent asset additions of the City, although the City will benefit from the infrastructure improvements.

NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Construction Commitments

Waterworks and Sewer System:

The Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) approved a \$7,167,700 loan forgiveness loan from the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) Disadvantaged Community Program to finance water system improvements on May 4, 2011. The proposed project consists of water treatment plant and distribution improvements and upgrades to comply with the disinfection byproducts rule. Improvements to the water treatment plant include electrical motor controls and the installation of a Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system. The distribution improvements include extending water lines to provide first time service to disadvantaged areas, replacing water meters and implementing an automated meter reading and leak detection system to improve efficiency and reduce water loss. Construction on this project started in January 2014 and all projects that were started are now completed. The City is working with the TWDB to complete any remaining items in the 2021 fiscal year or after. Remaining funds available to fund these projects are \$387,126 which are in an escrow fund and reflected as restricted cash and unearned revenue in the City of La Feria Waterworks component unit.

On May 4, 2011, the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) also approved an \$8,381,340 loan forgiveness grant from the Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) Disadvantaged Community Program to finance wastewater system improvements. The proposed project includes extending first-time sanitary sewer service to several disadvantaged areas by constructing and installing approximately 31,550 feet of pipe, three lift stations and manholes and related appurtenances. Also included in the project is the purchase and installation of a SCADA system at the System's wastewater treatment plant. Construction on this project began in April 2014 and all projects which had previously been started are now complete. The City is working with the TWDB to complete any remaining items in the 2021 fiscal year. Remaining funds available to fund these projects are \$886,187 which are in an escrow fund and reflected as restricted cash and unearned revenue in the City of La Feria Waterworks component unit.

NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

E. Inter-fund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The following is a summary of the composition of inter-fund balances at September 30, 2021:

				F	Payable Fund			
				1	Non-major	Bu	siness-Type	
	General	CO B	onds	Gc	vernmental		Activities	
Receivable Fund	Fund	Series 20	15 Fund		Funds	Waste	Disposal Fund	Total
Governmental Funds								
General Fund	\$ 26,220	\$		\$	78,868	\$	30,526	\$ 135,614
Debt Service	407,929				-		-	407,929
C O Bonds - Series 2015 Fund	2,485,252		-		-		-	2,485,252
Non-major Governmental Funds	159,278		-		=		6,332	165,610
Subtotal	3,078,679)=		78,868		36,858	3,194,405
Business Type Activities								
Economic Development Corporation	560,320		-				-	560,320
Waste Disposal Fund	119,904		2=		-		-	119,904
Subtotal	680,224		-		-		-	680,224
Total interfund balances	\$ 3,758,903	\$	-	\$	78,868	\$	36,858	\$ 3,874,629

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. Balances due to the C.O. Bonds Series 2015 and non-major Governmental Funds are not anticipated to be repaid within one year.

Transfers

Inter-fund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Transfer In										
Transfer Out		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		lon-major vernmental Funds		Total			
Governmental funds											
General Fund	\$	-	\$		\$	2,373	\$	2,373			
Non-major Governmental Funds		-		=							
Subtotal		-		-		2,373		2,373			
Transfer out				Transfer In							
Business-type activities				Transfer in							
Economic Development Corporation		67,500		95,669		-		163,169			
Waste Disposal Fund		550,000		-		-		550,000			
Subtotal		617,500		95,669				713,169			
Total transfers	\$	617,500	\$	95,669	\$	2,373	\$	715,542			

NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

E. Inter-fund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Transfers are used to move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies. Transfers to the debt service fund primarily represent resources which the general fund received from the La Feria Waterworks & Sewer System, EDC, and IDC, to fund the respective portion of debt service which is provided for those entities, where the debt is paid out of the debt service fund.

NOTE 3: LONG-TERM DEBT

1. General Government Bank Notes and Long-Term Notes Payable

Long-term notes payable at September 30, 2021 consist of the following:

City of La Feria

Note payable to *D.A. Werlla and A.G. Diesing* dated January 13, 2013, original principal amount of \$320,000, payable in fifty-nine monthly installments of \$2,700 (including interest) and a final payment due at maturity on January 18, 2023 in the amount of any unpaid principal and accrued unpaid interest. The note is secured by land being financed, a 24.041 acre tract of land purchased for the City's future economic development project and payable from general fund revenues. This note matured during the current fiscal year and as of September 30, 2021 it is no longer outstanding.

Note payable to *Government Capital Corporation - Southside Bank* dated February 7, 2014, original principal amount of \$373,474, payable in seven annual installments of \$59,316 (including interest) with the first payment due on November 15, 2014 and a final payment due at maturity on November 15, 2020. The note is payable from general fund revenues. This note matured during the current fiscal year and as of September 30, 2021 it is no longer outstanding.

2. General Government Capital Lease

The government entered into a 10-year lease purchase agreement with Musco Finance, LLC on July 8, 2013, with the first payment due on July 8, 2014 for the acquisition and installation of a "green lighting project system" at one of the municipal baseball parks. The lighting equipment has a ten-year estimated useful life and is valued at \$122,000. The installation of the equipment was completed in October 2013. This year, \$12,200 was included in depreciation expense. This purchase lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The lease purchase agreement is secured by the lighting equipment being financed, and is payable from general fund revenues. A final payment of \$15,849 is due on July 8, 2023, at which time the title of the lighting equipment passes to the government and becomes property of the government. The balance at September 30, 2021 was \$29,442.

NOTE 3: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

2. General Government Capital Lease (Continued)

The City entered into a 10 year lease on November 14, 2018, with payments due annually beginning with the first payment due on November 1, 2019, for the acquisition of a fire truck. The fire truck has a tenyear estimated useful life and is valued at \$240,000. The fire truck was placed in service in December of 2018. This purchase lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The lease purchase agreement is secured by the fire truck being financed, and is payable from general fund revenues. Payments are due annually, with the first two payments of \$15,000 and the remaining payments for \$26,433.26. Final payment is due on November 1, 2028, at which time the title of the fire truck passes to the government and becomes property of the government. The balance at September 30, 2021 was \$176,189.

The City entered into a 10 year lease on November 10, 2020, with payments due annually beginning with the first payment due on January 13, 2022, for the acquisition of a street sweeper. The street sweeper has a ten-year estimated useful life and is valued at \$279,266. The street sweeper was placed in service in June of 2021. This purchase lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The lease purchase agreement is secured by the street sweeper being financed, and is payable from general fund revenues. Payments are due annually, with the first two payments of \$20,000 and the remaining payments for \$46,396.30. Final payment is due on January 13, 2029, at which time the title of street sweeper passes to the government and becomes property of the government. The balance at September 30, 2021 was \$279,266.

The City entered into a 5 year lease on August 10, 2021, with payments due annually beginning with the first payment due on November 1, 2022, for the acquisition of three Ford explorer vehicles. The police vehicles has a seven-year estimated useful life and is valued at \$194,857. The police vehicles have not been placed in service in as of September 30, 2021. This purchase lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The lease purchase agreement is secured by the vehicles being financed, and is payable from general fund revenues. Payments are due annually with 5 annual payments of \$42,749.31. Final payment is due on November 1, 2026, at which time the title of the police vehicles passes to the government and becomes property of the government. The balance at September 30, 2021 was \$194,857.

Year Ending	Gov	/ernmental
September 30,	A	Activities
2022	\$	105,031
2023		105,031
2024		115,579
2025		115,579
2026		115,579
Thereafter		218,489
Total minimum lease payments		775,288
Less amount representing interest		(95,534)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	679,754

The annual lease requirements to maturity are as follows:

NOTE 3: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Enterprise Fund

La Feria Economic Development Corporation, Inc., (EDC)

Note payable to *Government Capital Corporation* dated August 10, 2021, original principal amount of \$1,518,750 at an interest rate of 3.576% payable in seven annual installments of \$92,913 (including interest) with the first payment due on August 10, 2022 and a final payment due at maturity on August 10, 2046. The note is payable from EDC revenues and was issued to finance the costs of improvements to certain streets and roads, water and sewer utilities, drainage, site improvements and related improvements within the City. The balance at September 30, 2021 was \$1,518,750.

Discretely Presented Component Units

La Feria Industrial Development Corporation, Inc., (IDC)

At year-end, the IDC had one long-term debt outstanding. The long-term debt was incurred for the purchase of land for industrial development. The following table shows the loan description, original value, acquisition date, and year-end principal balance.

					Current	Long-
	Original			Balance at September 30,	Term	Term
	Loan	Rate	Loan Date	2021	Portion	Portion
Government Capital	2,500,000	3.58%	Aug-21	2,531,250	62,617	2,468,633
				\$ 2,531,250	\$ 62,617	\$ 2,468,633

3. Certificates of Obligation Bonds

Certificates of obligation bonds have only been issued for governmental activities.

- Proceeds from the Series 2011 were used for street improvements, the expansion to city hall, public works equipment, the fire department expansion, and the development of two dome/shelter facilities.
- Proceeds from the Series 2012A were used for the expansion of the library.
- Proceeds from the Series 2015 were used for a variety of capital projects throughout the City.

Certificates of obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith credit of the City. These bonds are generally issued as 7-year serial bonds with non-equal amounts of principal maturing each year.

On December 6, 2011, the City issued Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2011 at a fixed rate of 3.9% in the amount of \$5,005,000 to finance the City's match of the funding needed for capital projects and further capital street improvements throughout the City. The City of La Feria Waterworks and Sewer System (the "System") was allocated \$670,000 of this amount to complete capital projects and meet certain local match grant requirements. The System agreed to pay its portion of debt services to the City as required annually until the bonds mature in 2032.

NOTE 3: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

On December 22, 2011, the City of La Feria issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 at a fixed rate of 3.4% in the amount of \$7,970,000 and a maturity date of May 15, 2028. The proceeds were used to refund the total outstanding principal balances of three prior bond series listed below which had interest rates ranging from 3.85% to 5.85%:

- The City of La Feria, Texas Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2000, (principal balance totaling \$255,000),
- City of La Feria, Texas Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2004, (principal balance totaling \$4,450,000) and
- City of La Feria, Texas Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificate of Obligation, Series 2008, (principal balance totaling \$3,060,000).

Accrued interest payments of \$115,110 and issuance costs of \$89,890 were also paid with part of the refunding bond proceeds. The refunding bonds were issued to restructure the City's debt service and associated tax rates in the coming years, and resulted in an economic net present value savings of \$399,256 (3.57%) and a gross savings of \$403,118. At September 30, 2021, the balance of the defeased debt still outstanding was \$4,560,000.

An inter-local agreement was signed by the City of La Feria, Texas (the "City") and the City of La Feria Waterworks and Sewer System (the "System") whereby the City agreed to refund the City of La Feria, Texas Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2004. In order to take advantage of lower interest rates the City refunded the bonds in the City's name and ultimately removed the long-term debt from the books of the System. However, the System is still responsible for their portion of the debt service payments related to the 2004 refunded bonds. The inter-local agreement provides for the System to make annual payments to the City for its portion of debt service related to these refunded bonds until 2027.

The City commission passed Resolution 2011-46 on November 1, authorizing the interlocal cooperative agreement between the City and the System for the two certificate issues mentioned above.

On February 24, 2015, the City issued Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2015 at a fixed rate of 3.210% in the amount of \$6,330,000 to finance the City's various ongoing capital projects. The bonds have principal and interest payments due every year on August 15 and February 15, with full maturity on February 15, 2035.

On October 1, 2015, the City issued Texas Tax Notes, Series 2015 at a fixed rate of 2.51% in the amount of \$315,000 to finance the City's purchase of a vactor truck, which was purchased on behalf of the Water and Sewer System and transferred to the assets of the Water and Sewer System. The notes have interest payments due every year on August 15 and February 15, and principal payments due every year on August 15, 2022.

On April 1, 2016, the City issued Texas Tax Notes, Series 2016 at a fixed rate of 2.53% in the amount of \$303,000 to finance the City's purchase of a garbage truck. The notes have interest payments due every year on February 15 and August 15, and principal payments due every year on February 15, with full maturity on February 15, 2023.

NOTE 3: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The following schedule reflects the remaining requirements for the System's portion of the GO Refunding, Series 2011 and CO Series 2011:

		Due to Primary Government - GO Refunding Series 2011			Due to Primary Government - CO Series 2011									
Year Ending		UO NEI	un	ung sene	:5 2	.011			.0.	berres 201			•	Total
September 30,	Pr	incipal	- B	nterest		Total	Ρ	rincipal	- 1	nterest		Total	Re	quirements
2022	\$	325,000	\$	52,700	\$	377,700	\$	40,000	\$	20,475	\$	60,475	\$	438,175
2023		340,000		41,650		381,650		40,000		18,915		58,915		440,565
2024		345,000		30,090		375,090		40,000		17,355		57,355		432,445
2025		150,000		18,360		168,360		45,000		15,795		60,795		229,155
2026		195,000		13,260		208,260		45,000		14,040		59,040		267,300
2027-2031		146,973		6,630		153,603		260,000		41,730		301,730		455,333
2032-2036		-		-		-		55,000		2,145		57,145		57,145
Total	\$1,	,501,973	\$	162,690	\$	1,664,663	\$	525,000	\$	130,455	\$	655,455	\$	2,320,118

Certificates of obligation bonds currently outstanding as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Certificates of obligation bonds		
Governmental activities	3.210 - 4.00%	\$ 12,571,570

4. Revenue Bonds issued by Component Units

The City also issues bonds where the City allows the Waterworks and Sewer System (System), to pledge income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. The revenue bonds are collateralized by the revenue of the water and sewer system and the various special funds established by the bond ordinances. The ordinances provide that the revenue of the System is to be used first to pay operating and maintenance expenses of the system and second to establish and maintain the revenue bond funds. Any remaining revenues may then be used for any lawful purpose. The ordinances also contain certain provisions which require the City to maintain pledged revenues, as defined in the ordinances, for each year of at least equal to the annual debt service requirements.

The System, for the purpose of financing partially the improvements and extensions to the combined waterworks and sanitary sewer system, has revenue bonds, 2004-A, and 2009 at a 4.4% average interest rate with a maturity date of September 15, 2032. The bonds are secured by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the System.

The principal balance outstanding on these bonds at September 30, 2021 was \$1,875,000. City of La Feria, Texas Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 in the amount of \$4,450,000 were retired with proceeds from the City of La Feria, Texas GO Refunding Series 2011.

NOTE 3: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Revenue bonds currently outstanding consist of the following:

			Current
		Term	
Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount	Portion
Water/sewer infrastructure			
Waterworks & Sewer System	0.00% - 5.26%	\$ 1,875,000	\$ 225,000

5. Changes in Long-Term Debt

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the following changes occurred:

Changes in long-term debt							
		Beginning			Ending		
		Balance			Balance	, I	Due Within
		10/1/2020	Increase	Decrease	9/30/2021		One Year
Governmental Activities							
Certificate of Obligation Bonds							
Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue							
Certificates of Obligation - Series 2011	\$	4,155,000	\$-	\$ 315,000	\$ 3,840,000	\$	330,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2011		3,595,000	-	510,000	3,085,000		520,000
Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue							
Certificates of Obligation - Series 2012A		320,000	-	10,000	310,000		10,000
Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue							
Certificates of Obligation - Series 2015		5,385,000	-	180,000	5,205,000		190,000
Tax Notes Series 2015		90,000		45,000	45,000		45,000
Tax Notes Series 2016		129,855	.#	43,285	86,570		43,285
		13,674,855	-	1,103,285	12,571,570		1,138,285
Notes payable		235,128	-	235,128	-		-
Net pension liability		1,287,662	-	204,830	1,082,832		-
Total OPEB liability		129,158	29,603	-	158,761		-
Capital lease		226,513	474,123	20,882	679,754		81,735
Compensated absences		77,198	88,008	100,046	65,160		65,160
Total governmental activities		15,630,514	591,734	1,664,171	14,558,077		1,285,180
Business-type Activities							
Notes payable		-	1,518,750	-	1,518,750		38,598
Net pension liability		78,428	-	12,034	66,394		-
Total OPEB liability		7,867	1,867	-	9,734		-
Compensated absences		3,724	6,562	5,992	4,294		4,294
Total business type activities		90,019	1,527,179	18,026	1,599,172		42,892
Discretely Presented Component Units Activities							
Net pension liability		575,206		169,533	405,673		
Total OPEB liability		57,696	1,782	105,555	59,478		
Compensated absences		16,317	13,455	21,433	8,339		8,339
Due to primary government		2,381,973		355,000	2,026,973		365,000
Total component unit activities		5,208,317	2,546,487	848,091	6,906,713		660,957
Total	Ś	20,928,850	\$ 4,665,400	\$ 2,530,288	\$ 23,063,962	Ś	1,989,029
10101	ڊ	20,320,030	÷+,005,400	÷ 2,550,288	÷ 23,003,902	Ŷ	1,505,02

The City's other noncurrent liabilities are liquidated in the fund where the liability was incurred. Thus, the general fund satisfies most liabilities for governmental activities. In regard to business-type activities, other noncurrent liabilities are liquidated through the waste disposal fund or the economic development corporation.

NOTE 3: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

		Gove	ernr	nental Activ	itie	S								
	_	Prir	mar	y Governme	nt		Component Units Activities							
		General		General										
		Obligation	C	Obligation			F	levenue	F	Revenue				
Year Ending		Bonds		Bonds				Bonds		Bonds				Total
September 30,		Principal		Interest		Total	P	Principal	1	nterest		Total	Re	equirements
2022	\$	1,138,285	\$	426,208	\$	1,564,493	\$	225,000	\$	68,978	\$	293,978	\$	1,858,471
2023		1,118,285		387,679		1,505,964		230,000		60,212		290,212		1,796,176
2024		1,111,000		349,101		1,460,101		245,000		51,091		296,091		1,756,192
2025		946,000		309,895		1,255,895		255,000		41,144		296,144		1,552,039
2026		1,012,000		276,288		1,288,288		230,000		30,581		260,581		1,548,869
2027-2031		4,279,000		888,539		5,167,539		635,000		31,726		666,726		5,834,265
2032-2036		2,853,000		238,415		3,091,415		55,000				55,000		3,146,415
2037-2041		94,000		12,005		106,005		-		-		-		106,005
2042-2046		20,000		350		20,350		-		-		-		20,350
Total	\$	12,571,570	\$	2,888,482	\$	15,460,052	\$ 1	L,875,000	\$	283,733	\$ 2	2,158,733	\$	17,618,783

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonded indebtedness are as follows:

NOTE 4: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various uncertainties for losses related to intentional and unintentional torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of real and personal property; errors-and-omissions; catastrophes, medical and dental claims by employees; employee illnesses and injuries and pollution claims for which the City carries commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. No negotiated settlements or jury awards have exceeded policy limits in any of the past three years. The City is a member of an intergovernmental risk pool.

The risk pool is an inter-local non-assessable agency with present unreserved resources in excess of \$392,000,000 (as of September 30, 2021, the most recently audited financial statements completed for the risk pool). Reinsurance is provided by several A and A++ rated companies in amounts ranging from \$10,000,000 to \$100,000,000 depending on type of insurance coverage.

City management is not aware of any pending or alleged claims that could exceed the policy limits of the present insurance coverage.

NOTE 5: DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with the acquisition of the City's fund balance that is applicable to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At the end of the current fiscal year, deferred inflows of resources reported in the fund financial statements were as follows:

Governmental Funds	
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$ 145,286
Grants and other	124,585
Total deferred inflows of resources for governmental funds	\$ 269,871

NOTE 5: DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Continued)

Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability are recognized in governmental activities and business-type activities in the amounts of \$280,879 and \$17,222, respectively. Component unit deferred inflows related to net pension liability are \$105,229. Deferred outflows related to pensions are \$185,297, \$11,362 and \$69,420 in the governmental activities, business-type activities, and component unit, respectively. Additionally, deferred outflows related to OPEB are \$35,970, \$2,206, and \$13,476 in the governmental activities, business-type activities, and component unit respectively. Deferred inflows related to OPEB are \$9,913, \$608, and \$3,714 in the governmental activities, business-type activities, and component unit respectively.

NOTE 6: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

1. Litigation

At September 30, 2021, the City was involved in various litigation matters, none of which can be reasonably determined as to the likelihood of outcome or financial impact on the City.

2. Grant Programs

The City participates in a number of grant programs funded by federal agencies. These programs are subject to compliance audits by the grantor agencies or their representatives. Audits of all these programs including the year ended September 30, 2021 have not been conducted. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenses which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City of La Feria participates as one of 895 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with TMRS act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

At retirement, the benefits are calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financing monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	33
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	57
Active employees	60
Total members	150

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of La Feria, Texas were required to contribute 7.00% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 15.99% and 15.71% in calendar 2020 and 2021, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2021 were \$352,562 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and he General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Global Equity	30.0%	5.30%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	4.14%
Real Return	10.0%	3.85%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.48%
Private Equity	10.0%	7.75%
Total	<u>100.0</u> %	

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability

The change in the City's net pension liability for TMRS pension for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 is as follows:

				City			Component Unit							
		h	ncre	ase (decrease)			ıl.	ncr	ease (decrease)					
					Net Pension	Т	otal Pension		Plan Fiduciary	Ne	et Pension			
	То	tal Pension	P	lan Fiduciary	Liability		Liability		Net Position		Liability			
	L	iability (a)	Ne	et Position (b)	(a) - (b)		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)			
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	5,602,671	\$	4,236,581	\$ 1,366,090	\$	2,535,024	\$	1,959,818	\$	575,206			
Changes for the year														
Service cost		237,647		÷.	237,647		83,889		=		83,889			
Interest		403,757		-	403,757		142,525		=2		142,525			
Change in benefit terms		-		-	-		-				-			
Difference between expected/														
actual experience		(144,442)		-	(144,442)		(143,965)		-		(143,965)			
Changes of assumptions		-		-	-		-		-		-			
Contributions - employer		=		256,581	(256,581)		=		90,572		(90,572)			
Contributions - employee		=		112,325	(112,325)		=		39,650		(39,650)			
Net investment income				347,259	(347,259)		-		122,582		(122,582)			
Benefit payments, including refunds														
of employee contributions		(303,622)		(303,622)	-		(107,177)		(107,177)		-			
Administrative expenses		-		(2,249)	2,249				(794)		794			
Other charges		-		(90)	90		-		(28)		28			
Net changes		193,341		410,205	(216,865)		(24,729)		144,804		(169,532)			
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	5,796,012	\$	4,646,786	\$ 1,149,226	\$	2,510,295	\$	2,104,622	\$	405,673			

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would have been if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate.

	1%	Decrease in		1% Increase in			
	Dis	scount Rate	D	iscount Rate	D	iscount Rate	
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
City's net pension liability	\$	2,289,483	\$	1,149,226	\$	736,080	
Component unit's net pension liability		808,181		405,673		259,834	
Total net pension liability	\$	3,097,664	\$	1,554,899	\$	995,914	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City and component unit recognized a combined pension expense in the amount of \$124,937. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary Go	overni	ment		Compon	ent Un	it
	C	Deferred	ļ	Deferred	D	eferred	D	eferred
	Ou	itflows of	h	nflows of	Ou	tflows of	In	flows of
~	R	esources	R	lesources	Re	esources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience (net of current year								
amortization)	\$	-	\$	167,828	\$	-	\$	59,243
Changes in actuarial assumptions		8,389		-		2,961		-
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings (net of current year amortization)		-		130,273		-		45,986
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		188,270		-		66,459		-
Total	\$	196,659	\$	298,101	\$	69,420	\$	105,229

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The \$188,270 and \$66,459 in the City and Component Unit, respectively, which is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Component
	City	Unit
Year ending September 30,		
2022	\$ (121,329)	\$ (42,829)
2023	(62,468)	(22,051)
2024	(98,291)	(34,697)
2025	(7,624)	(2,691)
2026	=	=
Thereafter	-	-
Total	\$ (289,712)	\$ (102,268)

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. TMRS Supplemental Death Benefit

The City also participates in a single-employer, defined benefit group-term life insurance known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF) administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). This is a voluntary program in which the City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	24
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	9
Active employees	60
Total members	93

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Contributions

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

Employees for the City of La Feria were required to contribute 0.06% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of La Feria were 0.34% and 0.24% in calendar year 2020 and 2021, respectively. The City's contributions to the SDBF for the year ended September 30, 2021 were \$6,981, and were equal to the required contributions.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date:	12/31/2020
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.50%, including inflation
Discount rate*	2.00%
Administrative expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension
	Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under
	GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality rates- service retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates
	are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality rates- disabled retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4
	year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for
	females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate
	will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger
	members who become disabled for males and females,
	respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational
	basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality
	improvements subject to the floor.

*The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The City's Total OPEB Liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The following presents a summary of the changes in Total OPEB liability:

		City		Component Unit	
	Increase (decrease)			ncrease (decrease)	Total
	10	Total OPEB		Total OPEB	Total OPEB
		Liability		Liability	Liability
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	137,025	\$	57,696	\$ 194,721
Changes for the year					
Service cost		6,900		2,436	9,336
Interest		4,033		1,423	5,456
Change in benefit terms		-		-	-
Difference between expected/					
actual experience		(6,332)		(2,235)	(8,567)
Changes of assumptions		28,047		575	28,622
Contributions - employer		-		-	-
Contributions - employee		~		-	-
Net investment income		-		-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds				-	-
of employee contributions		(1,179)		(416)	(1,595)
Administrative expenses		-		-	-
Other charges		-		-	-
Net changes		31,470		1,782	33,252
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	168,495	\$	59,478	\$ 227,973

Total OPEB liability amounts are allocated between the City and its component unit in the statement of net position by \$168,495 and \$59,839, respectively.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.00%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would have been if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.00%) than the current rate.

	1%	Decrease in			19	% Increase in
	Di	scount Rate	Dis	count Rate	D	iscount Rate
		1.00%		2.00%		3.00%
City's total OPEB liability	\$	172,300	\$	168,495	\$	121,648
Component unit's total OPE		60,822		59,478		42,942
Total OPEB liability	\$	233,122	\$	227,973	\$	164,590

NOTE 8: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

For the year ended September 30, 2021 the City recognized combined OPEB expense in the amount of \$23,980. At September 30, 2021 the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Primary Go	overnm		Component Un				
	D	eferred	D	eferred	D	eferred	Deferred		
	Ou	tflows of	In	flows of	Ou	tflows of	In	flows of	
	Re	esources	Re	esources	Re	esources	Re	esources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience (net of current year									
amortization)	\$	-	\$	6,973	\$	-	\$	2,461	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		34,101		3,548		12,038		1,253	
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings (net of current year amortization)		-		-		-		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,075		-		1,438		-	
Total	\$	38,176	\$	10,521	\$	13,476	\$	3,714	

Deferred outflows of resources related to the total OPEB liability related to the supplemental death benefit are allocated between the City and component unit in the statement of net position.

The \$4,075 and \$1,438 which are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Con	nponent	
	City		Unit	
Year ending September 30,				
2022	\$ 6,791	\$	2,397	
2023	5,994		2,116	
2024	5,995		2,116	
2025	3,999		1,411	
2026	801		285	
Thereafter	-			
Total	\$ 23,581	\$	8,324	

NOTE 9: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

In prior years, the Internal Revenue Code specified that the plan's assets were the property of the City of La Feria until paid or made available to participants, subject only on an equal basis to the claims of the City's general creditors. A 1996 federal law requires all assets and income of Internal Revenue Code 457 deferred compensation plans to be held in trust, custodial accounts, or annuity contracts for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

Private corporations under contract with the City administer assets of the City's plan. The private administrators have amended the plans to comply with the new federal law. Consequently, the plan's assets and liabilities are not reported in the City's financial statements.

NOTE 10: TAX INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE (TIRZ)

In 2007, the City of La Feria established a tax increment reinvestment zone (TIRZ) consisting of 759.66 acres through an inter-local agreement with Cameron County. A portion of the real property ad valorem taxes levied by both participating taxing entities will be set aside for capital improvement projects beginning with taxes levied after January 1st, 2008. The amount set aside for the TIRZ is based upon the incremental increase in the appraised value each January 1st compared to the base year appraised value of property in the zone as of January 1, 2007. The City will contribute 100% of property tax revenue portion generated from the TIRZ; Cameron County agreed to contribute 50% of the property tax revenue generated from the TIRZ through August 31, 2036. On December 27, 2013, The TIRZ contributed \$290,000 to a local developer for public improvements for a new 70-unit single family subdivision. As of September 30, 2021, the TIRZ fund balance was at \$251,673.

NOTE 11: RELATED ORGANIZATION TRANSACTIONS

As described in Note 1, the City has two discretely presented component units all of which have fiscal years ended September 30, 2021. During the year and at year end, the City and the components had the following transactions.

Due from Component Units - During the year, the City maintained receivables totaling \$2,092,646 and \$318 from the Waterworks and Sewer System and La Feria IDC for unreimbursed advances. A portion of the current receivable from the Waterworks and Sewer System of \$325,000 was due to the City for the System's current portion of debt service requirements on the 2011 Bond Series, as disclosed in Note 4. Total amounts due to the City from component units is \$2,092,964.

Payments from Component Units - Included in other Intergovernmental revenues are payments of \$85,445 and \$60,094 from the Waterworks and Sewer System and La Feria IDC, respectively, for administrative fees to the City and for their share of debt service related to General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 and City of La Feria Certificates of Obligation, Series 2011.

NOTE 12: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

At September 30, 2021, the City has a deficit in the general fund. The deficit at September 30, 2020 was (2,767,522), and this decreased at September 30, 2021 to (1,773,266). The reduction of the general fund deficit has been slowed down primarily as a result of a reduction in significant investments in drainage infrastructure in and around the City, as well as other capital projects which were also funded by grants. However, the reimbursement of the expenditures for those improvements have been substantially delayed. A substantial portion of the deferred reimbursements from grants are currently being contested by the City with the GLO and are reflected in the General Fund as a receivable with an allowance for the full amount of these pending reimbursements which means the amounts are not considered available for spending, and therefore are not reflected in the fund balance. In addition, some of the aforementioned projects were not fully funded by the grants, which contributed to further use of general fund resources and the depletion of available resources.

As a result of the circumstances previously described, in prior years, cash from the Certificates of Obligation Series 2015 was used to fund ongoing operations of the general fund and to cover cash flow shortages caused by delays in grant reimbursements. The City has an obligation to replenish those funds, which had a balance of \$2,788,414 at September 30, 2021. Until repayment occurs, the City will not be able to adequately fund the projects in those restricted funds, which had been previously planned for with those restricted funds. However, in the current year, the City obtained funding by issuing note payables through its EDC and IDC to complete some of the projects meant to be funded through the issuance of the 2015 Certificates of Obligation. The City began the planning stage of these projects in the current year and work is expected to continue through the next fiscal year.

In order to meet the General Fund's obligations, the City is currently pursuing actions to collect the outstanding grant funds, which includes coordinating finalization of many of the grant funded projects. In addition, the City plans to budget for a more conservative spending pattern and is exploring other means of raising additional revenues.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these commitments and contingencies.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



City of La Feria, Texas General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

		Budgete	ed Am	ounts		Actual		ariance with inal Budget - Positive/
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES		Oliginal		Tindi		Amounts		(Negative)
Taxes:								
Property	\$	734,609	\$	734,609	\$	638,368	\$	(96,241)
Sales	Ŧ	798,226	Ť	798,226	Ŧ	923,682	Ŧ	125,456
Mix Beverage		3,500		3,500		3,685		185
Franchise		403,500		403,500		375,549		(27,951)
Licenses and permits		66,600		66,600		66,865		265
Intergovernmental		1,483,858		1,483,858		1,240,546		(243,312)
Fees and charges		576,700		576,700		598,511		21,811
Fines		250,000		250,000		247,674		(2,326)
Interest income		6,500		6,500		4,636		(1,864)
Contributions and donations		25,050		25,050		21,563		(3,487)
Other		277,043		277,043		261,199		(15,844)
Total revenues		4,625,586		4,625,586		4,382,278		(243,308)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		1,370,747		1,370,747		1,735,858		(365,111)
Public safety		1,860,361		1,860,361		1,365,477		494,884
Highways and streets		225,487		225,487		249,827		(24,340)
Health and welfare		17,790		17,790		19,701		(1,911)
Culture and recreation		523,182		523,182		392,982		130,200
Debt service:								
Principal		98,750		98,750		98,922		(172)
Interest		15,513		15,513		18,382		(2,869)
Capital outlay		1,260,500		1,260,500		596,123		664,377
Total expenditures		5,372,330		5,372,330		4,477,272		895,058
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(746,744)		(746,744)		(94,994)		651,750
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		717,500		717,500		617,500		(100,000)
Transfers (out)		(30,000)		(30,000)		(2,373)		27,627
Capital Lease - Other financing sources		275,139		275,139		474,123		198,984
Total other financing sources and uses		962,639		962,639		1,089,250		126,611
Net change in fund balance		215,895		215,895		994,256		778,361
Fund balance - beginning		(2,767,522)		(2,767,522)		(2,767,522)		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	(2,551,627)	\$	(2,551,627)	\$	(1,773,266)	\$	778,361

City of La Feria, Texas Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds and lapse at fiscal year end.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. City Management establishes the amount of estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation for the succeeding budget year.
- b. City Management submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- c. Public hearings are conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- d. Prior to October 1, the budget is adopted by the City Commission.
- e. Revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Commission. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which the governing body must approve any over expenditure of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts) is the fund level with the City manager being authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between functional categories within a fund without prior City Commission approval. The final annual amended appropriated budgets are used in this report.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund.
- g. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds were adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.
- h. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. In the current year the City's expenditures did not exceeded budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

City of La Feria, Texas Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For Agent Multiple Employer Pension Plan – Texas Municipal Retirement System

		2021		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability		90.0000 Max					1.00000000	00.000	
Service cost	\$	321,536	\$	315,533	\$ 224,723	\$ 219,389	\$ 219,149	\$ 236,999	\$ 208,767
Interest (on the total pension liability)		546,282		517,731	455,299	441,558	424,054	410,898	380,234
Changes of benefit terms		-		591,316	··· (=7	14	~		~ ~
Difference between expected and actual experience		(288,407)		(45,293)	(31,086)	(50,318)	10,628	(46,049)	(16,944)
Changes of assumptions				26,584			-	61,615	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(410,799)		(378,373)	(343,090)	(476,350)	(312,921)	(171,531)	(124,740)
Net change in total pension liability		168,612		1,027,498	305,846	134,279	340,910	491,932	447,317
Total pension liability - beginning		8,137,697		7,110,199	6,804,353	6,670,074	6,329,164	5,837,232	5,389,914
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	8,306,309	\$	8,137,697	\$ 7,110,199	\$ 6,804,353	\$ 6,670,074	\$ 6,329,164	\$ 5,837,231
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - employer	Ś	347,153	Ś	233,845	\$ 202,008	\$ 183,954	\$ 190,998	\$ 209,142	\$ 200,979
Contributions - employee	1.00	151,975	0	148,137	131,417	131,935	136,846	150,000	141,391
Net investment income		469,841		828,948	(165,962)	694,800	316,601	6,638	231,877
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(410,799)		(378,373)	(343,090)	(476,350)	(312,921)	(171,531)	(124,740)
Administrative expense		(3,043)		(4,690)	(3,212)	(3,604)	(3,579)	(4,044)	(2,420)
Other		(119)		(140)	(168)	(183)	(193)	(200)	(199)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		555,008		827,727	(179,007)	530,552	327,752	190,005	446,888
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,196,402		5,368,674	5,547,681	5,017,127	4,689,375	4,499,370	4,052,482
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	6,751,410	\$	6,196,401	\$ 5,368,674	\$ 5,547,679	\$ 5,017,127	\$ 4,689,375	\$ 4,499,370
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,554,899	\$	1,941,296	\$ 1,741,525	\$ 1,256,674	\$ 1,652,947	\$ 1,639,790	\$ 1,337,862
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		81.28%		76.14%	75.51%	81.53%	75.22%	74.09%	77.08%
City's covered payroll	\$	2,171,074	\$	2,116,249	\$ 1,877,389	\$ 1,884,782	\$ 1,954,942	\$ 2,142,851	\$ 2,019,877
Net pension liability as a percentage of city's covered payroll		71.62%		91.73%	92.76%	66.67%	84.55%	76.52%	66.23%

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information of those years for which information is available.

City of La Feria, Texas Schedule of Contributions For Agent Multiple Employer Pension Plan – Texas Municipal Retirement System

	2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	 2016	 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 352,562	\$ 309,638	\$ 228,478	\$	192,956	\$ 183,998	\$ 202,962	\$ 206,371
Contributions in relation to actuarially determined contribution	(352,562)	(309,638)	(228,478)	(192,956)	(183,998)	 (202,962)	 (206,371)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$ -	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ <u> </u>
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,233,285	\$ 2,105,089	\$ 2,081,078	\$ 1,;	839,977	\$ 1,884,782	\$ 2,078,015	\$ 2,103,613
Contributions as a percentage of city covered payroll	15.79%	14.71%	10.98%		10.49%	9.76%	9.77%	9.81%

City of La Feria, Texas Notes to Schedule of Contributions For Agent Multiple Employer Pension Plan – Texas Municipal Retirement System

Valuation Date:	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as
	of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months
	later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	14 Years
Asset Valuation Method	10 Year Smoothed Market; 12% Soft Corridor
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.5% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	Experience – based table based on rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014 – 2018.
Mortality	Post retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Other Information:	There were no benefit changes during the year.

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information of those years for which information is available.

City of La Feria, Texas Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Texas Municipal Retirement System

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 9,336 \$	6,984	\$ 6,946	\$ 6,031
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)	5,456	5,863	5,270	5,174
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(8,567)	(3,030)	(1,335)	-
Change of assumptions	28,983	31,199	(10,560)	11,882
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,955)	(1,692)	(1,314)	(1,131)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	33,253	39,324	(993)	21,956
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	194,720	155,397	156,390	134,434
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 227,973 \$	194,721	\$ 155,397	\$ 156,390
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,171,074 \$	2,116,249	\$ 1,877,389	\$ 1,884,782
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	10.50%	9.20%	8.28%	8.30%

Notes to schedule:

- (1) The schedule above reflects the changes in the total OPEB liability for the current year. GASB 75 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. Additional years will be presented as the information becomes available.
- (2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



City of La Feria, Texas Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statements

Special revenue fund: The Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ) Fund was established to account for a portion of property taxes levied by the City and Cameron County to facilitate the provision of capital improvements.

Special revenue fund: The Texas Capital Fund was established to account for the City's economic development grant received from the State.

Special revenue fund: The Home Grant Fund was established to account for the Federal grants awarded to provide assistance to first-time low-income homebuyers.

Special revenue fund: The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund was established to account for Federal grant awards which provide communities with flexible programs with resources to address a wide range of unique community development needs. The current CDBG grants complement capital improvements to the water and sewer system.

Special revenue fund: The Promotion of La Feria Fund was established to account for the hotel/motel tax revenue and the activities specifically related to the promotion of the City of La Feria.

Special revenue fund: The forfeiture fund was established to account for monies received by the La Feria Police Department. These funds are used to finance the police investigations and equipment.

City of La Feria, Texas Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet

Septemb	er 30,	2021
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				Special Re	evenu	e Funds
		Tax				
	1	ncrement		Texas		
	Re	investment		Capital	I	Forfeiture
	Z	one Fund		Fund		Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	92,395	\$	29,685	\$	3,281
Receivables						
Other		48,501		83,575		-
Due from other funds		159,278		-		=
Total assets		300,174		113,260		3,281
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		-		35,992		-
Due to other funds		-		78,768		-
Total liabilities		-		114,760		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - other		48,501		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		48,501				-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)						
Restricted fund balances:						
Tax increment reinvestment zone		251,673		-		-
Assigned		-		-		3,281
Unassigned		=		(1,500)		-
Total fund balances (deficit)		251,673		(1,500)		3,281
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balance	\$	300,174	\$	113,260	\$	3,281
	Ŷ	000,174	7	110,200	Ŷ	3,231

		Spe	cial Revenue	Funds	- Continued		
Com	Community						Total
	opment	Pr	omotion			N	lonmajor
Bloc	k Grant	of	La Feria			Go۱	/ernmental
F	und		Fund		Total		Funds
\$	100	\$	34,044	\$	159,505	\$	159,505
	-		-		132,076		132,076
	-		6,332		165,610		165,610
	100		40,376		457,191		457,191
	-		-		35,992		35,992
	100		-		78,868		78,868
	100		-		114,860		114,860
	-		-		48,501		48,501
à	-		=3		48,501		48,501
	-		-2		251,673		251,673
			40,376		43,657		43,657
	-		-		(1,500)		(1,500)
	:=)		40,376		293,830		293,830
\$	100	\$	40,376	\$	457,191	\$	457,191

City of La Feria, Texas Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

For the year ended September 30, 2021

					Snecial	Revenue Fi	inds	
		Тах			Specia	Revenuer	inds	
	In	crement		Texas				Home
		nvestment		Capital	Fo	rfeiture		Grant
		one Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund
Revenues	20	Jile Fullu		Tunu		runu		Tunu
Property taxes	\$	58,352	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Hotel / motel tax	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	_	Ŷ	_
Fees and charges		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		908		-
Total revenues		58,352				908		.=.
		,						
Expenditures								
Current								
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		-		-		5-0		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		58,352		-		908		-
		/						
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in				-		2,373		=
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		2,373		-
Net change in fund balances		58,352		-		3,281		-
Fund balance, beginning		193,321		(1,500)		-		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	251,673	\$	(1,500)	\$	3,281	\$	

		Special	Revenue Fu	ınds -	Continued		
Com	Community						Total
Deve	lopment	Pro	omotion			N	onmajor
	k Grant		La Feria				ernmental
	und		Fund		Total		Funds
	apres 2. por				021 125 1 AM		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	58,352	\$	58,352
	-		15,291		15,291		15,291
	-		3,050		3,050		3,050
	-		50		958		958
7	-		18,391		77,651		77,651
	-		2,315		2,315		2,315
·	-		2,315		2,315		2,315
	-		16,076		75,336		75,336
	-		_		2,373		2,373
	-		-		2,373		2,373
2					2,07.0		2,070
	_		16,076		77,709		77,709
			10,070		11,105		11,105
	-		24,300		216,121		216,121
\$	-	\$	40,376	\$	293,830	\$	293,830

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COMPLIANCE SECTION





Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 402 East Tyler Avenue Harlingen, TX 78550-9122

(956) 423-3765 (956) 428-7520 (fax) CRIcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of La Feria, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Feria, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of La Feria, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 24, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of La Feria, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of La Feria, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of La Feria, Texas' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of La Feria Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2021-001 and 2021-002.

City of La Feria, Texas's Response to Findings

City of La Feria Texas's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of La Feria Texas's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Harlingen, Texas August 24, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the City Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of La Feria, Texas

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of La Feria, Texas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City of La Feria, Texas' major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2021. City of La Feria, Texas' major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City of La Feria, Texas' major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of La Feria, Texas' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of La Feria, Texas' compliance.

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Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of La Feria, Texas, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of La Feria, Texas, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of La Feria, Texas' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of La Feria, Texas' internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Harlingen, Texas August 24, 2022

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City of La Feria, Texas Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the year ended September 30, 2021 (01) Federal Grantor/	(02) Federal	(A2) Pass-through	(03)	(04)
Pageral Grantor/ Pass/Through Grantor	Assistance Listing	Entity Identifying	Awarded	
Program Title	Number	Number	to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U. S. Department of Justice				
Passed through Texas Office of the Governor, Criminal Justice Division				
COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	4160901	\$-	\$ 12,699
Total U.S. Department of Justice			-	12,699
U. S. Department of Treasury				
Passed through Texas Division of Emergency Management				
COVID -19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019		-	80,845
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		-	455,221
Total Passed through Texas Division of Emergency Management				536,066
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			-	536,066
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed through the Texas Department of Public Safety & Cameron County				
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	3186706	~	21,242
Passed through the Texas Department of Public Safety & Cameron County				
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	97.083	EMW-2017-FH-00264	-	64,366
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			-	85,608
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Passed through the Texas Water Development Board				
CWSRF Cluster				
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458	G110014	8	1,028,735
Total CWSRF Cluster			Ξ.	1,028,735
Total passed through the Texas Water Development Board			-	1,028,735
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			-	1,028,735
Total Federal Awards Expended			\$ -	\$ 1,663,108

See accompanying notes on accounting policies of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

City of La Feria, Texas Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTE 1- BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of La Feria, Texas and its component units, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

The City does not utilize the de minimus 10% indirect cost rate. Indirect costs, where applicable, are negotiated with the agency providing the award.

There were no payments made to subrecipients by the City during the year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTE 2- PROGRAM COSTS/MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS

The amounts shown as current year expenditures represent only the federal grant portion of the program costs. Entire program costs, including the City's portion, may be more than shown.

NOTE 3- FORGIVABLE LOANS

At September 30, 2021, the City has an outstanding forgivable loan with the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) in the amount of \$8,381,340 under the Clean Water State Revolving Fund Program, ALN #66.458. \$7,495,153 of these proceeds has been expended to date. The City also has an outstanding forgivable loan payable with the TWDB in the amount of \$7,167,700 under the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Program, ALN #66.468. \$6,780,574 of these proceeds have been expended to date. Expenditures for the current period are reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

NOTE 4 – NONCASH AWARDS

The City did not receive any noncash awards during the year ended September 30, 2021.

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements		
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
* Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
* Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	<u>X</u> none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	<u>X</u> yes	no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
* Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
* Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	<u>X</u> none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Identification of major programs:		
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federa	l Program or Cluster
66.458	CWSRF Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	<u>X</u> no

Section II – Findings Relating to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

2021-001	Compliance with Bond Covenants
Criteria:	The City Water & Sewer System has issued various revenue bonds, which are also governed by various regulations of the Texas Water Development Board and have certain covenants which require the establishment of a bond debt service reserve fund.
Condition Found:	The utility system revenue bond reserve fund had been established and maintained with proper balances, until the funds were drawn out during the 2016 fiscal year in order to pay the debt service of the revenue bonds. The City has been depositing an amount every month based on agreed upon arrangement with the TWDB. However, as of September 30, 2021, the ending balance of the reserve fund is not adequate to comply with the bond covenants.
Context:	Due to continued shortfalls in cash and available resources at the City, the City was not able to fully replenish the reserve fund in 2021.
Cause:	The City's financial condition has not significantly improved and continues to face various challenges. The lack of available resources resulted in the Water and Sewer System being unable to fully fund the reserve.
Effect:	The Water and Sewer System is out of compliance with the requirements of the bond covenants.
Recommendation:	We recommend that the City continue to fund the reserve fund in accordance with the arrangement established with the TWDB, or else fully fund the reserve as soon as possible.
Views of Responsible Officials:	Management agrees with auditors' recommendation. As recommended, the City will strive to continue to fund the reserve fund in accordance with the arrangement established with the TWDB, or else fully fund the reserve as soon as possible.

Section II – Findings Relating to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

2021-002	Use of Restricted Funds, City Financial Condition
Criteria:	The City issued Certificates of Obligation, Series 2015 for the purpose of constructing various capital improvements in and around the City. The proceeds of the Certificates are restricted for the uses as defined in the City Ordinance 2015-03 and are to be used only for those purposes.
Condition Found:	In prior fiscal years, the General Fund, Component Units, and certain other funds of the City utilized the restricted resources obtained from the issuance of the 2015 Certificates of Obligation, with the intention of repaying it. As of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the amount has still not been replenished. The General Fund continues to have a significant deficit in the fund balance which is preventing the City from being able to significantly replenish the bond fund.
Context:	The City's General Fund financial condition worsened as a result from current year results, and the deficit is still very substantial. Much of the fund balance is tied up in deferred inflows for long term grant projects.
Cause:	A variety of factors, including deficit fund balances in the City General Fund, longer than normal time periods elapsing for the City to receive reimbursement on substantial expenditures for projects funded by grants, as well as cost overruns on those same projects, contributed to the declining financial condition of the City.
Effect:	Until the amounts are replenished or the projects for which the restricted funds were issued are otherwise funded, the City is out of compliance with the bond ordinance since funds were not used for the purposes for which they were originally issued.
Recommendation:	We recommend the City implement a formal written action plan designed to improve the City's financial condition and replenish the funding to the Bond Fund. Future year budgets need to be monitored closely and planned for with these circumstances in mind. The City may also consider consulting with legal counsel or bond counsel on ramifications of failing to comply with the restrictions of the bond ordinance.
Views of Responsible Officials:	Management agrees with auditors' recommendation. As recommended, the City will continue monitoring future budgets in hopes that expenses will not exceed revenues. Potential future savings are considered as possible repayment to the appropriate fund(s), in order to reduce the amount owed by the general fund.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted that were required to be reported



City of La Feria, Texas Corrective Action Plan

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Findings - Financial Statements

Schedule Reference Number: (2021-001) Compliance with Bond Covenants

Corrective Action Plan:

The City has an agreement with the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) to deposit \$8,650 every month into a holding account until the reserve is met. The City has and continues to deposit the required amounts and report to TWDB regularly in accordance with this agreement.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2023

Responsible Contact: Frank Rios, Finance Director

Schedule Reference Number: (2021-002) Use of Restricted Funds, City Financial Condition

Corrective Action Plan:

The City understands that certain projects related to the Series 2015 are still needed; therefore, it has begun the process of exploring all funding opportunities, in order to determine if a viable option is available and feasible. The Finance Department will continue monitoring future budgets in hopes that expenses will not exceed revenues. Potential future savings, at a minimum, are considered as possible repayment to the appropriate fund(s), in order to reduce the amount owed by the general fund.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2025

Responsible Contact: Frank Rios, Finance Director

City of La Feria, Texas Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

DESCRIPTION

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

Schedule Reference Number: (2020-001)

City Accounting

Corrective Action Plan:

Significant progress has been made in improving the City accounting process. A new accountant was hired and is assisting the Finance Department with grants, loans, and other duties assigned to by the Finance Director. This deficiency is no longer reported as current year finding.

Schedule Reference Number: (2020-002)

Compliance with Bond Covenants

Corrective Action Plan:

The City reached an agreement with the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) to deposit \$8,650 per month into a reserve fund until the reserve is fully replenished. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the City has complied with this arrangement and is making progress toward fully replenishing this reserve fund as required by the TWDB. However the amount required by the covenants is not yet met, so this is still considered a current year finding 2021-001.

Schedule Reference Number: (2020-003)

Use of Restricted Funds, City Financial Condition

Corrective Action Plan:

See current year finding 2021-002. The City has yet to make significant progress to replenishing the bond fund.

Discussion with City Personnel: The results of the audit were discussed at an exit briefing with the following grantee personnel:

Frank Rios, Finance Director Jaime S. Sandoval, City Manager

No exceptions were taken to the factual contents of the items contained in this report.